INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 7065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

ROY. ASIATIC SOC. LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BOARD OF THE

VOL. XXIV NO. 143 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 16 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Belgium In Throes Of General Strike

Armed Farmers Repulse Strange Agitators

STREET WARFARE IN ALGIERS

Sequel To French Popular Front Victory Celebrations

ALGIERS, June 15.

Disorders reached such a pitch at Sidibelabbes that detachments of the Foreign Legion, with the police and mobile guards had to make several charges in which 45 people were injured.

Street Warfare

The disturbances occurred on the occassion of the celebrations of the Popular Front victory at the French elcetions and there was continuous street fighting, between political adversaries during which 20 shops were sacked. Tear gas bombs were thrown into the Popular Front procession.

Farmers In Action

Armed farmers repulsed strange agitators, who invaded the estates at Sidimoussa and attempted to induce the agriculturists to strike.—Reuter.

SWEDISH GOVT. RESIGNS

Sequel To Defeat On Question Of Old Age Pensions

STOCKHOLM, June 15.

The Hansson Government has resigned following its defeat in the Riksdag on Saturday on the proposal to increase the oldage pensions in districts where the cost of living is particularly high.

The Government which was Socialist had been in power since 1932.—Reuter's Special.

SHEIKH OF BAHREIN IN LONDON

Pays Courtesy Call To Buckingham Palace

LONDON, June 15

The Sheikh of Bahrein, accompanied by his two sons, made courtesy calls to-day first to Buckingham Palace and then to the Duke of York's residence in the Duke of Yorks' residence in Piccadilly after which he went to India office, where he had a long interview with Lord Zetland and discussed various matters pertaining to Bahrein and India. The Sheikh was met at the steps of the India office by Lieut.-Col. Neale, Political Secretary to Lord Zetland.

By coincidence, Lord Brabourne was just leaving the India office when the Sheikh arrived. They conversed for some minutes .The Sheikh is fascinated by the London traffic.—Reuter's Special.

ASCOT NOT TO BE "ROYAL" THIS YEAR

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 15

Ascot will not be "Royal" this year as the King and members of the Royal Family will be absent owing to Court mourning Nevertheless it promises to be as popular and crowded as ever. There will be usual house parties by notabilities and although there will be no Royal party at Windsor, the King will entertain at Fort Belvedere. Ten thousand sterling was recently spent to provide new betting facilities, and the new unsaddling enclosure and to raise the level of the Royal enclosure.

Racing stakes exceed £70,000 and the smallest prize is over £1,000. For this most important race, there is a splendid international entry, including Omaha and the French candidates, Bokbul Samos and Chaudiers. It appears certain that Omaha owned by William Woodward of the American jockey club, will start with odds on favourite.

FULAY ACCUSES LOCAL GOVTs.

Misuse Of Legislation To Break Legitimate Labour Strikes

GENEVA, June 15.

Mr. Fulay, Indian Workers' Delegate, participating in the debate on the I. L. O. Directors' report hoped that a pan-Asiatic conference would soon be held on the same lines as the successful pan-American one. He declared that India was the only country in the world where acute crisis prevailed. Economy measures had caused more unemployment. He accused overzealous local authorities of taking advantage of legislation to break legitimate strikes.—Reuter.

SHOULD IT BECOME WORSE?

Mr. Fulay concluded:—

"I do not understand why the unemployment situation in India is considered different and less urgent. Perhaps Indian employers want the situation to be the same as that in Russia in 1917 with drastic action by workers as the last resort.—Reuter.

MITRA'S "SWAN SONG"

GENEVA, June 15.

Sir B. N. Mitra making his last appearance before the I. L. O. Conference denied that Government of India had neglected planning of public works and also denied that the situation was not improving. He said that too often Indian workers and employers came to the I. L. O. Conference as if it were a tribunal to whom they could state their grievances. He warned them that the Conference had no power to take action even if it were convinced that it should do so.

He concluded by saying "I have finished my "swan song".—Reuter's Special.

PALESTINE SITUATION

JERUSALEM, June 15.

Terrorism continues. Two Seaforth Highlanders were hit by snipers' bullets during the incidents near Tulkarm and Jenin. Neither was seriously injured. A bomb was thrown into the British police Barracks at Jaffa but it failed to explode.—Reuter.

Jugoslavia Eliminates Austria

VIENNA, June 15.

In Davis Cup, Jugoslavia eliminated Austria by 3 matches to one. Jugoslavia will now meet Germany in the European Zone final.—Reuter.

'Varsity Vice-Chancellor's Ban

'VARSITY GARDENS CLOSED!

Admission Only To Those Authorised

Evidently as a result of the demonstration the students at the University Senate yesterday the Vice-Chancellor has now issued a notice, which is published elsewhere in this issue of the "Chronicle," closing the University Gardens to all except to members of the 'Varsity authorities and authorised pressmen The notice will remain in force for to-day (Tuesday) and to-morrow (Wednesday).

TO-DAY'S DEMONSTRATION

Students' Protest Committee's Statement

The Students' Protest Committee has issued the following statement:—

The Committee congratulates the students on having shown disciplined organisation in presenting their demands to the Senate. The demonstration was eminently successful.

Recognising this the Committee has resolved that in pursuance of the resolution passed at the Students' meeting held inside the Senate Hall yesterday, a meeting of the students and their sympathisers will be held to-morrow inside the University Gardens. In case however, the meeting is prevented from being held in the University Gardens by the police it shall be hold opposite the Rajabai Tower so as to prevent any clash with the police.

As the demands have been already presented before the Senate, the Committee considers it desirable that on no account shall the students enter the Senate Hall.

The Committee appeals to the students and their sympathisers to muster in their thousands at the University Gardens.

FOR LEADING A PROCESSION

Congress Worker Asked To Quit Sub Division

PATNA, June 15.

For leading a procession of a large number of "Santhals," and taking the same to the Dak Bangalow wherein the Sub-Divisional Officer of Rajmahal has camped. Mr. Jagdish Prasad Singh, a Congress worker has been served with a notice under Section 144 asking him to leave the sub-division on or before the 16th of June for a period of two months.

In his notice the Sub-Divisional Officer has stated that this action might lead to some agrarian trouble and there was every likelihood of a breach of peace. In case he is reluctant to leave, Mr. Jagdish Prasad must show cause on or before the 16th instant.—United Press.

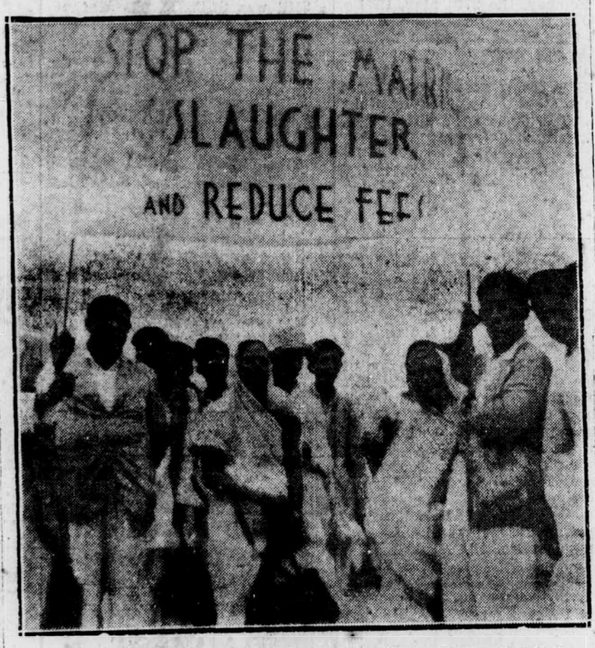
GANGSTER METHODS IN DELHI

Two Cases Of Kidnapping For Ransom

NEW DELHI, June 15.

The gangster method of kidnapping for ransom has been adopted here in two cases. An eleven years old boy was kidnapped a few days ago and, it is stated, ransom has been demanded from the parents. One of the victims is Najimuddin, son of Dr. A. D. Shroff, while the other is Babudin, son of Mr. Din Mohamad. No clue has yet been obtained of their whereabouts.

In the former case Dr. Shroff has informed the police that he suspects three Muslims, who, since the disappearance of his son, have been promising to give a clue if they were adequately compensated. The police are investigating.—A. P.



Mrs. Sharda Mehta, Dr. Jinabhai, Mrs. Urmila Mehta and others leading the Procession of the Matriculation Students on Monday

Trichy Against Office Acceptance

Prof. Ranga's Appeal To Socialists To Enlist More Members

TRICHINOPOLY, June 15.

A resolution favouring office acceptance was defeated by an overwhelming majority at the Trichy District Political Conference which opened yesterday.

Opening the Conference, Mr. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. declared that it was the sacred duty of all the Leftists in the Congress to quickly shed their chicken hearted feelings about past leadership and make a bold bid for ascendancy. He appealed to the Socialists to enlist more members and strengthen Pandit Jawaharlal's campaign. He also pleaded for the grant of functional representation.

AWAIT CONGRESS DECISION.

Mr. Avanasilingam Chetiar, M.L.A., presiding said that he gave up the hope that they would do some work in the Councils. It was his experience that they could not turn out any useful work in the Assembly. Regarding office acceptance, he opined that they should await the Congress decision Referring to socialism he said that though socialism was much desired, it was at present unsuitable to the country and propaganda in this connection was likely to cause dissensions. He suggested its postponement to avoid a split.

The resolution favouring office acceptance was defeated by 59 votes to 7. Mr. P. R. Thevar, M.L.C., Chairman of the Reception Committee, favoured neither the Council Programme nor Office Acceptance.—A. P.

Calcutta Labour Leader Marched To Police Lock-Up

Mr. Soumyendranath Tagore, a Labour leader of Calcutta, who has been in the city since the sessions of the T. U. C. last month, was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. at about 10 p.m. on Monday night.

During his stay in Bombay, Mr. Tagore was putting up with Mr. Hatheesingh at whose residence, it is understood, he was arrested on a warrant issued by the Calcutta C. P. M. under Sec. 124 A.

Mr. Soumyendranath Tagore was lodged in the Esplanade lock-up for the night and he will be taken to Calcutta to-day (Tuesday).

DEFENCE OF CIVIC RIGHTS

Bengal Move To Counter "Inspired Propaganda" About "Red" Bogey

CALCUTTA, June 15.

A meeting of the representatives of various political organisations was held here yesterday night, under the auspices of the Bengal Provincial Congress Socialist Party, considered what was characterised as "Inspired Propaganda" about the bogey of communistic upheaval in India through agents subsidised by Moscow, which has recently been raised on behalf of vested interests and decided to organise "Civic Rights Defence Week", commencing from June 22, next during which a mass rally of workers, youths and citizens of Calcutta will take place for mobilising public opinion throughout the province against threatened encroachment on elementary rights of Indian people.—United Press.

Chattari And Sir M. Yusuf Resign From League Parliamentary Board

NAINITAL, June 15.

It is reliably understood that both the Nawab of Chattari and Nawab Sir Muhammed Yousuf have resigned from the Muslim League Parliamentary Board.—A. P.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

LONDON, June 15

The Imperial Conference will meet in London next may immediately after the Coronation.

The Colonial Secretary will represent the colonies as on the previous occasion.—Reuter.

Miners' Lead Taken Up By Other Industries

"National Order" Committee Formed To Cope With Emergencies

BRUSSELS, June 15.

In consequence of widespread strike movement, in which coal-strikers have been joined by workers in other trades, the new National Government has formed a Committee of National Order to deal with the situation.

Miners Strike Becomes General

The Committee which is presided over by Premier Van Zeeland includes Ministers of Justice and Interior. The miners' strike has now become general.

Scores Of Thousands Idle

Engineering trade hitherto is only partly affected, but scores of thousands of workers in other trades are idle.

Strikers' Demands

The strikers' demands are generally 10 per cent wages increase and improved conditions.—Reuter's Special.

MINERS' STRIKE SPREADS

BRUSSELS, June 15.

The miners strike has been general in Liege, Herstal and Seraing Basins and also at Herve.—Reuter's Special.

CHIANG-KAI-SHEK'S PEACE MOVE

SHANGHAI, June 15.

Hopes of peaceful settlement of threatened Chinese civil war have brightened as result of Southern Forces evacuating Hunan and the Central Government troops ceasing advance into that province. Chiang-Kai-Shek is believed to be determined to maintain a firm attitude in dealing with the rebellious Kwangsi province but at same time he has stressed the Government's desire for peace. In any event Nanking's position is likely to be strengthened. Chiang has made financial concessions to Kwangtung and rapproachement between this province and Nanking is indicated whilst the power of the Kwangsi warlords has been sapped by the lack of support, both from the surrounding Southern Provinces and from Japan.

There is great uneasiness at Canton, however, owing to the Japanese Consul-General at Kawai vigorously protesting to the Chinese authorities against the recent anti-Japanese movement in Kwangtung. It is feared that a protest may mean the beginning of fresh Sino-Japanese crisis in South China.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

BRITAIN AND SANCTIONS

LONDON, June, 15

The Cabinet is believed to have agreed on principle of discontinuance of sanctions, if Geneva decides that course on the ground that sanctions have failed and that continuance will not serve any useful purpose and the European situation makes it desirable that the question of relations with Italy should be put on a new footing. Final decision will be made at a meeting of Cabinet on Wednesday.

Prominent members of Cabinet attended meeting of Foreign Affairs Committee of the Cabinet this evening, which it is understood to have considered the sanctions policy also question of Conference at Montreux on Monday with regard to Turkey's request to refortify Dardanelles in which connection participation of Italy is required as signatory to Treaty of demilitarising the Straits.

Sir S. Hoare is said to be the principal British delegate to the Conference.

RAIN MARS CRICKET

Heavy Storm Makes Play At Trentbridge Impossible

(SPECIAL CABLE).

TRENTBRIDGE, June 15.

Weather was showery and the wicket fair.

Following is the Nottingham Team:—Hearne, Harris, Walker, Staples, Larwood, Gunn, Lilley, Voce, Knowles, Woodhead and Jones.

Indians won the toss. The Indian team included Amarsingh, Wazir Ali and Merchant opened Indians' first innings. The play had lasted only two overs when heavy storm occurred, rendering further play impossible until lunch.

Sunshine and use of absorbent rollers removed water from the flooded middle, but the play could not be resumed until tea.

LATER.

No further play was possible and the stumps were drawn for the day with the score at 6 for no wickets.

INDIANS (1st Innings)

LUNCH SCORE

Wazir Ali not out	0
Merchant not out	5
Extras	1
Total for no wickets.	6

Cyclonic Weather Works Havoc In East Bengal

CALCUTTA, June 15.

Reports continue to pour from many parts of East Bengal that cyclonic weather attended with intermittent heavy showers prevail there which, in addition to uprooting the trees and huts, resulted in sinking boats in some of the rivers.

A Kushtia message says that a country boat carrying about 20 passengers capsized in midstream of river Goral. Most of the passengers, however, were rescued. A report from Pingna in Mymensingh states that a cargo boat carrying paddy went down and no trace of the boat could be found. Still it is not known whether there is any loss of life.

Reports of storms also are being received from Bogra, Barisal and Gopalganj.—United Press.

NATIONAL GOVT. FOR SWEDEN

STOCKHOLM, June 15.

The agrarian leader Mr. Pehrsson has accepted the task of forming a National Government on the broadest possible parliamentary basis.—Reuter's Special.

A man named Braham Singh was sentenced at Delhi to seven years' rigorous imprisonment on each count for alleged robbery and administering poison to a man and his wife near Shahadara.

TABULATED ADLETS ONE Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Cashier for Professional Firm. Cash security rupees five hundred essential. Only bonafide applicants need apply Box No. 6368, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Accounts Clerk Salary Rupees Sixty. Applicant prepared Deposit Rupees Three Hundred. Apply Box 6367, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted M.A. with History on 60 for High School join immediately. Apply Goldwyn & Co., Mahendra Mansion, Esplanade Rd. (6265)

Wanted graduates, B.T. or S.T.C. preferred, able to teach English in Std. VII, pay according to qualification and experience. Apply sharp to the Manager, High School Ratansad. 3357.

Wanted Dental Surgeon to run or purchase, old established lucrative practice, Hornby Road, owner retiring owing ill health. Apply Hoshung Nariman, opposite Brabourne Restaurant, Dhobi Talao. (6366)

Wanted Lady graduates and undergraduates of the Bombay University for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat. Apply Immediately with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected to the undersigned. V. K. Nimkar, Honorary Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat. 3360.

B. C. I. Bank Ltd., Head Office: Vizagapatam.—Wanted respectable Ladies and Gentlemen for the posts of Special Superintendents and Agents in the District of Satara to work in our Husband and Wife Scheme Department on Rs. 100—10—200 p.m. (annual) and Rs. 40—2-1|2—65 p.m. (annual) with Pension. Apply with credentials to:—Raosaheb S. K. Duduskar, Esq., District Superintendent, Pratapganj, Satara City. Applications from the Districts of Bombay Presidency for the posts of District Superintendents may be addressed to:—Inspector of Branches, Eranhipalam P. O. Malabar. (6363)

12. TO BE LET.

Bungalows and Flats To Let: Cumballa Hill, Taraporevala Building, two-room tenements with bath and tap. Rent Rs. 31. Apply New Book Co., Kitab Mahal Hornby Road, 'Phone: 26455. (3374)

44. MEDICAL.

"Tono!"—The Super Tonic unrivalled Restorative for Lost Manhood, and youth's Follies. V. P. Rs. 3-8, Post Free. Apply Post Box 3535, Bombay. 6347.

49. HOMOEOPATHY.

Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College, Established 1919, imparts four years thorough training. Competent staff. Seats limited. Also Post-Graduate Class. Apply Registrar, Princess Street. (6360)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings, and equipment. Session begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (6156)

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Books sold at the Current Rate of Exchange. All English Books now sold at As. 11 a shilling. Economy effected 10 per cent. New Book Co., 190, Hornby Road, Bombay 1. (3339).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents, Salary 100, Plus 25 travelling allowance to sell Hosiery and other useful articles of Ludhiana. Apply Popular Trading Co., (Regd.) Ludhiana. (6356).

Wanted—Energetic Agents to sell our famous silk sarees, suitings, shirtings, chaddars, woollen cloths, shawls, hosiery, etc., pay Rs. 125 p.m. Commission extra. Apply Jindals Ltd., Ludhiana, (Punjab). (6330).

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Mango Fruits and Grafts: Selected Langra, Bombay Mangoes 100 Rs. 7. Advance essential. Cost extra. All varieties of plants are ready for sale. Catalogue free. Anglo Indian Nursery, Darbhanga, (Bihar). (6332).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 6-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices.

THE BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Baroda.)

BARODA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the rate of interest allowed **upon Savings Bank and Savings** Bank Deposit Accounts at Head Office and Branches will be reduced to 1-1|2 per cent. per annum with effect from 1st July, 1936.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.
(3377)

NOTICE.

Imperial Bank of India,
Bombay, the 27th May, 1936.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Principal Register and the Branch Registers of the Imperial Bank of India will be **CLOSED** for transfer of shares from **Wednesday, the 1st July, 1936, to Wednesday, the 15th July, 1936, both days inclusive.**

E. P. STOCKER,
Dy. Managing Director.
3338.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificates for shares Nos. 5743/60 of the Amritsar-Patti Rly. Co. Ltd., standing in the name of Prince Jaipalsing have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

PRINCE JAIPALSING,
Nowgong Bundelkhand C.I.
Bungalow No. 14.
6370.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of one up-to-date Ambulance car to the Ahmedabad Municipality so as to reach the undersigned on or before Wednesday, the 24th June, 1936, at 4 P.M. the tenders should be accompanied with Rs. 50 as earnest money without which no tender will be considered.

The copy of the specification, and tender form can be had from the Store Keeper on application, on payment of Re 1 The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves its right to accept any or the lowest tender.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer.
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Store Office
Dt. 12-6-1936.
3376.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.,
(Incorporated in England).
274, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
INSOLVENCY NO. 378 OF 1936.

Re: Chunilal son of Shriram of Phaltan, Manager and Karta of the joint family, carrying on joint family business at Phaltan in the name of Motiram Shriram at present in Civil Jail at Arthur Road, Bombay: A Debtor.
Ex parte: Messrs. SHIVKARAN RAMCHANDRA, a firm Petitioning Creditors.

On the 12th day of June, 1936, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 12th day of June 1936.

G. S. CLEUR BROWN,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
3372.

Public Notices.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE UNIVERSITY GARDENS will be CLOSED to all except members of the University Authorities and authorized Press reporters on **TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY**, the 16th and 17th June, 1936, respectively.

By Order of the
VICE-CHANCELLOR.
3380.

AT THE ALTAR of SOCIETY

Now Running !

SHE was SACRIFICED at the Altar of Society because SHE was the victim of young man's LOVE—rather PASSION—and what happened? YOU MUST SEE in

DARYANI PRODUCTIONS' SOCIAL HIT

SANGDIL SAMAJ

Starring:—
PADMADEVI, SARDAR AKHTAR, NAZIR, SHIVDASANI, GOPE.

Now RUNNING at

KRISHNA

Time: 5-30, 8, 10-30.

SECOND INSTALMENT
Last 16 Episodes

SWASHBUCKLING DRAMA—A THRILLING SERIAL OF EXPLOITS in

DARKEST AFRICA

Starring:—
CLYDE BEATTY
MANUEL KING

REPUBLIC PICTURES' THRILLING Serial of 31 EPISODES

SEE LION-TIGER FIGHTING TO DEATH!

Also Showing:
"TRUTH ABOUT ETHIOPIA" —Showing Mussolini's Plans, How he Captured Abyssinia—2 Reels.

Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45.
Fri., Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

Now RUNNING At

GLOBE TALKIES

SANDHURST ROAD.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY
3-30; 6-30; 10 p. m.

WARNER BROS.' RIOTOUS RAMPAGE OF ROULETTE, ROMANCE AND ROARS!
"THE WIDOW FROM MONTE CARLO"
WARREN WILLIAM
DOLORES DEL RIO
Louise Fazenda • Colin Clive

PLEASING PEARL

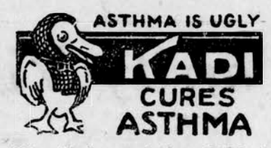
A unique Sanyasi Preparation which when kept in mouth produces power of retention.

When boiled in milk daily for 5 minutes and the milk drunk every morning feeds nerves; builds up strength; overcomes debility and depression. It gives tonic effects in all cases of weakness and depression a fine health builder; a boon to every young and old; invalids and depressed; male and female; a remedy for sexual defects. Once purchased lasts for life.

Price (special) Rs. 20 (full strength) Rs. 10, (low power) Rs. 5.

Pleasing paste. A fine preparation for outward use in time. Price Rs. 3/8.

THE PEARL PHARMACY,
Lyallpura, Punjab.



"My wife has used the KADI for Asthma after being a sufferer for 15 years and has obtained much benefit from same."—Henry E. Hill, Zanzibar

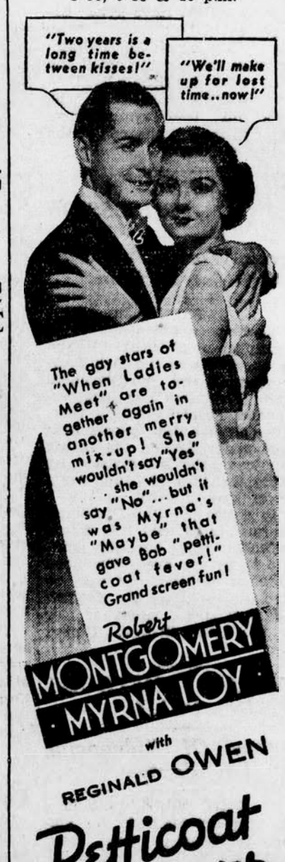
Manufactured:—D. Specific & Co.,
Agents:—MADON SONS & CO., Bombay.

PRINTING MACHINERY
FOR IMMEDIATE
SALE

THREE DOUBLE FEEDER PRINTING MACHINES in working order for immediate sale. See the MANAGER, "The Bombay Chronicle".

Central

Near Allbless Baug—Charni Road—off Queen's Road
THREE SHOWS DAILY
3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.


"Two years is a long time between kisses!"
"We'll make up for lost time..now!"
The gay stars of "When Ladies Meet" are together again in another merry mix-up! She wouldn't say "Yes" she wouldn't say "No"...but it was Myrna's "Maybe" that gave Bob "petticoat fever!" Grand screen fun!
Robert MONTGOMERY
MYRNA LOY
with
REGINALD OWEN
Petticoat Fever
Directed by
GEORGE FITZMAURICE
Produced by
FRANK DAVIS

Also Traveltalks showing scenes in technicolor of Los Angeles and Hollywood and "CRIME DOESN'T PAY" series Detective film.

Plans open 'Phone 27787.

CASES PENDING FOR YEARS

High Court Request C.P.M. To Take Up Shamdasani's Complaints

The law's delay formed the subject matter of some strong comments by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Wassoodev in the course of their judgment in an application made by Mr. P. D. Shamdasani.

Mr. Shamdasani's application was against the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate transferring his six cases from the Court of the Additional Presidency Magistrate to the Court of the 6th Presidency Magistrate.

These cases were filed by him against the Directors and Auditors of the Central Bank of India, one in 1930 and four in 1932. Mr. Shamdasani complained that the cases have not yet been disposed of and justice was delayed though some of the accused and some witnesses were dead.

He further contended that the transfer order was a breach of the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code because no notice was given to the parties and the Chief Presidency Magistrate had not recorded his reasons for ordering the transfer.

In their Judgment Their Lordships observed that they saw no reason to interfere with the transfer order in an application for revision. They, however, expressed their strong disapproval of the fact that these cases had been pending for years with no material progress having been made. They therefore requested the Chief Presidency Magistrate to see that these cases were taken up.

Mr. Shamdasani appeared in person.

20 PERSONS PERISH IN CINEMA FIRE

(Continued From Page 12)

tended the show, but cancelled his visit at the last minute.—A. P.

NIZAM DEEPLY CONCERNED.

A telegram from Hyderabad (Dn.) states that the Nizam visited the scene of fire and expressed his deep sorrow at the loss of life entailed thereby. He also condemned strongly the entirely inadequate provision made for protecting the public against fires.

"FAULTY WIRING CAUSED FIRE"

Nizam's Orders Non-Insurance Of Permits To Talkies

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) June 15.

H. E. H. the Nizam visited this morning the scene of the last night's disastrous fire at Motimahal Talkies and expressed his deep sorrow at the loss of life entailed thereby. The Nizam also strongly condemned the entirely inadequate provision made for protecting the public against fires.

His Exalted Highness also ordered the Commissioner of Police and the Municipality not to give permission henceforth for the use of the theatre, unless the owners made all possible arrangements to facilitate the audience to escape in the time of danger. Fourteen dead bodies have been recovered from the debris hitherto, thirteen of which were women and one was a child.

Prominent among the dead are the daughters of Mr. Dawood Jung and the late Mr. Imaad Jung, Ex-Commissioner of Police, with their nurse and child, as well as the wife of Mr. Syed Mohamed Mehdi, Second Talukdar of Huzurabad and sister of Dr. Hardikar, Professor of the Osmania University. Dead bodies charred and mutilated were only recognised by the jewels still clinging to the bodies. Mr. Armstead, Director, Electricity Department, visited the place and strongly condemned the faulty electric wiring to which he attributed the magnitude of the fire.—A. P.

Socialist Party Appeals To Voters To Back Its Candidates In Three Wards

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party have issued the following statement:

On June 21st there will be elections in the city for 9 additional members for the B.P.C.C. according to the new Constitution of the Congress framed at the Lucknow session.

The Congress Socialist Party has nominated the following 3 candidates for D, E and F Wards of the city.

1. D Ward—Sjt. Asoka Mehta.
2. E Ward—Sjt. Purshotham Tricumdas.
3. F Ward—Sjt. C. K. Narayanaswami.

It is not necessary to elaborate on the personal merits of these candidates who are well-known to the Congressmen nor to reiterate what the Party stands for. It will suffice to say that at a time when the Congress is in transition to a higher form of development, when its President, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru is revivifying political life in the country by placing before people new ideas and new ideals, it is necessary that there should be in the Congress Committee those who are in tune with this process of development, who can lend a hand in helping the President to carry out the policies he has at heart.

Those who stand for the wrecking of the new Constitution through the refusal to accept ministerial offices; those who believe in resistance to Imperialist War, those who stand for the direct representation of workers and peasants in the Congress organisation, can do no better than to vote for these 3 candidates.

We appeal to all Congressmen in these 3 Wards to vote for them.

CLAIM FOR GADI REJECTED

Mr. Justice Barlee, Vacation Judge of the Bombay High Court delivered Judgment yesterday in the case in which Acharya Pande Shree Radharamanprasadji claimed the gadi of the Acharya of Shree Laxminarayan Dev at Vadtal in Kaira District.

His Lordship dismissed the claim of the plantiff with costs and accepted the right of the present Acharya to continue in the Gadi.

Mr. Taraporevala with Messrs. Rege, Patel and B. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Thakurdas and Madgaonker appeared for the plainiff.

Mr. K. M. Munshi with Messrs. Engineer and Dixit instructed by Messrs. Divecha and Thakore appeared for the defendent.

Squadron-Leader, William Catchpole, Flight-Lieutenant Robert Todd and two others have been killed in an aircraft accident, 25 miles south-east of Addrama in the Sudan, according to an Air Ministry Announcement.—Reuter.

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Argun ,,	10th June	23rd ,,
Biyo ,,	20th ,,	6th July
Borneo ,,	23rd ,,	8th ,,
Sumatra ,,	9th July	24th ,,
Taijin ,,	24th ,,	9th Aug
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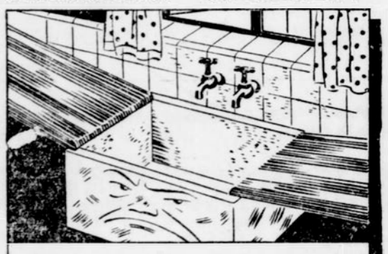

SINK: "Look at me, and look at the taps and the tiles. We are all dirty and have lost that beautiful sparkle we once had!"

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Continued unemployment is stated to be the reason that must have prompted a young couple living in Duncan Road to swallow poison and thus put an end to their lives instead of continuing in this miserable world. But before they could reach their cherished goal, people intervened and finding both of them lying in an unconscious state, removed them to the hospital and informed the police.

This happened on Saturday night. The persons concerned are Motinamdeo and his wife Gonibai. These were removed to the J. J. Hospital, where Gonibai is still receiving treatment. The police formally arrested both of them on a charge of attempting to commit suicide and released on bail.

The man was placed before Mr. Reginald Mathalone, at the Girgaum Police Court this afternoon and the police applied for the postponement of the case as the stomach contents of the couple had yet to be sent to the Government Chemical Analyser and his opinion sought.

The Magistrate posted the case to June 29.

Four persons were arrested by the Nagpada and Dongri Police during the week following knife assaults at Foras Road and the junction of Dhaboo Street and Khara Tank Road.

A serious fracas was reported last night at the cement chawl, Foras Road, when Balaram Janoo was stated to have been set upon by three persons. Another person was also assaulted and both were removed to the J. J. Hospital.

The condition of one is stated to be critical.

The cause of the assault is said to be due to the parties being on inimical terms following an old dispute at their native place, Jangira.

On an application made by the Princess Street Police to the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day, (1) Damoder Devji, (2) Manji Velji, (3) Kantilal Kewalchand, (4) Brijlal Bisesarlal, (5) Shivjibhai Nagjibhai, and (6) Sahadeo Nagarmal, were ordered to be discharged.

The police stated that there was not sufficient evidence to justify their being placed on a charge-sheet. The police also asked for an order to return all the property found and seized during the raid.

The Magistrate granted the application and discharged the accused.

Mahadeo Chandira, Chandra Laxman and Narayen Dhondu were put up before the Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day, on a charge of attempt to commit murder and abetment thereof. All of them were ordered to be remanded to custody for a period of 14 days, pending further police inquiries.

A verdict of death due to asphyxiation following accidental drowning was returned by the Coroner's jury, to-day, on an unknown Hindu male found washed on the rocks near Banganga, Walkeshwar on June 11 last.

An orange coloured turban, a white vest and a pan-pag found on the sea-wall on the same day led the Police to suspect that they might have belonged to the person found on the rocks and that the man should have been a "Ghati."

An examination conducted by the senior Inspector of Factories at the instance of the City Coroner into the death of Peter Lewis Pinto, an operator in the Hindustan Vanaspati Manufacturing Company, Haji Bunder, on June 1 last, revealed that the death was due to accidental inhalation of ammonia gas.

The jury gave a verdict of death accordingly, saying that it was due to accute inflation of respiratory track. They classified the case as "accidental".

While a woman named Manibai Mowji (33) was suffering from unbearable pain all over her body for the last three months, she thought of ending that mental agony by setting herself aflame on Saturday last.

She died in the G. T. Hospital yesterday.

The husband of the woman giving evidence, to-day, before the City Coroner stated that they were residing at Dana Bunder, Baroda Street.

The agony caused by the pain all over her body necessitated him to remove her to the hospital where she remained for about three months.

After that, she was brought back and at midnight on Saturday last, he was roused from his sleep by shriecks and cries.

Immediately he saw wisps of smoke in the gallery. Rushing to the gallery, he saw his wife enveloped in flames. With the help of his son he put out the flames and took her to the G. T. Hospital.

In evidence the husband further stated that on the gallery he found a tin containing kerosene oil and a match-box.

The Coroner's Jury returned, to-day, a verdict of death due to shock following extensive suicidal burns.

A stack of weights piled up against the wall to a height of about 8 feet tumbled down upon a mistry working on an iron-sheet on Saturday last at the Eastern Iron Works, Wadala.

The name of the mistry was Ramsaram Beni, a Bhaya aged about 35.

At the inquest held on the body, to-day, the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death due to internal haemorrhage following fracture of ribs accidentally sustained.

BYCULLA THEFTS MYSTERY

C. I. D. Get On Track Of Flourishing Band Of Robbers

By the mere circumspection of a resident at Mahim, the Bombay City Police and the C.I.D. have got a clue to unravel the mysteries of a number of thefts committed in the Byculla section involving a sum of not less than half a lac of rupees.

One man alleged to be from the gang of thieves, is already in the lock-up and the police are on the hunt for another man, alleged to have been with the one under arrest, before unearthing the whole gang.

BHAVNAGAR CIVIC SWEEPERS' DEMANDS

BARODA, June 15.

The sweepers of Bhavnagar Municipality have sent a representation to the president putting forth seventeen demands in all. The important among them are:—

1. Increase of rupees two in the present salary and regular increment in pay,
2. To confirm them as permanent employees and to give one holiday in every week,
3. To provide for pension and provident fund,
4. To provide uniforms,
5. To look after sanitary problems of Harijan localities,
6. Proper leave.

Mr. Keshavlal Thakkar, brother of Thakkar Bapa, is the president of the Bhavnagar Municipality.—United Press.

Jamiat Shubban's Scholarship For Matric Students

Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen is now in a position to give five scholarships to poor deserving Muslim students desirous of appearing for the Matriculation Examination. Arabic students will be given preference. Jamiat has been able to make this announcement due to the generosity of its philanthrophic patron Al-Haj Qassimali Jairazbhoy, J. P. Applications containing full particulars about applicant must reach Mr. Yusaf Abdulla Fozan, President, Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen, 138, Nagdevi Street, Bombay 3, before the 1st week of July.

Support To "Charter Of Tenants Rights"

Thirty representatives of the tenants living at the Kamatipura streets No. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 and stable street met together in the Kamatipura 1st street on Thursday last under the presidentship of Maulvi Abdul Hamid.

The principle of the charter of "the tenants' rights" was unanimously approved. In order to back it up and follow Madanpura's lead in this connection it was decided to form a Committee known as the Kamatipura Tenants Committee.

The meeting further resolved to enroll members for the Kamatipura Tenants Committee.

FORCED ON PEOPLE AGAINST THEIR WILL

E. B. R. Workers' Conference Protests Against Federal Rly. Authority

CALCUTTA, June 14.

The 15th annual Conference of the E.B.R. Indian Employees' Association held under the presidency of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta concluded to-day.

Among others the following important resolution was adopted:—

"This Conference looks with grave misgivings the advent of the new Federal Railway Authority foreshadowed in the Government of India Act, 1935. The Federal Railway Authority is forced on the people of India against their will and in spite of their protest, and is calculated to remove the control of the Legislative Assembly over the country transport service."

The Conference also protested against the reduced scales of pay and declared that the retrenchment of 4,000 workers on the State Railways announced recently by the Railway Board was unwarranted and unnecessary.—United Press.

V. R. Phondge For Bombay Council

Mr. Vithal R. Phondge, B. A. announces his intention to contest the ensuing election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from Bombay North Constituency (Byculla and Parel Wards).

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NO DISSOLUTION OF U. P. SOCIALIST PARTY

Masani Contradicts Newspaper Canard

Mr. M. R. Masani, General Secretary of the All India Congress Socialist Party, who returned to Bombay yesterday morning from the United Provinces states:—

"My attention has been drawn to a Press report from Lucknow that the U. P. Congress Socialist Party has been dissolved and that I communicated the "Order of Dissolution" to the U. P. Party Executive at Unao last week. There is no truth whatever in this statement.

The fact is that the U. P. Party Executive considered, among other things, the question of a more efficient organization of the Party. The Secretary, Mr. Chandrabhan Gupta, had resigned some time back and no one having been appointed in his place, the work of the Party had naturally suffered. Mr. Sampurnanand and Mr. Damodar Swarup were, therefore, appointed Secretaries and were given powers to reconstruct branches of the Party in those districts where they were not functioning satisfactorily.

NO DISSOLUTION

There is, therefore, no question of dissolution of the Party. The Provincial Executive will function as before until the next Annual Conference of the Party which will probably sometime in October. By then it is hoped that the Party will be much stronger than it is even now.

It is absurd to suggest that the U. P. Socialists were responsible for the faction fight that have been going on in the Congress organization for some time. The responsibility for that lies on the shoulders of others than Socialists.

PERFECT-ROLL OFFICE OPENED AT MATUNGA

Congress Centre For Sion, Antop Hill, Wadala And Dadar

A "Perfect Roll" Ooffice was opened on Saturday last at 8-30 a. m., at the Lakhamsi Nappu Hall, Matunga (G. I. P.) for the benefit of the residents of the above locality. Seth Velji Lakhamsi, Mr. Jinabhai Joshi and several others were present on the occasion.

Mr. Nagindas Master while opening the office expressed appreciation of the efforts of the residents of Matunga in taking up the work of enrolling voters in right earnest at the call of the Congress and also stressed the necessity of every man and woman in the locality entitled to a vote to hurry up to the centre and see that they enroll themselves, if their names are not already on the rolls.

APPEAL TO WOMEN

Continuing, he said, that there are thousands of women in the city who have so far not registered their names and to them, more particularly to the intelligent amongst them, he appealed to see that their literate sisters are enrolled in large numbers without any further delay.

The Centre at Matunga will be open on week days between 7 to 8-30 a. m., in the mornings and from 7 to 10 p. m., in the evenings and on Sundays and holidays from 7.30 to 11 a. m., and 3 to 10 p. m., and the Provisional Roll for "F" Ward for the General Constituency is also available there for inspection. It is now left to the residents of "F" Ward (North) to take the fullest advantage of the facilities provided for their benefit.

Faites vos jeux!

The croupier invites . . . the choice is yours.

Player's are inviting too. But it is no gamble when your choice is Player's. They are England's most popular cigarette.

Player's are now available in magnum size without the coupon, at the popular price of—

3 annas for 10

Ask for

PLAYER'S MAGNUMS

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24 Per Cent. Pass In First LL.B. Exam.

Only 223 Out Of 934 Candidates Declared Successful

The Results of the First LL.B. Examination of the University of Bombay were announced yesterday afternoon.

Only about 24 per cent. of the candidates have passed. Out of the 934 students, who appeared in the examination 223 have been declared successful.

The following are the results:

FIRST CLASS.

(In order of merit): 14 K. H. Bhabha; 524 A. K. Shah; 122 B. S. Kasbekar; and 476 S. H. Mehta.

SECOND CLASS.

1 K. B. Achar,
2 P. D. Adenwalla,
13 S. C. Barretto,
16 M. M. M. A. Bhalli,
20 H. I. Bhatt,
21 J. S. Bhatt,
22 K. K. Bhatt,
23 C. D. Chaudhari,
30 S. C. Chhatrapati,
32 V. R. Chitnis
34 R. R. Chouhan,
35 I. C. Clerk,
37 D. S. Dalal,
39 P. D. Dalal,
47 K. S. Desai,
48 N. V. Desai,
51 R. G. Desai,
53 D. J. Dhanbhoora
54 A. K. Dhebar,
55 M. V. Dhond,
58 T. S. Dikshit,
60 G. M. Divekar
62 K. H. Doshi,
70 B. S. Gadgil,
74 R. S. Gae,
78 V. S. Gangolli,
80 K. K. Ghoda,
81 N. S. Giradkar,
82 T. J. Godiwala,
85 K. N. Gorav,
86 J. L. Gore,
87 J. N. Gulao,
107 D. J. Joshi
114 G. V. Kantak,
126 P. G. Kazi,
132 J. M. Kherani,
134 S. N. Konanur,
135 P. J. Kondker,
136 H. H. Kothari,
137 P. C. Kothari,
138 R. M. Kothari,
145 R. T. Leuva
150 R. C. Majmudar,
163 D. C. Mehta,
164 G. G. Mehta
172 R. A. Mody,
175 T. S. Mulay,
176 **S. K. Munshi,**
183 B. B. Naik,
185 S. N. Namjoshi,
186 G. L. Nene,
187 M. V. Nerurkar,
197 P. C. Pardiwalla,
198 C. G. Parekh,
199 V. K. Parekh,
204 F. F. Pastakia,
205 A. D. Patel,
206 B. J. Patel,
209 N. C. Pavri,
218 V. N. Rao,
237 R. J. Sethna,
239 K. B. Shah,
240 M. R. Shah,
241 M. L. Shah
249 V. B. Shah,
253 M. S. A. Shaikh,
254 N. Y. K. Shanker,
255 M. M. Sharma,
256 H. J. Sheth,
261 D. V. Solanki
281 A. J. Vakharia,
289 B. M Vyas,
291 M. N. Walwekar,
371 B. U. Akki
333 T. S. Bharde
391 R. M. Birla
399 S. G. Chikkerur
403 R. H. Desai
405 N. S. Deshpande
412 G. B. Menon
423 V. S. Inamdar
455 N. M. Kothari
456 V. G. Koti
464 W. R. Kulkarni
475 M. S. Mehta
487 N. S. Naik
492 N. M. Pagnis
497 D. K. Parikh
503 S. D. Patil
510 G. K. Puranik
512 P. D. Raje
520 P. A. Sanghani
522 S. M. Sathe
531 K. B. Shelgikar,
533 D. S. Shete
544 D. A. Thakar
548 R. Thimmiah
551 V. S. Tonapi
555 V. G. Nair
562 D. M. Wagh
617 V. M. Chokshy
627 A. K. Desai
631 R. C. Desai
640 P. V. Joshipura
645 M. S. Mankad
664 K. N. Parikh
665 R. R. Parikh
667 A. T. Patel
671 D. H. Patel
672 D. M. Patel
683 S. S. Patel
688 P. M. Raval
690 A. M. Shah
691 B. C. Shah
697 J. M. Shah
699 J. C. Shah
702 M. C. Shah
709 S. P. Shah
710 V. H. Shah
712 A. A. Sheikh
719 B. S. Tilloo
724 V. K. Upadhyaya
759 R. K. Coimbatore
764 A. S. Dikshit
772 A. Gubbi
774 N. S. Holenarasipur
777 R. R. Jamdade
778 N. V. Karandikar
789 S. S. Malwad
790 K. K. Menon
796 D. N. Nagaranjan
797 R. S. Nagarkatti
799 R. S. Nallur
800 K. D. Naniwadekar
811 T. K. Patil
812 V. N. Patil
824 B. Y. Risbud
829 G. B. Satwik
831 M. B. Shelke
841 V. R. R. Tarikere
845 G. V. Torney
847 S. B. Vichare
882 R. J. Bhojvani
883 D. L. Bhojwani
887 A. J. Doshi
892 L. K. Hingorani
893 M. L. Jethmalani
899 D. K. Kishnani
905 B. K. Masand
906 G. M. Memon
912 S. N. Sardar
919 M. H. Thadhani

PASS.

296 G. S. Bhagwat,
298 M. A. Bhatewara
309 T. D. Deshpande.
311 I. D. Ghia,
315 K. D. Joshi,
319 A. B. Kanekar,
320 S. G. Khairaz,
321 V. R. Khanderia
323 V. B. Kirtane
325 G. A. Lele
326 L. G. Mankermi
329 G. K. Moghe
332 A. H. Munshi
333 G. H. Naik
336 P. K. Padhye
340 J. D. Parikh
342 T. D. Patankar
343 K. N. Patel
346 J. N. Purohit
349 S. S. Rao
351 H. R. Sani
352 M. J. Sanzgiri
353 R. N. Sarangdar
355 C. M. Shah
358 K. K. Talpade
359 M. C. Thakore
360 N. B. Thakore
361 R. G. Tipnis
364 S. G. Vasudeo
567 V. N. Bhide
572 N. F. Gujarathi
573 S. G. Hulyalkar
579 D. S. Kulkarni
580 S. S. Kulkarni
581 P. D. Lele
586 M. N. Memane
590 C. B. Palnitkar
591 W. K. Patwardhan
593 P. A. K. Rao
594 G. P. Ranade
595 R. B. Rasane
596 P. Sankalapuram
604 G. D. Tapse
607 A. G. Vaidya
731 R. M. Dave
732 J. R. Desai
734 V. R. Jambhekar
735 B. A. Joshi
737 K. J. Mehta
740 C. U. Patel
745 J. B. Shah
747 S. C. Shah
749 R. I. Syedh
751 K. S. Vahia
752 N. B. Vakil
858 L. A. Dhamanigi
861 P. V. Joshi
862 N. B. Karkhanis
863 V. R. Karnataki
866 V. K. Kulkarni
867 V M. Kulkarni
869 B. N. Patil
870 B. S. Patil
922 T. M. Badlaney
928 M. G. Makhijani
930 M. J. Shahani
931 P. K. Shahani

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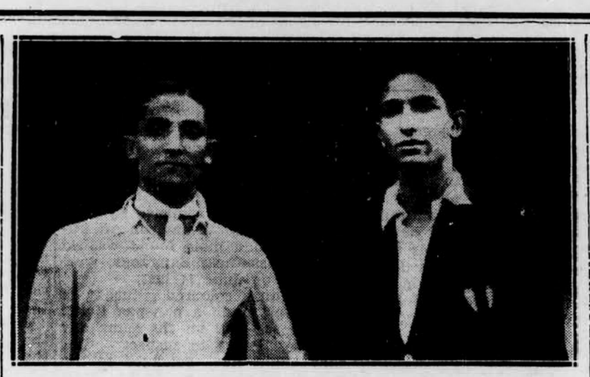

Heptulla and Puri, Skippers of the Bombay and Punjab Universities' Teams respectively.

Punjab University ... Dismissed For 130 Runs

Bombay Bowlers Fare Well On Easy Paced Wicket: Heptulla In Form

The final match of the Inter-'Varsity Cricket Championship commenced yesterday on the Hindu Gymkhana ground at the Kennedy Sea Face, before a large crowd of students. D.R. Puri, the Punjab Captain, who won the toss elected to bat on an easy-paced wicket. Moid and Bhatia, who opened the innings shaped well until the former was stumped by Patil off Hansoti.

Ram Prakash (21), Surjit Singh (31), Mubarak Ali (17) and D. R. Puri (14) collected a few runs, but the Bombay bowlers managed to dismiss the visitors for the meagre total of 130 runs.

Heptulla captured 4 wickets for 44 runs and Hansoti 3 for 31.

Mubarak Ali and Puri were entrusted with the attack when Bombay's pair batted until the lunch adjournment.

PUNJAB UNIVERSITY: (1ST INNINGS).

K.A. Moid st. Patil, b Hansoti	19
S.B. Bhatia b Heptulla	7
Prithvi Raj c Adhyaru, b Patwardhan	2
Ram Prakash c Dhareshwar, b Hansoti	21
Roshanlal c Wadia, b Hansoti	2
Surjit Singh (run out)	31
Mubarak Ali c Nageshkar, b Adhyaru	17
Abdul Rahiman b Patwardhan	6
D. R. Puri (Capt.) c and b Heptulla	14
Murrawat Husain (not out) ..	4
Latif b Heptulla	0
Extras	7
Total	130

FALL OF WICKETS:—1 for 10, 2|23, 3|53, 4|56, 5|61, 6|90, 7|98, 8|114, 9|120 and 10 for 126.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—Patwardhan 2 for 13, Heptullah 4|44, Hansoti 3|31, Nageshkar 0|7, and Adhyaru 1 for 25.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY: (1ST INNINGS.

Hansoti c Surjit Singh, b Puri	3
Ismail (not out)	55
J. H. Wadia c Ramprakash b Puri	21
M. M. Naidu b Murawat	7
Patil (not out)	12
Extras	4
Total (for 3 wickets)	102

(At the end of day's play).
Fall of wickets: 1|4; 2|54; 3|64.

MORE ARRESTS FOR MATHARPA. KADI CRIME

BOMBAY: Monday.

Suspected to have been in possession of gold ornaments burgled following dacoity and murder at Matharpakadi on the night of March 20 last Rais Zaman Daheskhan was arrested by the Byculla Police on Friday night last.

It is stated the accused was searched and two gold putlis were found on his person just when he was about to board the Lahore Express at Victoria Terminus Station on his way to Gonda.

Two others namely Mehandi Hasan Dahovkhan and Ahmed Ismain Ahmed were arrested by the police the same day as it was suspected that they assisted the first accused in disposing of the stolen porperty.

All the accused were placed before the Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day and ordered to be remanded to police custody for a period of 14 days, pending further police inquiries.

FIRST PUBLIC ENTRY OF BURMA GOVERNOR

RANGOON June 15

Typically Monsoonish weather cleared in time to enable large crowds outside the Rangoon Railway Station to witness in comfort the first public entry of the Governor, Sir Archibald Cochrane into the Capital.

Sir Archibald Cochrane arrived by special train from Maymyo in the morning. Prominent officials, non-officials and the military were present.

The platform was decorated to receive the Governor.—A. P.

Our team undoubtedly contains some brilliant individual players but as a team, we have still much to learn and we must recognise that our term of cricket pupilage is still not at an end. Nevertheless, we can console ourselves with for the Second LL. B. Examination:—Nos. 147, 266, 295, 350, 357, 372, 392, 452, 489, 568, 570, 571, 582, 592, 602, 650, 730, 741, 742, 855, 856, 859, 873, 911.

Scholarships & Prize

Scholarships and Prize are awarded as under:—

The Kinloch Forbes Gold Medal and Prize—To K. H. Bhabha.

The Nandashankar Parvatishankar Dave Scholarship—To Miss T. S. Dikshit.

The Sohrab Khorshed Dastur Scholarship—To K. H. Bhabha.

BHOPAL TO VIZZIE'S RESCUE

Selection Of Captain Not Unjustified

NAWAB PLEADS FOR SYMPATHY

BOMBAY, June 15.

The following telegram has been received from the Private Secretary to H. H. the Nawab of Bhopal:—

His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, has had his attention drawn to certain views and reports which have appeared in the press and he feels that in the interests of Indian Cricket a statement by him is necessary.

Two matters have been given prominence in the press statements referred to. One is the suggestion that the Captain should be replaced and the other is the allegation of dissensions among the players.

CAPTAIN'S CHOICE.

The first of these suggestions hardly merits serious notice and can only emanate from quarters which are ignorant of the true spirit and traditions of cricket. The Maharajkumar was the choice of a full meeting of the Board of Control and the reports available from England do not show that the selection was unjustified. So far from meriting condemnation, he deserves in full measure, our sympathy and support. No report of dissensions from the Captain or the Manager or any member of the team has reached the Board officially or unofficially and the President so far has no information from any source whatever regarding the return of any of the players to India. On the contrary, the latest advice from London dated 5th June reports no dissensions, good team spirit and satisfactory improvement in the health of the team.

"BAD LUCK."

It is unfortunately true that bad luck dogged the team in the matter of casualties and the weather has been unkind but we must frankly admit that our reverses have so far been due to the fact that the other side has played better cricket than ourselves, the reflection and the hope that if the lessons of our defeats are properly learnt, they cannot fail to lead us to eventual success. Our reverses however disspiriting should not lead us to injustice or despair. We have no doubt that the Captain and each individual member of the team has tried to do his best and they retain the confidence of the Board.

OPTIMISTIC NOTE.

We are still confident that our team will give a much better account of itself for, we do not and cannot believe that the form it has so far shown is a true index of its capacity. The tendency to criticise and ridicule which has manifested itself in certain quarters can serve no useful purpose. It is only the feeling that they possess the confidence and support of the country that can inspire our men to give of their best and the President feels sure that confidence and support will not be withheld.—A. P.

FARMERS URGED TO BACK CONGRESS

SANGLI, June 15.

In the course of his presidential speech at the Walve Taluka Agriculturists Conference held on Sunday evening at Islampur, Mr Keshavrao Jedhe M.L.A., Poona, strongly urged the conference to support the Congress and Congress candidates during the forthcoming elections for the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil M.L.A. exhorted the audience to support Congress wholeheartedly and moved a resolution recommending the Government to collect land revenue on a basis of income-tax exempting annual agricultural income upto Rs. 250.

Many agriculturists and Congressmen attended the session. About a dozen resolutions were passed regarding agriculturists.—A.P.

INDORE SWEEPERS GO ON STRIKE

State Officers Meet Situation Promptly

INDORE, June 15.

Yesterday the sweepers declared a lightning strike and observed complete hartal in the city, forts and suburbs of Indore complaining of long working hours, late payments, heavy fines, and bad behaviour of darogas. They claimed paid leave for funerals and for women during maternity time, free rent, sanitary houses, and increased pay.

State officers promptly met the situation and attended a meeting of the strikers and agreed on the spot to decreasing the working hours, to appoint darogas from sweepers on posts falling vacant, granting paid-leave for funerals and during maternity, early payments, installing water pipes and lights in sweeper localities.

Several darogas have been suspended pending investigation of charges against them. The sweepers are pacified and resumed work this morning.—A.P.

Amreli Sweepers Resume Work?

BARODA, June 15.

The sweepers who had gone on strike in Amreli, according to a report received from that place, have resumed work as the Municipal authorities assured them that their reasonable demands will be sympathetically considered. The sweepers are not permanent servants. Their salaries are low. There are other difficulties regarding leave, etc.

It is hoped that there will be an amicable settlement of all demands.—United Press.

HEAD OFFICE: THE MADRAS
BANK OF HINDUSTAN LD.
BRANCHES
BEZWADA.
BOMBAY.
CALICUT.
CANNANORE.
COIMBATORE.
BRANCHES
MADURA.
POLLACHI.
YELLICHERRY.
TIRUPPUR.
TRIPLICANE.
Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Current Deposits are received at 1% p. a. on *daily balances*
Savings Bank Deposits are received up to Rs. 10,000 at 2½% p. a. (frequent withdrawals are allowed).
Fixed Deposits are received upto 2 years at favourable rates.
The Bank grants Loans and Cash Credits on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking Business are undertaken at the Head Office and Branches.

Take SANATOGEN—then you will not feel so tired

What Sanatogen has done for thousands of others it will do for you. Your listlessness, your lack of energy to perform your daily task, or even to enjoy your leisure hours, is caused by underfeeding of the nerve and brain cells. Sanatogen will feed these nerve-cells by putting into your body the very elements that create energy.

Thus, in a natural way, strength will replace weakness and you will no longer feel fagged out and irritated. Nerve troubles will disappear, and in a short time, you will feel and look a healthier, happier being.

"There is no preparation as powerful to restore vitality", writes a well-known physician, and his words certainly show that Sanatogen is worthy of your consideration.

Sanatogen is sure to give splendid results. Decide now to become strong and healthy again. Buy a package of Sanatogen from your Chemist or Bazar Dealer to-day.

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic Food

Now also obtainable in half size packing at about half price.

Of all Chemists and Bazars.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Jeth Vad 12, 1992
Muslim: Rabialaval 25, 1355
Parsi: Deh 14, 1305
Hightide: 9-48 21-17
Lowtide: 2-54 15-43
Sunrise: 6h 1m
Sunset: 7h 17m
University Senate Meeting, 1 p.m.
Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Wednesday, June 17.

University Senate Meeting, 1 p.m.
Municipal Standing Committee 4-10 p.m.

Thursday, June 18.

Results of Second LL.B. and M.A. Examinations, University Buildings, 2-0 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Saturday, June 20.

S. S. 'Narkunda' with English mails sails at 1-0 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—Charlie Chaplin in "Modern Times," Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10-0 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Petticoat Fevers." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Curly Top." Time as usual
EXCELSIOR—"Squibs" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jeevan Naiya." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sangdil Samaj" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Misss Frontier Mail". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Millionaire," Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Thanks A Million." Time as usual.
PATHE—"Desire". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"All Quiet on the Maratha Front." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Love Before Breakfast" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Akkal-na-Bardan" Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"The Widow from Monte Carlo." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Graduate" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Matlabi Dunlya" Time as usual.

'VARSITY SENATE

The adjourned meeting of the Senate will be held in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the University to-day (Tuesday) at 1 p.m.

WANTED LADY VOLUNTEERS

The Secretary writes:—
The Kanara Brotherhood, Bombay, has undertaken the work of enrolling voters to the Bombay Legislative Assembly under the new Constitution.
Lady volunteers who can devote some of their time and help us in this work are requested to see the Secretary, Kanara Brotherhood, 302 B, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon, and receive the necessary instructions.

THE EXCELSIOR
At 6-30 and 10 p.m.
BETTY BALFOUR
GORDON HARKER
In a sparkling entertainment
"SQUIBS"
with 4 songs
A Twickenham Picture

REGAL
Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
He was BLACK SPOTS before her eyes until a BLACK EYE made her see PINK CLOUDS and CUPIDS!
Carole LOMBARD
IN FAITH BALDWIN'S
LOVE BEFORE BREAKFAST
A dizzy triangle wherein the boy-friend gets a raise—the boss courts the girl—and the girl courts calamity by "hating" the man she loves!

161-162-163 Shows at
CAPITOL
DAILY at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In United Artists'
MODERN TIMES

MR. FYZEE-RAHAMINS' PAINTINGS

The Hyderabad State has acquired two of Mr. Fyzee-Rahamins' paintings, entitled "The Rajput Sirdar," and "Dal Lake, Kashmir." for the Hyderabad Museum.

HINDI CLASSES

Free Hindi Classes, conducted under the auspices of the Kanara Brotherhood, at 302 B, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaum, wil be reopened from Saturday the 20th instant.
Those desirous of joining are requested to enrol their names before that date. The classes will be conducted between 5-30 and 6-30 p.m. on every Saturday and Sunday.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY

An ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, to-morrow (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.).
The following papers will be read:—"A Women's Folkrite from the District of Monghyr in South Bihar," and "A Tibetan Weather Superstition." by Sarat Chandra Mitra.

TOPIWALA CHARITY

The Board of Trustees of the Topiwala Charity has sanctioned Indian Scholarships aggregating to Rs. 4,908 for the year 1936-37 to the male and female students of the Kudaldeshkar Gaud Brahmin Community for Industrial Scientific, Medical and Literary Education The Scholarships are non-refundable.

DEPRESSED CLASSES' MEETING

A public meeting of the Devdasis, Potrajs Bhutes and Aradhis and Jogtis, of the Depressed Classes will be held at Damodar Hall, Parel, Bombay, today (Tuesday) at 9-30 p.m. when Dr. B. R. Ambedkar will preside. The principal object of the meeting is to support the decision of the Yeola Conference regadring the change of religion.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. 'Iwatesan Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Tuesday the 16th instant.
Supd. mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s.s. 'Alavi' via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-30 p.m. on Friday the 19th instant.

ENGLISH MAILS

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Maloja' with the mails from London of 4th instant arrived at Aden at 7 a. m. on the 14th instant and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.
In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th instant.
The 'Maloja' will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 11 p.m. the same day.

Round Up Of Alleged Gangsters

Punja Hira and nine others were arrested by the Crime Branch, C.I.D., towards the weekend charges of housebreaking and theft in different parts of the city.
The arrested persons were placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla at the Esplanade police court on Monday and remanded.

Itch Cause
Killed in 7 Minutes
Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams or pores where tiny germs or parasites can hide and cause your skin to Itch, Crack, Peel, Burn, also Eczema, Ringworm, Pimples, Acne, Crotch-Itch, and Foot Itch. Don't waste time with ordinary methods. You must have a penetrating treatment like the new discovery for stubborn skin troubles called Dr. Nixon's Nixoderm. It goes right in, kills the cause, and stops itch in 7 minutes. In 24 hours, you can see your skin getting clear, soft, and smooth. Nixoderm is guaranteed to heal your skin in 10 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for guaranteed Nixoderm today.

INDUSTRIAL AND PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO.

Eight Annas Dividend Per Share And Bonus For Workers

A dividend of eight annas per share (that is, at 8 1/3 per cent) was declared by the Industrial and Prudential Assurance Co. Ltd. at the annual general meeting held on Monday Sir Lalubhai Samaldas presided.
A sum of Rs. 3,000 was sanctioned by the shareholders to be paid as bonus equal to a month's salary to all the members of the clerical and officer staff who were in the service of the company during 1935 and who are still in the service of the Company.
DIRECTORS' REPORT.
The Directors' Report stated among others:
Ordinary Branch.—In this branch during the year 5,569 proposals were received for assurance amounting to Rs. 101,58,500 and £500 out of which 4,751 proposals have resulted in policies assuring in aggregate. the sum of Rs. 83,53,250 and £500 as against Rs. 78,77,700 and £200 of the last year. The rest were either declined, postponed or are awaiting completion.
Rs. 250 Branch.—During the year 37 Proposals were received in this Branch of which 19 proposals have resulted in Policies, assuring in aggregate the sum of Rs. 4,750 and the rest were either declined postponed or are awaiting completion.
The total number of Policies in force on the Books of the Company is 17,397 assuring in all (with Bonuses) the sum of Rs. 3,72,13,101-6-8 out of which Rs. 8,07,583-5-0 have been re-insured.
Claims.—During the year in the Ordinary Branch 143 Claims by death were intimated. They amounted, including bonuses, to Rs. 3,57,521. 74 Claims by Maturity including bonuses amounted to Rs. 2,36,245-1-0. In the Industrial Branch 10 Claims by survival amounting to Rs. 2,984-10-0 were intimated and paid, and 4 claims by death amounting to Rs. 1,197-4-0 were intimated.
Revenue Account.—The Life Assurance Fund has increased from Rs. 53,36,146-12-1 to Rs. 62,91,937-13-6. Besides this there is a Reserve Fund of Rs. 1,28,803-9-10 and a Special Investment Reserve Fund amounting to Rs. 1,04,390.

BOMBAY PORT FREE FROM SMALL-POX

Restrictions On Visitors To Ships Removed

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—
The Health Officer of the Port of Bombay announces that the Port of Bombay having been declared by the Health Board to be no longer infected with Epidemic Small-pox all restrictions placed by the Port Health Department upon ships calling at this Port are removed in so far as Visitors to such ships are concerned.
All persons habitually visiting such ships are however advised carefully to preserve their vaccination records, certificates, etc., from loss or destruction, as such epidemics in this Port appear to occur every year or two so that records acquired during the epidemic just ended may still be valid for use on the next occasion.
Passengers proceeding to East and South African ports, unless they bear definite scars of a previous attack of small-pox, will still be required at medical inspection and embarkation to produce countersigned certificates proving vaccination not less than 12 days and not more than 3 years prior to the date of embarkation, in accordance with the requirements of the Governments of African Territories.

Bengal Club's Draw With G. S. M. College

THRILLING PLAY IN WEEK-END MATCHES ON I. F. L. GROUNDS

Everyone who attended the I.F.L. ground on Saturday to witness the week end matches went away thoroughly satisfied. Though the first game between the King Circle and the Matunga United was a tame affair, with the former winning by two goals to nil. There were thrills and excitement in the second encounter in the G. S. M. College's first engagement of the season with the Bengal Club and the match ending in a goalless draw.
The first game had a delayed start due to one of the King Circle players turning out in the same colours as the Matunga United and the Matunga custodian taking the field with a similar shirt as the rest of his side. Eventually the King Circle player was allowed to play with a button hole badge on his chest, causing a lot of confusion to the players, referee and the audience. One of the late comers questioned me, how twelve were allowed for the Matunga United.
Coming to the game the exchanges were even and with the King circle having the better grip of the game. Early in the first half one of the United defenders handled the ball in the fatal area and Gopal opened the account for the King Circle from the resultant penalty kick. Just after resumption Vasudev raced down the line-beating man after man and passed it to Krishnaswami to increase the lead. Thereafter even play characterised and final whistle sounded with no change in the result.

MATUNGA United 0
RESULT.—King's Circle 2

Teams.—King's Circle—Jagadon, Kalu, Chellam Senapath, Krishnan Raman Gopal, Ramiah, Krishnan, Krishnaswamy, Vasudev.
Matunga United.—Marshall, Cresta, Lawrance, Dass, Baboo, Swamy, Fernandas, Pedad, Main, David adn Lukas.
Referee.—H. P. Kennedy.
The second match also could not be commenced punctually, this time the offenders were the G. S. Medical College who entered the field with at least four different colours.
The play started with the Bengal Club storming the Medical Goal which had several narrow escapes. Soon the Medical settled down and played an equally impressive football. The standard of football was high and the best thus far seen on the I. F. I. Matches.
Desa was safe under the Medical Bar and was largely responsibe to retain the champion's honours, though they played a bit below form. The Bengal Club have only to blame themselves for not winning because after having the whip of the game throughout netarded effectiveness in front of the goal, by constantly lying in the offside. Every movement to the Medical goal was simultaneous with one of the Bengalee forwards taking the offside position by turns. Otherwise they ought to have left the field with at least a comfortable collection of goals. In the first half Patil was pulled up for handling the ball in the penalty area and Mascarenhas who took the kick, sent the ball yards wide off the goal. In the second moiety improved and excited footaball was witnessed each team trying hard to score, but when the final whistle sounded, the score sheet was blank.

RESULT—G.S.M. College Nil
Bengal Club Nil

PLAYERS MEDICAL:—
J. Desa, R. Abreu, Mascarenhas Munje, Gogete, Pinto, Kale, John Paranjipe. Alexander, Pradhan.
BENGAL CLUB:—
Chowdery, Banerjee Petit Pal Mukerjee, Dutta, Gupta, Datta Roy, Basu Roy, Majumdar.

SUNDAY'S MATCHES

On Sunday the Mahim Sports met the Parel Sporting and after a dull and monotonous game the latter won by the solitary goal scored by Martin towards the closing stages of the match. Neither team was impressive Though both goals were frequently visited, the play never assumed an interesting stage.

RESULTS— Parel Sports 1
Mahim Sports 0

TEAMS:—
Parel Sports.—Meneres, Fernandes, Lewis, Vaz, Caesar, Gonsalves, Menereo, Sequeria, Tony, Patrick and Martin.
Mahim Sports.—Willi, Menson, Ramchandra, Casu, Menon, Iyer, Seshadri, Balan, Mani, Ganapatty, Menon.
Referee.—F. D. Chowdhury.
The second fixture of the day was between the Goans United and the D.L.I. followers. The large crowd present were amply compensated for the previous dull hour. The game was packed with thrills and a fast pace was kept throughout. There was nothing to choose between the two teams but the Goans were unlucky to lose by two goals to nil. A draw would have been the correct reflex of the game. For the Goans Anthoon their custodian out shone the rest of the teams by the numerous brilliant saves. The first half was a ding-dong affair both the ends being visited frequently, but no goals were scored. In the second half Marrie netted the winning goal after a combined move. The second goal was obtained through a penalty. Jairam took the spot kick and netted ends. Soon after Goans lost a brilliant opportunity as Martin taking a penalty kick shot wide. Thereafter the Goans exerted much pressure, they could not draw level as the D.L.I. defenders played spiritedly, allowing no scope for scoring.

RESULTS—D.L.I. Followers 2
Goans United 0

TEAMS.
D. L. I.—Anthoon, Shanker, Buxi, Ramchandar, Jairam, Kani, Shiva, Ambia, Movrie, Munswamy and Bisher.
Goans.—Paul, D'Souza, Alvore, Sanaho, Mascaranhas, Dias, Rogue, Fernandes, Micky, Martin, and Domini.
Referee.—W. E. Rispin.

APPEAL AGAINST ACQUITTAL OF ACCUSED

Alleged Offence Under Indian Merchandise Marks Act

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court heard the appeal of the Bombay Government against the acquittal of one Chhotalal Amarchand who was charged before a Presidency Magistrate with an offence under the Indian Merchandise Marks Act.
It was alleged that the accused was selling a preparation under the name of Woodward's Gripe Water, though it was not the genuine preparation but a colourable imitation of it. He was acquitted by the Lower Court on the ground of limitation, holding that the alleged offence was not within the period which would make it punishable according to the provisions of the Act.
In their appeal to the High Court, the Government contended that the facts did not make limitation applicable to this case.
Their Lordships remanded the case to the lower court with directions to submit its findings on the material points of facts.
On receiving the Magistrate's report on these points, the High Court will decide the Government's appeal in due course.

OF INTEREST TO PARSI COMMUNITY

Magistrate Converts Notice Into Summons

Bombay, Monday.
A case of considerable interest to the Parsi community was heard in the Court of Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, in the matter of the complaint of defamation filed by Mr. Faredun Kershasp Dadachanji against Mr. B. F. Bharucha and Mr E. R. Hirjibehdin.
Mr. Bilimoria arguing for the complainant prayed that the notice be converted into a summons.
Mr. C. N. Kanuga instructed by Mr. Gagrat of Messrs. Gagrat and Co. Solicitors, appeared for the respondents.
ANJUMAN BYE-ELECTION ECHO
The complaint is an off-shoot of the bye-election held in February last for two seats in the Anjuman Committee.
The Magistrate said it would be better to have some evidence on record and converted the notice into summons.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

The Suburbs are full of cyclists. Nearly every young man is a cyclist and in a year or so nearly every young lady will be a cyclist too. These cyclists keep streaming not only on streets but even on the main roads just riding for fun ringing their bells and riding quite recklessly, being a menace to public and endangiring their own lives.
Now that the monsoon, has set in, many of them carry umbrellas and in heavy rain they go cycling with the umbrella covering them not knowing what is in front of them which may prove fatal.
I could not see how the police could do anything about this, but I am writing about this in the hope that parents will take note of this and instruct their children and thus prevent the possibility of serious accidents.
THAT TROMBAY ROAD
In the midst of the suburbs about twelve to fourteen miles from Bombay is a harbour known as the Trombay Harbour where goods are landed from various ports and the surrounding places are ideal grounds for picnicking, where many picnickers spend enjoyable week-ends and many more would flock but the road leading to this place is in extremely bad condition, and does any amount of damage to motor-cars which attempt to travel over the ruts and potholes that fill almost the whole roadway.
This road, I am told, is the chief route by car to one of the finest garden suburbs of Bombay namely, Chembur, and thus there is every reason why good attention should be given to it and Government are almost sole owner of the land in Chembur. It would be very profitable to them if this road is improved.
I hope that Government or whoever is responsible for the upkeep of this road take the necessary steps.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

Students' Demonstration

The solidarity and the sense of discipline manifested by the student demonstrators at the University Convocation Hall on Monday afternoon came as an agreeable surprise to many critics of the sincerity of the protest entered by the students, against the "slaughter" perpetrated in the recent matriculation examination. Though the indifference of some of the Senate members, who seemed to remain utterly unmoved by the demonstration, was amazing that there were sympzathisers of the students in their demands was obvious. A suggestion made by Principal Mahajani of the Ferguson College was turned down by the students. Speaking on behalf of the Vice-chancellor, who was suffering from a bad throat. Mr. Mahajani said that the Senate would consider the adjournment motion, only after the minutes of the last Senate meeting were read and approved by the present meeting. But as the minutes were to be read, he suggested that the students should remove themselves outside the Senate Hall to a distance beyond hearing. The students replied that their presence was in no way objectionable as in the past many visitors attended the Senate meetings and they should be treated as visitors.

Shelters For Bus Passengers

The Bus Service in Bombay is becoming increasingly popular, and quite a large number of the middle class population travel by it. But during summers and monsoons the lot of the Bus passenger is sometimes really pitiable as there are no arrangements for shelter from scorching sun or pouring rain even at important stops. When they have to wait for the arrival of the Bus for some minutes, they are drenched to the heels when it is raining and are in danger of perspiring to the heels when it is not raining. Only the other day a few ladies were found waiting for the Bus at Byculla Bridge and were evidently in great discomfort due to the absence of any shelter. The B.E.S.T. Company derives a considerable revenue from Bus travellers and it is in duty bound to look after their comforts and conveniences. It will not be expecting too much from the B.E.S.T. authorities to build a few shelters at the most important Bus Stations.

PARSI AVIATORS REACH HESTON

Expected To Start Back Some Time In September

The Parsi youth, who started on June 3, from the Juhu Aerodrome on an instructional flight reached Heston according to schedule on Saturday last.
Mr. S. H Engineer, the Parsi youth in question, who is a member of the Bombay Flying Club accompanied by Mr. P. Stone, the ground Engineer of the Club, left Juhu on the morning of June 3, with a view to complete his training in advanced course in aviation.
The Honorary Secretary of the Juhu Flying Club has received the following telegram from Heston:—"Stone and Engineer landed Heston on June 13 according schedule.
Expected start back sometime in September."
Mr. Engineer, in all probability, will obtain his "B" License after his return to India. He will be joined in England by two other members of the Club, Messrs. B. B. Nicholson and C. B. Contractor, who also are out to finish their course in advanced aviation.

FILM ACTRESS LOSES CASE AGAINST J. P.

Mr. M. A. F. Coelho. Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, in the case in which Abdulakhan Gulabkhan and Isaac Solomon Macmull, J.P. were accused of assaulting Shahazadi Mirza, a film-actress, acquitted the accused.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1936

HORRIBLE

Too much noise has been made of late on behalf of vested interests of capitalism and that survival from medievalism, the zamindari system. The revelations made before the Agrarian Inquiry Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congres Committee are an eloquent commentary on the cruelties to which the zamindari system subjects the rayats, the people who toil and produce, but suffer for the benefit of those who sit at home and realise rents literally without contributing anything that may even be remotely called productive. The Bihar Agrarian Committee which is touring the province and collecting evidence is not an irresponsible body and is headed by no less a person than Rajen Babu himself. It may be trusted to collect true facts; and the facts that it has collected are not only astounding. They are terrible. They would strike any man with any degree of decency and humanity in him with a sense of horror, to say nothing of amazement, that such things happen in India in the twentieth century and despite over a hundred and fifty years of very civilised British rule.

Unfortunate Victims

From the summary wired by our correspondent of the information already gathered it is clear that the plight of the peasants is horribly revolting. They are the unfortunate victims of every kind of misery that can be imagined. They are being charged high and unjust rent by force, they have been rendered landless and homeless not for any fault of their own but thanks entirely to economic circumstances and the excessive demands of zamindars. Unutterably and intolerably worse still, is the report that in certain cases the rayats have had to sell their daughters and sisters to pay rent. One wants to ask the question whether we are living in a world of civilised progress or in that of primitive barbarism.

Scandalous

And all these horrible miseries are due to the system of landlordism under which the zamindar has every privilege and no responsibility, under which the zamindar is a feudal lord and the cultivator nothing more than a chattel. In Bihar—as in Bengal—the position is worse. As our correspondent points out, "the difficulties of the rayats have been aggravated by the fact that the Permanent Settlement obtaining in the province makes any revision of the revenues impossible with the result that the zamindars insist upon realising rents fixed to the fullest extent from the rayats." Even the champions of 'vested interests' will be obliged to admit that this state of affairs is not only scandalous, but positively monstrous. It calls for immediate, drastic and radical change. If that is not forthcoming Congress will have to reconsider—it cannot but do so—its own position "vic-a-vis" the zamindari system. If vested interests and their patrons think that they deserve protection they must justify their existence.

"G. K. C."

Over ten years ago a Central European admirer sent a letter addressed thus:—"G. K. Chesterton, the greatest writer of England." That was all. But the letter duly reached him. The incident is not an undeserved tribute to G. K. C. whose death is being mourned to-day by the whole world of letters, particularly of English Literature. For, without exaggeration, the literary world is very much poorer for the death of Gilbert Keith Chesterton, sometimes poet, sometimes philosopher but always a forceful and brilliant writer. Acknowledged the world over to be the Prince of Paradox and a literary craftsman who could wield the rapier of satire and indulge in the gentler art of poetry with equal dexterity, Chesterton's place in English literature would be difficult to fill. His "Father Brown"—who, as everyone knows, was no other than the author himself—would, however, live as one of world's immortal characters of fiction. In that burly, black-robed priest who solved the most baffling mysteries by the sheer simplicity of his reasoning Chesterton has mirrored his own self and the two shall ever remain inseparable. "Father Brown"—or shall we say Chesterton?—had the genius of walking through life, (the sombre clerical gown fluttering eerily in the breeze!), dispensing wisdom and good cheer, solving mysteries and exposing life's evil spots without appearing pedantic or incongruous. His ardent passion for Catholicism and Mediaevalism could never make him a fanatic and in a world of irreligion he stood for unalloyed Christianity—an almost solitary but a very gallant figure. His political and economic doctrines and his "Distributism" remained little more than the innocent fads of a genius but his disgust of economic exploitation and concern for the welfare of the poor were genuine. It was, above all, his never-failing sense of humour, his utter lack of the conventional prejudices of an "English gentleman" and his impatience with any kind of snobbery that made Chesterton and his "Father Brown" so lovable. In both of them one found warm geniality and large-hearted tolerance, a catholic outlook on life and that fellow-feeling which is the hallmark of the really great. While mourning the loss of one, we may yet console ourselves with the thought that the other shall never die.

A Significant Report

A very interesting report, the significance of which must not be missed, came from Cape Town the other day, in regard to the opinion of a semi-judicial South African Commission on the mandated territory of South West Africa. According to the Commission, the present form of Government has failed, but while opinion is divided as to the desirability of incorporating the territory in the Union, the Commission unanimously holds that there is no legal obstacle to it, for this is the only meaning of "government of the territory as a province of the Union of South Africa." Obviously the Union of South Africa does not propose to recognise the authority of the League of Nations and is now formally preparing the ground for annexing the Mandated territory. The League, of course, does not possess any authority. But the irony of Member-States condemning others for defying the League in one breath and altogether ignoring it, as if it did not exist, in the other breath is very ovious.

Another significant feature of the report is the statement of the Chairman that the German section in German South West Africa "has organised itself into a solid bloc under foreign guidance." So the Nazi campaign for the return to Germany of her colonies is to be started on all fronts, as it were and the demand that is to be made internationally will perhaps be re-inforced by a "putsch" from within. But the report of the South African Commission and the Chairman's remarks serve to show that the Union of South Africa is also preparing to resist the Nazi campaign.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE VICE-CHANCELLOR

To The Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay.

Sir,—We, the undersigned Fellows of the University of Bombay, write this to place on record our entire and emphatic dissociation from the expression you used in describing the students who had come to protest against the poor results of the last Matriculation examination. We do not consider that, considering the numbers and the grievance of the students, they could justly be described as a "rowdy mob." We might have hesitated to take public exception had an ordinary member made such a remark. But the Vice-Chancellor occupies a unique position; and what he says from the Chair might be taken as representing the opinion of the Senate. As members of the Senate, present at the meeting we do not wish to be construed as sharing even by implication such an unjust and insulting expression as applied to our own people; and so we address this letter utterly and publicly dissociating ourselves from that unhappy expression you permitted yourself to use from the Chair.

We would also avail ourselves of the opportunity to add that we were pained and surprised to find the police present in the House. We do not know by what authority and for what purpose the police had been called in on that occasion. In our opinion, it was utterly uncalled-for and calculated needlessly to aggravate a situation, which, in the absence of such provocation, could have been handled more quietly and sympathetically. We trust you will take note of our protest against this presence of the police.

In conclusion, will you permit us to add that it is yet time to handle this grave situation with sympathy and prevent untoward consequences, which, if they come to pass, will be universally deplored.

—Yours, etc.,

J. L. DESAI,
K. T. SHAH,
HANSA MEHTA,
SHARDA MEHTA,
JAISHRI RAIJI.

Matriculation Examination Result

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was extremely gratified to read your leading articles in the issue of the 6th and 12th instant, on the result of the last Matriculation examination, and hasten to endorse every word of them. It can be said without hesitation, that they represent the views of the general public, and the student-world will ever be grateful to you for having so ably sponsored their cause your characterization of the result, as "shocking" appears, however, to be too mild for the ruthless massacre of so many thousands of students. All these seventeen thousand failed candidates cannot, by any stretch of imagination, be considered as having appeared for the examination, for mere fancy's sake, and that they have no appreciation of the money and energy spent. Never before during the last quarter of a century has the percentage of passes gone so low as 28 as in this year. In your admirable leading articles mentioned above, bristling with facts and figures, you have so well put the students' case that to add a word more would be superfluous.

There is no doubt something wrong, as you say, about the methods of our teaching and examining. But it is the method of drawing up questions and of examining the answers that is more to blame and calls for thorough overhauling. It will be no exaggeration to say that, the examination of answer papers on the whole, is done very perfunctorily with little or no regard for the interest of the students. It is a common belief that in the majority of the students' cases, examiners form their opinion about the answers of the candidates on examining the first two or three questions in the answer books, not caring to go to the end, and the result is, that the candidates suffer, if, unfortunately, the answers are not found to satisfy the examiners. Considering the huge piles of answer books allotted to examiners to be finished within the limited time, is it possible for examiners, human beings as they are, to do proper justice to the work which involves the fate of so many students, the majority of whom are so poor that one failure means much to their parents or guardians.

This allegation may or may not have sound basis. All the same with a view to remove this notion, rightly or wrongly formed, from the minds of the general public and also for the fair name of the "Alma Mater" I would strongly urge upon the University authorities, the necessity of investigating the matter by appointing a small joint committee of a few members of the Senate, and one or two gentlemen not connected with the University with instructions to scrutinize a percentage of

(Continued on Page 8.)

The World And Its Ways

A Weekly Review Of The International Situation

By K. T. SHAH

The strike fever in France has abated; and the success of the new Ministry in coping with the problem suggests most interesting reflections as to the possibility of social reconstruction, if only the social problem is properly handled. The Blum Government in France is definitely a Socialist Ministry; and the bulk of its majority is convinced of that creed. Despite some rowdyism by the disgruntled Right on the first day of the sittings of the new Parliament,—and despite the cheap, vulgar jibe at Blum for his Jewish extraction, the programme of radical reconstruction has been prepared and adopted with lightning rapidity. A forty-hour week with stated holidays on pay; provision by way of insurance and superannuation pensions; national outlook and control in the Banque de France, if not wholesale nationalisation of that institution; change of its chief executive, and replacement of the old governor by a man who is a tried Civil Servant intimately acquainted with the conduct of High Finance in the country; nationalisation of Armament Industry,—these are some of the most important changes already adopted by the French Chamber and will soon be put into effect. There is no danger, in France, of the Upper Chamber or any other body unsettling the changes thus made; and so one may fairly conclude that the first real Socialist experiment in France has not only taken a permanent shape: but, what is much more significant, has been carried out without any of those threats of bloodshed or ruin, with which opponents of socialist reconstruction always menace the populace in every country, and for the defence of the existing order.

France And Sanctions

In foreign affairs, also, France is likely to adopt a line, which, without giving up the fundamental ideas of the national policy, or weakening the sense of preparations of national security against the chief menace to that security, will nevertheless actively promote world peace and collective security. If her ally, Britain, will not abandon her at the psychological moment, France would even maintain the "Sanctions" against the latest violater of the principle of collective security. On the other hand, so far as her own immediate frontiers are concerned she may be ready to afford every proof of her willingness to go the farthest possible to meet her neighbours claims to equality and fair treatment, if she is actively supported in that effort to avert the threat of war from the face of Europe.

Britain Backslides?

Britain, thus, once more becomes the pivot of international security and amity in Europe,—though not because of her own designing. The utterances of her statesmen of the first rank suggest as if Britain was no longer determined upon the policy which led to the promulgation of the "Sanctions" against Italy; nor, on the other hand, would she consider, in a friendly spirit, Germany's desire for a return of her colonies. One can understand, and even attenuate, Britain's viewpoint, mutually contradictory as it may be in several respects: and so it might lead to a policy of drift and fainéantism, which has been the unfortunate characteristic of British diplomacy in the last few years. Initiative may, under these circumstances, quite naturally slip from British hands to any others willing to shoulder the responsibility in these critical times. And, once again, we would not be surprised if the lead passes into French hands, which are, not only the most concerned, but seem to be the most competent in western Europe for the present.

Exit Thomas

The domestic tangle in Britain is exemplified by the retirement from public life of two Parliamentarians, whose last days were besmirched with a scandal that is happily rare in British public life. Thomas and Butt are not victimised; they are rather good examples of the pitfalls open to men in high places, where only a wholesome dread of public opinion could restrain them from perpetrating questionable acts. Government and Parliament had no alternative but to compel these members to resign,—indirectly, of course; and, while all that the Attorney-General has said about the difficulty of proving any case for prosecution against any person involved in the scandal may be true, we cannot help feeling that, perhaps, a measure of generosity and forgiveness is extended to former colleagues, which might not have, under similar conditions, been extended to others less fortunately situated. The steps proposed to be taken by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, in this particular matter, may prove effective in curing the specific evil; but, so long as the root vice of Capitalist and individualist society is not removed, these can only act as mere palliatives, more, or less, effective. The social ferment in Britain is evidenced by a number of such incidents, which may not seem to be directly connected; but which are, at bottom, all the expression of that ferment. Even the growing agitation against the Premiership of Baldwin,—which has even reached the stage when a full page cartoon could be devoted to it in the "Punch."—is an expression of this seething discontent. Whatever the fate of the Tory revolt against the leader brewing under the surface, it can imply nothing less than that the British public, or the bulk of it, is not satisfied with just marking time, or drifting, in social or international matters.

Italy And Mussolini

Italy introduces a number of changes in the personnel of her chief Ministers of State, which may have their own significance. The new Duke of Addis Ababa, may, by this means, be shunted

(Continued on Page 7.)

Frankly Speaking

MORE SINNED AGAINST.

In spite of resolute efforts on the part of the mandatory power the revolt of the Arabs continues in Palestine. It is, of course, deeply to be deplored that discontent should find expression through rioting, sabotaging and sniping. Given determination and passionate faith in a cause, non-violence is more efficacious than violence and, of course, it is infinitely more human. But when all is said and done, the fact is undeniable that the excesses have sprung from a deep-rooted discontent and an equally deep sense of wrong. The Arabs have been victims of a palpable injustice and have suffered long under it. And while it is a pity that their nerves should have been snapped under the strain of continuous and unrelieved trial, it is also a pity that those who are really responsible for the injustice from its very beginning should have refused and should still continue to refuse justice to them. The greater pity is that even the Socialists of Britain should have ignored the fundamentals of the problem and condemned the innocent. In this connection we must, we feel, congratulate the Socialist and Labour leaders of Bombay, who see and appreciate the problem in its true perspective. And we sincerely hope the meeting they have called for to-day will be a great success.

THE MOTION PICTURE SOCIETY.

We are glad to know that the Motion Picture Society of India has in an article published in the current number of its journal, realised the necessity of explaining its outlook. It is good to know, for instance, that the Society is interested in "the all-round development of the indigenous film industry." Unfortunately, the activities of the Society seem to be rather remote from this precept. Take the article we have mentioned above and which was published on our Cinema Page on Wednesday. The journal states that it is not "taking the side of the firms" of raw-film importers and manufacturers. They are, it adds, "able to take care of their own defence." And yet, in fact, almost the whole article is a badly-reasoned apologia for the raw film manufacturers. Its tone and its implications are unmistakable. We do not think it was advisable for the Society to suggest that, if the raw film manufacturers "collectively refuse to change prices, either we should pay if we want to get the raw products or stop producing films." The raw film manufacturers can be trusted to know their business as their customers, the consumers, of the films are expected to know theirs. The Society need not have gone out of its way to point the moral. It realises perfectly clearly that the film manufacturers will not allow their Indian customers to "interfere," as the journal blandly suggests, with their "international agreements." And, the Society is not "engaged," as it says, "in bringing about a revolution in prices." What other point of contact or interest can the Indian film-producer have with the suppliers of the raw material?

PLAIN TRUTH

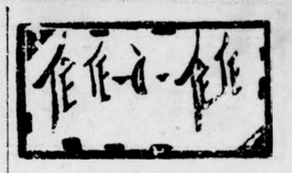
In fact, the journal itself points out that the "great" interest in Indian film industry taken by the raw film manufacturers will continue "so long as India has not and cannot have her own raw film factory or factories." This is plain truth and plainer business. And, the Society should have left the discussion to the competent parties concerned. The Society should not have "interfered" with this as it is not permitted to "interfere" with the international agreements." The interests of the "Indian film industry do not coincide, as the journal fondly believes, except in the very restricted sense implied in the bargains between a buyer and seller, and in the still more restricted sense that the buyer is not allowed and will not be allowed to "interfere" with the arrangements of the seller, who will not include him as a party to the price contracts he settles internationally.

FOND ILLUSION.

There is another little illusion, which the Society has been led to nurse. It maintains that the support from the Government of India to recommendation for enhancing import duty on exposed films is "an incontrovertible proof of the independence of the Society from every private and foreign interest." We should have expected the Society to seek its sanction, its proof and justification from public opinion, from the people. If the Society does really aspire to serve "the all-round interests" of the Indian film industry, it must avoid, in the first place the elaborate apologia for raw film importers it has made and must give up the habit of reading altruistic missions in purely business propositions. Finally, it must divert its attention more tangibly to constructive "all-round" proposals of advancement of the industry from the dominating preoccupation which is at present unquestionably offers to comparatively minor questions of tariffs and taxes.

WORK FOR VOLUNTEERS

In her concluding remarks at a public meeting held in Bombay on Saturday in furtherance of the Perfect Roll Campaign Mrs. Sarojini Naidu made a timely and necessary suggestion that the speaking part was over and it remained for everyone concerned to do a bit of solid work. Those who have been listening to the stirring speeches at such meetings should not be content with merely enrolling themselves as voters but should act as volunteers at least to the extent of enrolling their neighbours. And the Congress Committees should not be cantent with holding meetings and distributing leaflets but should send volunteers from house to house so as to enable every eligible voter to be registered. That the authorities are not giving facilities in this work is but too true but for that very reason the people should redouble their efforts in preventing voters from being deprived of their votes.



WITHOUT COMMENT

"What passes our understanding, as it must that of any reasonable person, is how the University can be blamed for what is described by the champions of the failures as the "disgraceful massacre of matriculation candidates." As for the examination papers, they were if anything easier than usual."—"Evening News."

* * * *

G. K. Chesterton, the immortal author, is dead.

His last paradox!

* * * *

"The Nawab (of Pataudi) is a very much puzzled man. He is unable to explain the repeated failures of the touring team. . .

The Nawab declared that. . . it was no use blaming him (the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram) for the failure of the team as a whole."

—Press Report.

No wonder the poor Nawab is a very much puzzled man then.

* * * *

It is most disturbing to learn that "internal hostilities are threatened in China."

But while there can be no doubt that the menace is due to the bellicosity of the Southerners, it is quite comforting to note that Chinese and Japanese have arrived together in Amoy and are quite ready to proceed to Canton in case of emergency. All that is now needed is for Chiang to close one eye, attach a telescope to it, see the emergency and—well the rest is clear, and obvious.

* * * *

PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF BRITAIN

Prime Minister on its Achievements
—Headlines.

Let's enumerate a few:—

(1) Rise (?) and fall of Ramsay MacDonal.

(2) Ditto (-) Ditto of J. H. Thomas.

(3) Fall and rise of Sir Samuel Hoare.

(4) Rise and what of Mr. Neville Chamberlain and

(5) Impending elevation of International morality to Midsummer Madness.

* * * *

Mr. Neville Chamberlain's speech in favour of raising sanctions against Italy is said to have surprised Belgium and France.

Charming naivete or ignorance of diplomacy?

* * * *

Elsewhere will be found a letter from Mr. David I. Sargon which we gladly publish for the instruction and edification of our readers. And we do urge every one of you to read it.

So far as we are concerned, speaking personally, if not on behalf of our "alter ego," we have been deeply impressed by the logic of Mr. Sargon's devastating quotation from the pen of somebody in the Daily something. And how could we not when the bulk of our "alter ego's" fulminations pretended to be a reply to the very argument which Mr. Sargon has passed on second hand to us.

We thank him.

* * * *

To tell you the truth, we almost felt like suggesting to Mr. Sargon to ponder, if possible, the elements of political Science and Philosophy. But we refrained, for the very simple reason that it is unsafe to argue with a man armed with the doctrine that "To deny Jews the right to enter (!) Palestine is to deny them the authorship of the Bible. . ."

* * * *

WOMEN REPRESENT PURCHASING POWER OF COUNTRY.
—Headline.

"And how they do it!" exclaimed our Married Colleague.

* * * *

In a statement to the press, the President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India says that the suggestion that the Captain of the Indian team should be replaced "hardly merits serious notice and can only emanate from quarters which are ignorant of the true spirit and traditions of Cricket."

Quite so. And, therefore, let us remind all such ignoramus critics that the "spirit" of cricket is champagne which was used to water the foundations of the Bombay Stadium.

The "traditions" of cricket are, of course, princely!

* * * *

The Government of India are said to be contemplating the appointment of an Economic Adviser.

May we suggest the name of Sir Shanmukham Ottawa Chetty "as a candidate for the same"?

* * * *

"Would you marry a man for his money?"

"Not exactly. But I'd want my husband to have a lovely disposition, and if he didn't have any money he'd very likely be worried and ill-natured.

Senators See No Hope Of Demands Being Conceded

BUT EXHORT STUDENTS TO FIGHT ON TILL VICTORY IS ACHIEVED

Immediately after the Senate adjourned a meeting of the students was held in the Convocation Hall on Monday afternoon.

Mr. K. T. Shah addressing the students said that the University Senate had the powers to amend the Ordinance with retrospective effect and could raise the percentage of success, by a spitable lowering of the standards.

But the students should not be under any doubt about the fact that there was a strong majority in the Senate which would turn down any such proposal. There was nothing extraordinary in their demands for another examination in July next. Throughout the history of the University, whenever the courses were changed, many examinations under the previous regulations were held, so as to give fair chance to the students to secure a pass under the courses of study. Instead, now the University offered a miserable chance of a single examination in October next.

NOTHING EXTRAORDINARY

Again, there was nothing extraordinary in the demand of the students that no fee should be charged for the next examination for the failed candidates. The University would not lose anything if it did not charge the fee for the examination. In the last Matriculation examination the University had made a profit of nearly Rs. 1,15,000 and could afford to examine the students again, without any fees. He, as an examiner, was prepared to forego his dues of examinership and he was sure there were many examiners like him, who, out of sympathy for the candidates, would not charge anything.

He had tried to change the system for the past so many years but he did not meet with success. He was speaking as an educationist who had an experience of the past 20 years. The members of the Senate must realise that they were the guardians of thousands of students whose destinies was placed in their hands.

DON'T LEAVE TILL DEMANDS ARE CONCEDED

The students must not leave the Senate Hall, until their demands were granted. If the students were true to themselves they should not retire from the Senate Hall, until they secured relief. Nothing would come out of the proposed negotiations. The students had put forward their demands and a straight answer was all that was expected of the Senate.

Mr. Shah said that he has convinced of the justice of the demands of the students and was prepared to stake his reputation, if necessary, in support of their cause.

REACTIONARIES IN POWER

Mrs. Sharda Mehta congratulated the students on their attempt to be heard by the University authorities. She and some others were supporting the cause of the students in the University Senate, but they were not heard as, it was stated, they did not have the backing of the students. The demands formulated by the students were fair and the University if it wanted to, could concede them. But she saw no signs of the University conceding their demands because of the reactionary elements dominating it. She exhorted the students to continue their fight. She herself would take a vow to stand by the students till they had won a victory and their demands were conceded. The University should be forced to concede their demands. They should not submit to any amount of harassment they may be subjected to.

HOLD ON TILL YOU WIN

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, who followed, also urged the students to hold on till their demands were met by the authorities. They should not give up the battle now.

Mr. S. A. Dange, the labour leader also addressed the gathering. He said that the demonstrations of that day had shown the remarkable awakening among the students. The students should see that all institutions were democratised.

VICE-CHANCELLOR'S ATTITUDE

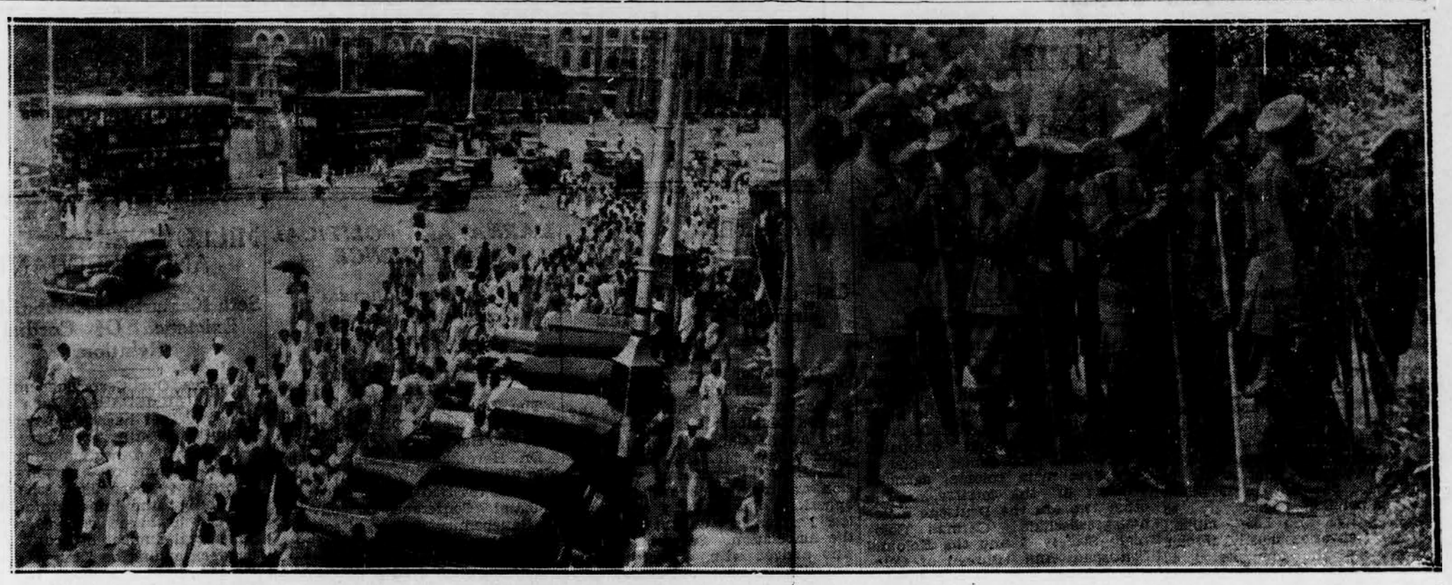
Mr. Chandravadan Mehta moved a resolution which condemned the attitude of the Vice-Chancellor and in calling the police. It also condemned his use of the words 'mob' and 'rowdy' in reference to the students.

Mr. Bukhari seconded the resolution.

Mr. Sohrab Batliwalla made a fervent appeal to the students to muster in their thousands to-day (Tuesday).

The students were asked to assemble at the University Gardens at 10 a.m. (S.T.) in their thousands. They were not to disturb or destroy even a shrub in the Gardens.

The students then dispersed.



The students' procession seen while passing Flora Fountain on its way to Senate Hall.

Posse of police with lathi were present in the University compound when the students' procession entered the Senate Hall on Monday.

STUDENTS MARCH TO SENATE HALL

(Contnued from Page 12)

trations. Mr. Batliwalla said to the marched to the Senate Hall and collecting on either side of the Hall, repeated the slogans.

Lathi Police Arrive.

At ten minutes past one, a posse of constables armed with lathis, several Sub-Inspectors headed by the Inspector of the Esplanade Police station made their appearance.

Some of the Sub-Inspectors, pushed back the crowd from the Hall.

After a few minutes however, the students again gained entry into the Hall.

Students Present Their Demands At Session

A few minutes before the University Senate commenced its session, yesterday, a huge procession of students besieged the Senate Hall on all sides and continued to demonstrate. While the Vice-Chancellor and the Registrar sat along with other members of the Senate ready to commence work, the students entered the Senate Hall and occupied a position encircling the Senate members.

The partition cloth was moved asunder and the huge mass of students came into full view of those sitting in the Senate Hall.

They continued demonstrations, voicing their protest with such slogans as "Down with the Dictator Hamill", "Down with the University" and others.

Demonstrations were continued with greater intensity. A police officer also found his way inside the Senate Hall and patrolled inside, while a number of students vacated the Hall and demonstrated outside the Hall.

CHANDAVARKAR SPEAKS.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar the Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University then rose to speak. "I only advise that the students should send a Committee of 3 or 4 people accompanied by members of the Faculty. The students who see me should be failed Matriculation students and should be accompanied by responsible Fellows of the University. I shall certainly give them a patient hearing.

"I have to carry on as Vice-Chancellor and enforce discipline. I will give you another chance." "We don't want it!"

And so the demonstration continued.

Mr. Sorab Batliwala on behalf of the students presented the demands formulated by them. A re-examination of the failed candidates for the Matriculation examination should be held in July. The percentage of success should be brought up to 44 per cent, which is the average of a number of years in the past. No preferential treatment should be given to foreign examinations. Present instructions to examiners should be revised. The University should cease to make a pile out of students' money. The fee should not exceed one rupee or two rupees for the October exam. Facilities and comforts should be given to the students while attending the Matriculation examination. The names of examiners should be published The constitution of the University should be overhauled and democratised.

PREPARED TO MEET COMMITTEE.

Meanwhile negotiations with the Vice-Chancellor proceeded. It was announced to the demonstrators that the Vice-Chancellor was prepared to meet a Committee on behalf of the Students the next morning, but the students insisted that the meeting should take place immediately and something tangible should be done.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar said that he could not allow these demonstrations to go on, and as Vice-Chancellor he had to enforce discipline.

While a state of excitement thus prevailed inside the Senate Hall, a posse of police men armed with lathis, waited on the University Grounds outside the Senate Hall.

At 2-5 p.m. The stalemate still existed, the students' demonstration thus continuing for the last 1 hour 40 minutes.

Dr. J. L. Desai tried to move for adjournment of the House, but could not do so, as the minutes of the last senate meeting were not yet read.

Senate Meeting Adjourned

The meeting of the Senate of the Bombay University, adjourned at 2-30 in the afternoon without transacting any business in view of the continued demonstrations of students. The students remained peaceful and orderly throughout the two hours of demonstration, though on account of rush and hustle the glass panes of doors and windows were broken.

G. K. Chesterton, the great journalist, poet and creator of "Father Brown", whose death is announced.

Start of the Matric students procession from the Maidan opposite Church Gate Station.

FRENCH STRIKERS JUBILANT

PARIS, June 13.

Engineering workers are evidently delighted by the decision to return to work. Strike pickets have been raised. Factories are now being evacuated.

The Renault motor workers formed a giant procession last night and sang songs celebrating the great Labour victory. Renault and Citroen workers are restarting on Monday.

A return to work continues in the provinces, for example at Rouen, where 8,000 textile workers return.

Nieuport Aeroplane Works have started a "stay-in" strike.—Reuter's Special.

BARTON THANKS SIKH GUARDS

ADIS ABABA, June 13.

On the eve of the departure of Sir Sidney and Lady Barton for England, an athletic and military drill display was given as a farewell party by the Sikh Legation Guard. Ltdy Barton presented a silver cup to Jemadar Jodhsingh for the prize-winning platoon.

Sir Sidney expressed thanks to the Sikhs for their devoted service which culminated in fine work during the Addis Ababa disorders on the departure of Negus. —Reuter.

INCREASE IN BRITISH TRADE

(SPECIAL CABLE).

British imports in May exceeded 69 millions. Exports were 36½ millions.

Both exceeded April figures by aggregate of 5½ millions.

FRENCH STRIKERS RESUME WORK

PARIS, June 15.

The promise of return to work seems to be generally observed. Except for the large stores which normally do not open early on Mondays and the absence of barges or tugs on the Seine, Paris has resumed its usual aspect.—Reu-

"MOST SATISFACTORY FEATURE"

Way To Provincial Autonomy Must Not Be Impeded, Says "Times"

LONDON, June 15.

The "Times", in a leading article on the autonomy order debate, says that the most satisfactory feature of the debate is recognition of all sides of the House that the way to provincial autonomy should not be delayed or impeded.

The work of preparation, since the Simon Commission, had been done with such care and thoroughness that Sir S. Hoare could take a justifiable pride in the fact that the financial estimates he had prepared as the Secretary of State for India had stood the test in the intervening period and also the critical examination given to this vital aspect of the subject by Sir Otto Niemeyer.

The fact is that the caution with which the original estimates had been framed were fully justified by general economic depression and given a margin for recent improvements to clear away some earlier doubts and anxieties.—Reuter.

Bad Conditions Of Foreign Trade In India

GENEVA, June 13.

Continuing discussion on the international labour office directors' report, Mr. Sodhbans, adviser to Indian employers' delegate, said that while depression in India had not assumed the same form as in industrial countries, nevertheless conditions of foreign trade still were bad, though prices were beginning to rise.

During the last few years India had been engaged in a far-reaching programme of social reform. If the new laws had not altogether followed I. L. O. conventions it was not due to illwill but to local conditions in India.—Reuter.

SHAHIDGUNJ DISPUTE GOES TO HIGH COURT

LAHORE, June 15.

That the lower court while correctly deciding that the subject matter of the suit was a properly dedicated mosque and recognising principle of Islamic Law that "Once a mosque, always mosque" had wrongly held that the Islamic Law on the points in issue was not recognised by Anglo-Mohammadan Law, is the main ground for an appeal against the decision off the District Judge in the Shahidgunj Civil Suit filed to-day by Dr. Mohdalam in the High Court.

The appeal states that the lower court erred in decding that the suit was time-barred, as also that the decision of the Sikh Gurdwara Tribunal was a bar to the present suit.—A. P.

BRITAIN AND ITALY

Eden To Explain Br. Govt. Views During Debate On Foreign Affairs

LONDON, June 15.

Mr. Eden announced in the Commons that Government was arranging shortly a Foreign Affairs debate, at which he would explain the Government's views concerning action over the Italo-Abyssinian dispute, which would be taken collectively at the meetings of the Council and Assembly of the League. He intimated that the debate would probably be held on Thursday.—Reuter.

LEAGUE MUST BE SUPPORTED

Ramsay MacDonald's Plea At International Peace Conference

LONDON, June 15.

Striking plea to support the League of Nations was made by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, addressing the International Peace Conference at Cardiff.

He declared that the world without the League would be a nightmare of uncertainty—nightmare of arms, rattling steel and creaking, moving cannon. The League embodied a sound idea and any "World Peace" must be one formed by the combination of the nations of the world.—Reuter's Special.

COALITION GOVT. FOR BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, June 13.

M. Van Zeeland has virtually constituted the Cabinet which is expected to consist of six Socialists, four Catholics, three Liberals and two non-party men.

Van Dervelde, head of the Socialists, will enter the Cabinet.—Reuter's Special.

NANKING OFFICIALS MYSTIFIED

Southerners May Resume Advance Again

NANKING, June 13.

Officials are mystified at the unexpected withdrawal of Southern Troops but believe that a way is now clear for a settlement between Kwantung and Kwangsi leaders and the Nanking Government.

Nevertheless the possibility is not discounted that the Southerners will resume their advance.—Reuter.

NEW DRASTIC PENALTIES

High Commissioner Issues Regulations

JERUSALEM: June 13.

New drastic regulations involving death penalty and life imprisonment for acts of terrorism are provided in the new regulations issued by the High Commissioner. Punishments may be applied with respect to any firing at troops, bomb-throwing and tampering with communications.

District Commissioners may impose collective fines and confiscate property where they have reasons to believe persons caused such offences to be committed or even refrained from assisting in discovering offenders.—Reuter.

HUNT CUP CALLOVER

LONDON, June 15.

Following is the Hunt Cup Callover:—

100 to 8 against OVERCOAT taken and offered.

13 to 1 against LAWCOURT offered, 14 to 1 taken.

100 to 7 against CHUCHOTEUR and ZINGARO taken and offered.

15 to 1 against HAIRAN offered 16 to 1 taken.

20 to 1 against BOETHIUS.

22 to 1 against HANSSACHS.

25 to 1 against INFLATION.

33 to 1 against FRESHFOX, GUINEAGAP, TOTAIG taken and offered.

33 to 1 against FINALIST and REVELATION offered, 40 to 1 taken.

40 to 1 against GUNBOAT and SARASON offered; 50 to 1 taken.

40 to 1 against SOLARIUM.

50 to 1 against GREEKABBOT and ROSECRAG taken and offered.—Reuter's Special.

Miss H. Stephens Breaks 100 Metres Record

(Special Cable)

ST. LOUIS, June, 15.

Miss Helen Stephens in 11-3|10 seconds has broken the 100 metres previous record of 11-8-10 seconds established by Miss Stella Walsh in 1933.

C. S. NAYUDU IN ENGLAND

Hopes He Would Be Given Chance To Play

LONDON, June 15.

C. S. Nayudu arrived at Croydon by air.

Interviewed by Reuter, Nayudu said he had come especially to meet the Team Managers. He added that the question of his playing rested with them, but expressed the hope that he would be given a chance to play.—Reuter's Special.

THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS

(Continued from Page 6)

into dignified oblivion; though, once again, he has proved himself to be such an efficient soldier that even the Fascist chiefs must overlook his critical attitude towards Facism, if it still continues. The other new Ministers may not be any better than their predecessors in office,—mere mouthpieces of Mussolini, but to them it is no reproach to be the willing agents and useful tools of their Leader. And so, if any danger to the peace of the world is to be expected from this quarter, the entire responsibility will rest on the shoulders only of one man—Mussolini.

The threat of war in China has, for the moment, been rendered nugatory. But abortive attempts at revolution were made in Spain three times; and in China the resentment against Japan,—and those who are Japan's instruments under Chinese guise, is too long-standing and too deep for any hope of the complete annihilation of that threat.

Matriculation Examination Result

(Continued from Page 6.)

answer books in different subjects examined by each and every one of the examiners and submit their report.

Lastly, considering the stiffness of some of the questions, the extreme strictness with which the answers are alleged to have been examined, that this year is the last one in which the examination is held under the old rules; the hard economic conditions of the majority of students, notwithstanding the University's announcement of the Supplimentary Examination in October next, I earnestly suggest to the University authorities to reconsider the cases of the candidates who have failed by two or three marks in one or two subjects and give them grace marks.

One word about the attitude of our general public on such an important subject as this year's Matric result involving the massacre of thousands of innocents. It was expected, that there would be a continuous agitation all round, but it is a pity, there is almost none of it. This shows we have yet to learn the significance of agitation. With the single exception of the "Bombay Chronicle," no paper, English or vernacular, has taken the trouble, beyond uttering a word here and a word there of disappointment and disapproval, to sympathise with and ventilate the grievances of the students as has been so ably, eloquently, and disinterestedly done by you. The student-world all over the Presidency cannot but be grateful to you beyond expression.

—Yours, etc.,

SACCHITANAND.

Bombay, June 15.

A LOOK ROUND THE WORLD

Armaments Firm As Barometer

WORLD INDICATIONS FROM SWEDISH SOURCE

(From A Correspondent.)

Bojors, the big armaments firm in Sweden, is a certain barometer of the world war temperature. It is one of the largest armaments factories in the world. It has a negligible home market, but it supplies its goods to about forty countries throughout the world.

The dividend of his firm was 11 per cent in 1935 as compared with 9 per cent. in 1934 7 pr cent. in 19.3, and 4 per cent. in 1932. Net profits amounted respectively to 4.01, 3.04, 1.79, and 1.05 million kronen. Deliveries, mostly abroad, totalled, over the same period, 49 million kronen, 30.1, 26.9, 25.6. On the Stockholm Bourse Bojors' shares are quoted at 228, as compared with 37 kronen in 1932.

Even more impressive is the recent startling increase in Bojors' stock of orders awaiting dispatch. The following are the total amount of orders estimated at the end of each year:—

	Million kronen.
1932	..... 19.3
1933	..... 24.5
1934	..... 27.0
1935	..... 76.4
and the present figure is	..... 81.72.

Bojors, well known for their Krupp patents and special hardening processes, have an unrivalled reputation in the making of anti-aircraft artillery. This speciality accounts for the unprecedented rush of customers from all over the world which Bojors has experienced during these last months. As a result of the overwhelming demand, the company not only had to enlarge their own plant, but announce the acquisition of the vast and super-modern Nydquist and Holm works (Trollhatten), a well-known engineering firm.

This barometer reads "stormy" for the world, "fine" for the investors in armament shares.—"New Leader" (London).

Reich's Colonial Propaganda

The New Reich Colonial Association or the Reichskolonialbund which has been given a semi-official character under the guidance of General Von Epp in order to conduct a vigorous campaign for colonial propaganda is one of the three main colonial agencies working in the country. The other two are the Deutsche Kolonialegesellschaft (German Colonial Society) and the Kolonial Politisches Amt (Bureau of Colonial Politics).

The most important of these agencies have so far been the Deutsche Kolonial-gesellschaft (D. K. G.) which carries on a highly organised propaganda by means of periodicals, pamphlets and books distributed free of charge throughout the country as also by way of holding conferences and meeting for acquainting the German public with advantages of a colonial empire. Attached to it is a Women's branch called the Frauenbund der Deutschen Kolonialgesellschaft (German Women's Colonial Society).

It was primarily under the guidance and supervision of the D.K.G. that the New Reich Colonial Association or the R.K.B. was established in 1933 under presidency of ex-governor Heinrich Schnee. The main object of the R.K.B. has been to organise semi-official propaganda for forming a federation of all the colonial organisations in Germany. This object has not however been achieved so far, due to various difficulties. The body in itself has nevertheless remained very active and issues a monthly journal for giving information to its agents on the latest colonial policy of Germany.

The programme of the two societies the D.K.G. and the R.K.B. is generally inspired by a special body formed recently by the Nazi party. This is the Kolonial Politisches Amt working under the leadership of General Ritter Von Epp one of the most outspoken of colonial propagandists.

The duties of this special bureau have been to keep close contact with the two main colonial organisations and to supervise and conduct colonial thought in Nazi Germany.

According to Mr. Evan Lewin, one of the foremost English authorities on the German colonial problems this body has in it the nucleus for a future German colonial office.

GASTRIC SUFFERER GAVE UP HOPE.

Here is the case of a man who suffered from Gastritis since the War. As Mr. D. says, he was completely fed-up with spending money on useless drugs and had given up all hope of relief. Then on the advice of a doctor he bought a bottle of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, that wonderful remedy which has brought comfort to thousands of stomach sufferers. After two or three doses he felt a better man. He calls Maclean Brand Stomach Powder a "godsend." Here is his letter :—

"I had been a sufferer from Gastric trouble since the War. I tried everything. I was fed up with getting no relief. I spent money on drugs and different medicines and had given up all hope of ever getting relief till I took a good course of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. Even after two or three doses I felt the benefit. Now, thank goodness, I feel a better man and only because I have taken your Powder when everything else had failed. If only I had known before! Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is a godsend to all sufferers."

If you suffer from stomach trouble of any sort you can get the same relief as Mr. D., but be sure to ask your chemist for the genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, bearing a red seal. The signature "ALEX C. MACLEAN" is on seal, carton and label. If you have any difficult in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Also sold in Tablet Form

C. P. REPRESENTATIVES ON A. I. C. C.

NAGPUR, June 15.

At yesterday's meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee, Messrs. Patwardhan Chiranjiwale and Bhikulal Chandak were elected new members of the A. I. C. C.

It was resolved that new elections to provincial committee should be held on June, 25.

It was further resolved to set up a Parliamentary Propaganda Committee consisting of 19 members, an Information Bureau, Kisan and Labour sub-committee and a Volunteer Corpse Committee.

A resolution condoling the death of Mr. Abbas Tyabji was also adopted.—United Press.

WHY
THE Phillips' WAY
IS THE BEST WAY TO CLEAN TEETH
The greater the amount of Milk of Magnesia in a dentrifice, the greater the protection for your teeth.
Phillips' Magnesia Tooth Paste and Phillips' Magnesia Tooth Powder both contain over 75% genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.
Thus the "Phillips' Way" not only polishes your teeth to pearly whiteness but affords positive protection as well. It destroys the harmful mouth acids that cause tooth decay...firms the gums...sweetens the breath.
Insist upon Phillips'—Paste or Powder—the powder in the handy sifter-top tin.
CONTAIN OVER 75% PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA
Phillips' MAGNESIA Tooth Powder
Phillips' MAGNESIA Tooth Paste
YOUR DENTIST WILL TELL YOU
PHILLIPS'
IS BEST

Indian News From Here And There

AWAKENING OF THIYYAS

Calicut Conference Out To Shake Political And Social Shackles

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, (By Mail.)

The Anniversary meeting of the Thiyya Malabar Association was held at the Calicut Town Hall on Sunday last, Mr. K. Krishnan (Ex-M. L. C.) presiding. Admission was by tickets owing to the opposition put up by a section of the Thiyyas of Calicut towards the Association. Several persons who arrived with tickets were denied admission, and there was a demonstration of protest at the gates. The demonstrators were dispersed by the police.

A resolution declaring that the Thiyyas were an independent community not lower or higher than any other community and that they should work for the abolition of social and political disabilities through communal representation was passed. Another resolution appointing a committee to do everything in connection with the ensuing elections was also passed.

Those persons who were refused admission to the conference, held a meeting in the Manan-chira gardens and passed a resolution protesting against the action of the authorities of the Association and declaring that the conference did not represent the Thiyyas of Malabar.

LAND MORTGAGE BANKS

A public meeting was held at the P. S. V. Hall, Calicut on Sunday last to take steps for the establishment of Land Mortgage Banks in Malabar. Mr. K. P. Raman Menon, M. L. C. presided. Mr. M. C. Udaya Varma Raja moved a resolution that primary land mortgage banks should be established in all taluks of Malabar. The resolution was passed. By another resolution the meeting requested the Government, the Refistrar of co-operative societies and the authorities of Land Mortgage Banks to do the needful immediately in this connection.

SECONDARY EDUCATION BOARD

A meeting of the newly constituted Malabar District Secondary Education Board was held on Monday at the District Educational Office for the election of its president and a member to the Text Book Committee. Miss Muliyil Danaki, a Thiyya lady, was elected president. Mr. Abdul Sathar Haji Essack Sait, M.L.A. was elected as a member of the Text Book Committee.

LATE SRI T. AMMALU AMMA.

Srimathi Taravath Ammalu Amma, Sister of the late Dr. T. M. Nair, founder of the Justice Party of Madras has passed away. Ammalu Amma was a scholar in Sanscrit, Malayalam and Tamil. She was the author of a number of Malayalam books of outstanding Merit. She was interested in all movements for the uplift of women.

She was 73 years of age.

FINED FOR CREATING NOISE

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE (By Mail)

A review of the S. P. C. A.'s activities during the month of April disclosed that in all eighty two cases of cruelty came under notice. Of these fifty-two were admitted and treated in the hospital. In addition to these cases thirty summons were issued in cases of over-loading, of which fifteen were disposed of by the Hon. Magistrate of Jubbulpore.

Creating a noise in the Court Varandah and continuing to do so though warned by the Court, Mohairir Kashiram, a Brahmin of Garha was tried summarily by Mr. M. A. Shrivastava 1st Class magistrate of Jubbulpore and fined Rs. 20 or, in default, to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

NEW WELL

In connection with Rural Uplift Programme and the grant of Rs. 30,000 received by the Jubbulpore District Council from the Local Government for the construction of new wells, Thakur L. S. Chowan V. C. of the Dist. Council visited Bichhua Village about 14 miles out of Jubbulpore which is situated in hilly country and inhabited by Gonds. One well was found in the village which was 30 feet deep and absolutely dry. Two pits were dug in the "Nala" close by, which was full of idecayed vegetation and the villagers used this water for drinking purposes. The Dist. Council has decided to build a well in this village.

KARNATAK POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Dharwar Congress Committee Appoints Provisional R. C.

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, (By Mail).

The Dharwar District Congress Committee met at Dharwar yesterday, Mr. Hukkerikar presiding.

Dr. Hardikar and Mr. Divakar also attended by special invitation.

It was resolved that a Provincial Political Conference be convened at Ranebennur and a Reception Committee of 34 members was provisionally formed. The apointment of a paid worker to organise Congress Committees in the four talukas was approved.

Another resolution requested Sirdar Patel to break his journey at one or two places in Karnatak on his way back from Bangalore.

Resolutions were also adopted requesting Mr. Hosamani to tour the district and approving that an office for the District Congress Committee should be engaged on rent at Hubli.

Dr. Hardikar and Mr. Hukkerikar left to-day on an educative propaganda tour in Bijapur District.

ENSUING CONGRESS SESSION

Appeal To Strengthen Reception Committee

(From Our Correspondent).

NASIK, (By Mail).

An appeal to the public to make the forthcoming Congress Session, which the M. P. C. C. has decided to hold in a village in the East Khandesh a success, by becoming members of the Reception Committee, or in any other way suitable to them, was made at a public meeting, held here, under the auspices of the City Congress Committee, Mr. R. H. Gadre, presiding.

Messrs. G. H. Deshpande and M. V. Janorker declared, that as far as Congressmen in Maharashtra were concerned, the question, whether the Congress should be held in a city or a village had been settled, when it was decided after a careful considerations of the 'pros and cons' of the question at the last M. P. C. C. meeting that it should be held in a village in the East Khandesh district. There was no question of its being reconsidered for at least the Maharashtra Congressmen, and the public was advised not to be misled by any reports in the press suggesting that any attempts at reconsidering the question were being made by Congressmen in Maharashtra.

Flutter Among Karachi Khojas

(From A Correspondent.)

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

Considerable excitement prevails in the local Khoja Community, due to four influential and rich members of the Agakhani Jamiat seceding to Shiah Asna Ashri Jamat. They are Messrs. Faqirmahmad Nanji Bagichawala, President of the Khoja Reformer's Society and its members Kassimali Goolamali Fadoo, guaranteed broker of the local branch of the Imperial Bank of India and his brothers. Alidinabhoy and Hoosenbhoy who has made a big donation for the benefit of poor Khojas.

In February last 126 members of Agakhani Jamait seceded at Bombay.

Progress Of Goa School

(From A Correspondent.)

GOA, (By Mail)

The annual report of the St. Philomena's Educational Institute of Cuncolim, Salsete, Goa, is very promising. Although the school was established a few years back yet the excellent progress made during the last two years shows obviously how zealously the school authorities strive without selfishness for the betterment of the school by eliminating the defects of teaching, building up the physique of students by athletics, training them in debates and inculcating the true spirit of Catholic religion.

Communal Representation In Ministry

(From Our Correspondent).

AMRITSAR, June 15.

According to a reliable forecast the Punjab Ministry under provincial autonomy will consist of six members including the Chief Minister.

Three of them will be Moslems, two Hindus and one Sikh. Of the three Moslem ministers, it is gathered, two will represent rural interests, and the two Hindu ministers, will represent rural and urban areas.

It is further surmised that the number of Parliamentary Secretaries to be appointed, will not be less than eight. Optimists calculate that the total salaries to be paid to new ministry will be much below the present scale.

MILLOWNERS AND MERCHANTS

Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai On Existence Of Cordial Relations

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 14.

The weather has cooled down a bit but it is still very sultry and it is difficult to work during the day on account of perspiration. There have been light showers of rain but the total rainfall yet recorded has been only 69 cents.

The total number of deaths in the week ending on Thursday last was 229 showing a death rate of 31.11 per thousand. Meningitis was responsible for one death measles for 2, Small-pox for 2, and consumption for 16.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai in the course of an interview with the representative of the "Associated Press" stated that the reports in the Press about the condition of local mill industry and about the stocks of goods in godowns are exaggerated. As President of the Mill Owners' Association he also declared that there has been no correspondence about the sales of goods by local mill agents in the upcountry markets between the Muskaty Cloth Market and the Mill Owners' Association. He said further that the relations between the Muskaty Cloth Market and the Mill Owners' Association are cordial and both the parties are always eager to co-operate with each other, and if there is any real grievance the Association over which he presides will consider the question and will make all possible efforts to maintain the friendly and cordial relations existing between the mill agents and the merchants. This shows that Sheth Kasturbhai as a practical businessman will make up the differences and the Muskaty Market Association also being thoroughly businesslike in its ways will maintain the friendly relations with the mill owners. The real trouble however is want of demand for goods produced here and merchants and producers will do well to make up their differences and try to find out markets for their goods.

For the present it seems likely that at least one or two mills will close down and some others at least will have to curtail their hours of work. Some mills that were working at night have given up these night shifts and have thus tried to restrict production. Ahmedabad will have hard times if the condition of our mill industry does not improve in the near future.

The death of Sjt. Abbas Tyabji was received here with great grief. Several markets and some schools and the Congress office were closed on the 10th and the National Flag was brought down to half mast. On Thursday a public meeting was held in the Congress House in Bhadra. It was presided over by Sjt. Jiwanlal Divan who described the way in which the deceased worked in Gujarat since 1919, and had twice been in jail in the non-co-operation movement. A resolution of condolence was proposed by Mr. Hariprasad Mehta and the meeting passed it standing.

"Abbas Day" In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, June 15.

The Baroda citizen's meeting, presided by Dewan Sir Krishnamachariar passed a condolence resolution over the sad demise of Sjt. Abbas Tyabjee. All courts in the city and some public institutions are closed to-day as a mark of respect. Reports from all parts of the State show that Abbas Day has been observed everywhere.

Baroda Civic Elections

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, (By Mail).

Municipal elections have begun to-day and will be completed on June 12.

Out of the 24 seats, 11 candidates have been returned unopposed.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Women Voters In Matunga

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There are hundreds of prospective voters amongst the South Indian sisters resident in Bombay, particularly in Dadar-Matunga area. Most of them are literate and will also be found to fulfil the other qualifications laid down for women voters in general.

The Perfect Roll campaign inaugurated by the B.P.C.C. has not I am afraid, so far vigorously tackled this side of the city. The time at our disposal for registration of new voters is so short that unless the Bombay branch of the All-India Women's Organization or whichever body is interested in the enlistment of women voters bestir themselves in time and do some effective propaganda in this area, hundreds of solid South Indian sisters' votes (all for pure nationalism) will have been neglected. Will this occur?

I shall be obliged if you please publish the above in your esteemed paper.—Yours, etc.,

P. A. S. KRISHNA.

Matunga.

Jews And Palestine

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Reference your editorial comments in your esteemed journal dated the 13th instant, entitled, "Brailsford and Palestine," you appear to entirely ignore the right of the Jews to enter Palestine. To deny the Jews the right to enter Palestine is to deny them the authorship of the Bible which has been written by people who have derived all their inspiration from the country and to which so many millions of people all over the world are deeply indebted. The Jews and Palestine are so closely entwined that it is not possible to separate one from the other.

Furthermore, the benefits that the Arabs have derived out of the War may be noticed from the following lines that appeared in "The Daily Sketch" from the pen of "Candidus":

"We must rid our minds of the idea that the Arabs in Palestine are a down-trodden, unnappy people. They are a backward, unprogressive people whose ignorance is being abused by a small ambitious clique of intrigues who are working for a vast new Arab Empire over what was formerly the southern half of the Turkish Empire. That would be the end of all hopes of a new and regenerated East. The Arabs have not done badly out of the War. Thanks to us they got the vast regions of Mesopotamia. They have got Transjordania, too, which is more than half the area of all Palestine. What is left for the Jews is only a share in what is a mere Naboth's vineyard, compared with the vast extent of Arab possessions. There are as many Jews as Arabs in the world, and never were they more, or so widely, oppressed than now. For millions of Jews in Central Europe, Palestine is their only hope. Has their ever been a clearer call to our sense of justice and to our capacity for rule than in Palestine to-day."—Yours, etc.,

DAVID I. SARGON,
Associate Editor.
'The Jewish Tribune.'

Bombay, June 14.

ECONOMIC ADVISER FOR INDIA GOVT.

Appointment To Be Made Earlier Than Advent Of Federation

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 15.

Apropos a Madras paper's report that Mr. A. H. Gayer of the Columbia University is likely to be appointed Economic adviser to Government of India, inquiries in informed quarters indicate that although Mr. Gayer's name been under consideration for about a fortnight now, he has not yet been approached to accept the post of Economic Adviser to the Government of India. No communication has been addressed to him.

The Government of India, however, are considering the early appointment of an Economic Adviser, although the Government of India Act contemplates the appointment on the inauguration of the Federal part of the Constitution. It is considered expedient to have the incumbent in India to enable him to get into touch with Indian problems before he would be in a position to serve as Economic Adviser to the Governor-General. It is argued here that it is no joke to be an adviser to a subcontinent. Accordingly it is considered likely that the selection may be made a year or six months earlier to the inauguration of Federation which "may come much sooner than many people expect."

Secretary To Raza Ali Goes On Leave

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 15.

It is understood that Mr. C. F. V. Williams, secretary to Sir Raza Ali, Agent to the Governor-General in South Africa, and a Madras Civilian has relinquished his appointment and proceeded on leave. He is not likely to rejoin his appointment in South Africa. The Government of India have not yet decided whom to appoint in his place.

Viceroy To Address Nutrition Committee

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, June 15.

It is understood that the Nutrition Committee of the Indian Research Fund Association will meet in Simla on Thursday next. Report has it that the Viceroy will address the meeting of Nutrition Experts and His Excellency's speech will indicate the personal interest which Lord Linlithgow has been taking, not only in cattle breeding and milk supply, but in the need for research in human nutrition.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Dr. T. A. Ellis

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works In 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.

Fields, Factories And Workshops

40-Hour Week In Indian Textile Industry

Problem For The I. L. O. Conference Now In Session

By "MAZDOOR"

The Grey-Blue Report on reduction of hours of work in the textile industry just issued by the I.L.O. is of considerable interest to the textile interests in the country, both employers and operatives.

The Draft Convention concerning the 40-hour week adopted by the 19th Session of the I. L. Conference provides that detailed regulations shall be laid down for the various classes of employment by separate Conventions. According to the report, the textile industry is eminently suited for hours being reduced through an international Convention. The labour force employed in the industry, aggregating to some 11 million workers in twenty countries, is one of the largest employed by any industry. Catering as the industry does to universal needs, it is subject to the vicissitudes of keen international competition, and the volume of international trade entailed by the sale and purchase of textiles is exceptionally heavy. Further, the industry is one of those most badly hit by the depression and this finds reflection in the heavy incidence of unemployment and short-time work obtaining in the industry. Mechanisation has advanced considerably in the textile industry, displacing human labour to a great extent. The dislocation thus caused is intensified by the fact that the proportion of female labour employed in the industry is particularly high. Lastly, as a result of the depression, which has affected the textile industry especially severely, certain countries have already introduced regulations limiting the weekly hours of work in the industry to forty.

PROBLEM FOR CONFERENCE

The 20th Session of the I. L. Conference, which opened at Geneva on June 4 will decide whether the ordinary double discussion procedure is to be followed in dealing with this subject, or whether it is to be dealt with in a single and final discussion. The Report is drawn up to suit both these contingencies. If the double discussion procedure is adopted, all that the 20th Session has to do is to consult Governments of member States on a number of specific points and, with this end in view, the Report includes a draft questionnaire dealing with the main issues involved—form and scope of the contemplated regulations, definition of hours of work, shift work, exceptions, and general measures for enforcement and supervision. To enable the I. L. Conference, if it decides to adopt immediately, after single discussion, measures for reduction of hours in the industry, the Report also includes the text of a proposed Draft Convention submitted by the I. L. Office to form the basis for discussion at the Conference.

DRAFT CONVENTION

The Draft Convention applies to persons employed in textile work or its branches, including both those engaged in distinctively textile occupations, such as carders, spinners and weavers, and those engaged in non-textile operations—from the clerks in the office to the stokers in the boiler-room. All establishments engaged in the production of any kind of thread, twine, rope, netting, felt, or any woven or knitted fabric from cotton, twine, silk, flax, hemp, jute, artificial silk, or other synthetic fibre are classed textile works. The Convention is to apply also to persons employed in textile branches of non-textile works, provided the branch in which they are employed is distinct from the rest of the work as regards staff and premises. The hours of work of persons to whom the Convention applies shall not exceed forty in a week, and "hours of work" means the time during which the persons employed are at the disposal of the employer and does not include rest periods.

EXEMPTIONS

Persons employed in undertakings in which only members of the employers' family are employed and persons holding positions of management are exempted from the application of the Convention. Competent national authority may, after consultation with organisations of employers and workers, permit time spent in cleaning machinery to the extent of one hour per week to be excluded from the reckoning of hours of work for the week. Such authority may also exempt from the 40-hour limit persons employed in preparatory and complementary work, as also persons employed in occupations which by their nature involve long periods of inaction. The usual stipulations for exceeding the limits of hours in cases of accidents, of urgent work to be done to machinery and of 'force majeure' are also included. Overtime, remunerated at the rate of one and a quarter times the normal rates, to the extent of 100 hours per worker for the year, is allowed. To facilitate enforcement, every employer is required to notify: the hours at which work begins and ends; where work is carried on by shifts, the hours at which each shift begins and ends; where a rotation system is applied, a description of the system, including a time-table for each person or group of persons; the arrangements made in cases where the average duration of the working week is calculated over a number of weeks; and rest periods in so far as these are not reckoned as part of the working hours.

INTERNATIONAL SCHEME

The idea of an international scheme for the reduction of hours of work in the textile industry has already been strongly canvassed among both employers and workers. The subject was discussed at the 15th and 16th sessions of the International Cotton Federation (1931 and 1933), and the international organisations of textile workers have made representations to the I.L.O. soliciting its powerful advocacy for bringing about reduction of hours in the industry on an international basis. The industrial depression and the growing incidence of unemployment have already induced several countries to initiate legislation limiting hours of work in the industry. The normal regulation hours of work in the textile industry in nearly all non-Asiatic countries do not exceed 48 in the week. Four of the most important textile manufacturing countries—Germany, Italy, U.S.A. and Soviet Russia—have adopted a normal 40-hour week, either throughout the industry or for the greater part of it. It is only in Asiatic countries that regulation hours of work are usually more than 48 in the week, but here again a tendency to reduce hours is observable. In Japan, the 1929 Act prohibiting night work for women, applied to the textile industry in 1931, brought about an immediate reduction in hours of work in several branches of the industry. In China, general legislation has laid down the principle of a 48-hour week, although this has not yet been applied in the textile industry.

IN INDIA.

In India, the textile industry is covered by the Indian Factories Act, 1934, fixing hours of work at 54 in the week for non-seasonal industries and 60 in the week for seasonal industries. The latter limit does not affect the textile industry, unless it is held to include the ginning and pressing of cotton before it is made up into bales which may be included in the agricultural stage of production. As regards the statutory exceptions, it is provided that each local Government may issue special regulations, specifying their scope and conditions of application. There are no collective agreements, but some works rules which merely reproduce the statutory provisions. In the jute industry, production has so outpaced consumption, that drastic reductions in hours of work have been voluntarily imposed and till April 1936 only 40-hours were worked in most jute mills.

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METAL POLISH
&
PASTE
For
ALL METALWARES
&
UTENSILS
Imparts lasting lustre
at
Minimum Cost & Labour
THE LILY CHEMICAL WORKS,
Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

REPORTED FROM

THE PEASANTS' WORLD

Punjab Kisans Muster Strong ... To Welcome Congress President And To Formulate Demands ... ... U. P. Peasants Urge Abolition Of Zamindari ... ...News From Bengal, Andhra, Bihar And Utkal ... ... Bombay "Concession"

(Issued By All India Kisan Committee)

About 100,000 peasants gathered from all parts of Punjab to give an unparalleled reception to President Jawaharlal Nehru when he came to address the Kisan Conference at Sarhali on 30th May. Never before in the history of the province were the peasants of the province assembled in such vast numbers to discuss their own problems. Sarhali, though a village with a population of 4,000 only looked like a big town 30 times its size, electrically fitted with eight loud speakers.

"Workers of the world Unite," "Inquilab Zindabad," "Hindustan Azad", "Land Revenue should be brought on the Income Tax basis"—these and similar slogans were to be seen in the mammoth procession which accompanied the Congress President to the conference, and in the vast pavilion under which the conference met at Kirti Nagar.

The conference opened with the unfurling of the International Red Flag by Babu Sohan Singh, before the Punjab Congress Socialist Camp. Munshi Ahmed Din presented a red flag embossed with scythe and hammer to Jawaharlal Nehru who accepted it saying: "These are the emblems of the workers on the International Red Flag which has been hoisted by the workers for the last 200 years in all the countries of the world under great sacrifices."

Peasants' Demands

After the Congress President gave his message to the vast assembly and left for Taran Taran, the conference adopted the following resolutions:—

(1) The first resolution demanded the cancellation of all debts (owing to Government, co-operative societies, money-lenders etc.) which were increasing every day, as it was impossible for many generations of the peasantry to pay even the interest on these debts, and as the debt legislation enacted by Government had only benefited the big Zamindars at the cost of the poor peasants.

(2) The conference protested against the heavy irrigation charges and asked Government to charge the actual cost of providing water to the cultivators.

(3) The conference appealed to the peasants and workers of India not to participate in the coming Imperialistic war.

(4) The conference reiterated the Peasants' demands—recently adopted by the Lucknow Kisan Conference—that the land revenue be assessed on the Income-Tax basis; that peasants making a net profit of less than Rs. 500 a year be exempted from all revenue charges, and that a graduated land tax levied on higher incomes.

The conference further urged the Punjab Government to include the wages of the peasants when deciding upon the amount of "Not Profits" in the next Survey Settlement which is due in October next in Amritsar Dt.

(5) The conference appealed to the Congress, the Congress Socialist Party and other anti-Imperialist forces to combine in wrecking the new reactionary constituted ministerial posts in the province.

(6) The conference asked Government not to give "Banzar" lands to big Zamindars as "Inams" but to grant them instead to poor unemployed peasant cultivators.

(7) The conference protested against the arrest of Lal Sohan and some Kisans in Hoshiarpur Dt. for refusing to do Thekri (Peasants' Village Night Duty).

(8) The conference demanded that the peasants of Kashmere, Kapurthalas, Loharu, and Malerkottee states to carry on their legal economic agitation against the reactionary "Durbar Firmans."

(9) The conference urged the Punjab Government to abolish the well tax, as the wells were dug by peasants on their own lands without any grant from Government.

(10) The conference also asked for the removal of the fodder tax which had proved harmful to the peasants.

The next important conference called the "Mazdur Kisan Conference" will be held at Cheman Kelan in Jullunder Dt. on 20th and 21st June.

Kisans Demand Abolition Of Zamindary

The U. P. Kisan conference held at Unao adopted a resolution demanding the abolition of Zamindary system without giving any compensation to the Zamindars.

Another resolution adopted by the conference urged the National Congress to adopt a programme based on the immediate grievances of the Kisans and small Zamindars with a view to intensify the struggle for independence.

Babu Purshottamdas Tandon has supplied an admirable commentary on these resolutions in the statement recently issued by him after touring round 33 villages of the Allahabad Dt. Sjt. Tandon states:—

"The whole picture is heart-rending. Everywhere it was the same monotonous tale of heavy rents, illegal demands, arrears, ejectments, debts of 'Mahajans,' sale of belongings and trees, semi-starvation, and semi-nudity beatings to compel payments of legal and illegal demands and blank outlook for the future.

He said that peasants were truly Swadeshi while the Capitalists system were anti-National. He, therefore, called for the abolition of Zamindary and Mahajan system and for the development of socialists and co-operative industry..

"At one place, I happened to mention milk as a diet for children. And I can never forget the grim laugh with which my remark was greeted! The peasants laughed at my ignorance which could think of milk as an article of food for the children. Milk was an 'Amrit' not meant for the likes of them! They would be happy if they could get enough of the coarsest grains to feed their families."

"One 'dhoti' each is a tolerable condition with a torn second for a change at the time of bathing constituted generally the wardrobe of every man and woman. In the case of poorer classes, things were still worse."

"Added to the Zamindar and officers of the administration, is the money-lender advancing money at interest ranging from 24 per cent and upwards. Even the co-operative societies have proved a curse rather than a help. An account once opened is not easily closed in spite of payments several times the original advance.

"What is the remedy for all this? Ultimately of course the transfer of all power to the people themselves. The Zamindary system is the root of the weakness of the peasants position in these provinces."

Thesil and District Conferences of Kisans have been held at Kara (Dt. Fatehpur) Mitauli (Dt. Lakmipur, and other places. The Agra District Kisan conference will be held on June 16-18 under the presidentship of Babu Sampurnand.

The President of the District Kisan Singh, Jaunpore, writes that Kallon Chamber of Khutabau was beaten so severely by the servants of the Zamindar for refusing Begar that he died of the injuries.

Sjt. Mohanlal Gautam general Secretary of the A.I.K.C. asks us to mention that Sjt. Ganga Saran Singh of Bihar and Sjt. Atul Kishan Bose of Bengal have been appointed on the Kisan committees of the respective provinces.

Daughter Sold For Rs. 20!

A Kisan woman in the Gorakhpur District is said to have informed a Congress worker that she was compelled to sell her daughter for Rs. 20 to enable her to pay the landlord's rent.

Tenant Organisation In Bengal

Naokhali District Peasant conference was held on the 3rd and 4th June. Noakhali District Peasant Samity has been organised. Resolutions against war as well as day to-day grievances. Of the peasantry have been passed. 1,200 delegates from different village committees joined the conference. 30,000 peasants attended the conference.

The following districts already possess Kisan organisation with their village committees:— (1) Naokhali (2) Jessore (3) Tipperah (4) Burdwan (5) Bankura (6) Comilla.

Prof. Ranga's Call To The Andhra Peasants

Prof. N. G. Ranga made an important pronouncement in the course of his presidential speech at Andhra Provincial Peasants' Conference held at Nidubrole on June 2nd.

"The All India Kisan Congress is well on its way to be founded and before long all this talk of peasants not being in need of their own organisation will be set at rest."

"Contrary to the expectations of most Congressmen who complacently feel that all our peasants and workers need have it the fulfilment of the Karachi charter, our peasants aim at the complete capture of power of the State, of course in alliance and partnership with the workers. To achieve it they realise that they have to obtain National independence."

Prof. Ranga then warmly commended socialism to peasants and called for the devesting of all private property which would give more than Rs. 30 per month and which exceeds the minimum of 12 acres of wet land or 20 acres of dry land.

Kisan Women Fight While Men Go To Jail

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati writes:—

In the beginning of this month kisan women offered a novel Satyagraha at Bhinduspur, Gaya in the Zamindary of Maksudpur. They hoisted flags in their respective fields which had been sold in rent decrees and began ploughing in the presence of armed police force. The force and amlas of Maksudpur could not prevent them and dared not touch even their flags. However some 15 persons including some amlas have been arrested. Arrested Kisans have gone to Gaya with their women and children and prefer to remain in lock up instead of bailing themselves out.

Another women's demonstration is reported from Sands, near Tikari (Gaya). A huge procession of Kisan women of the village paraded the locality. They contemplate offering satyagraha on the lines of Bhindaspur. They too have been rendered landless.

The Kisans of Kalpa Mahal, Tikari Raj are ploughing their fields sold in auction in a body and they prefer jail to starvation. So at last they have learnt self-help and self reliance.

Kisan Activities In Utkal

A meeting of the executive committee of the Provincial Kisan Sangh was held at Puri to suggest amendments in the Orissa Tenancy Act which has been designed to give more powers and facilities to the Zamindars. A Committee consisting of Sjt. M. G. Pattanik, Sjt Naba Chawdhary and others was appointed to collect data on the subject and suggest radical amendment in the Tenancy Laws.

Kisan conferences were recently held at Khaira (Balasara) which was attended by 100 Kisans and at Salepur (Cuttack) where about 1500 kisans assembled, inspite of rains. The last conference demanded the abolition of landlordism, the grant of land to the tiller, and a 50 per cent reduction in land rent and water rate.

The second Provincial Kisan Conference will be held in June when Swami Sahajanand will be requested to preside.

"Concessions"

After stating that "concessions" in the collection of land revenue should be given during the revenue year (1935-1936) on account of the continued slum in prices of agricultural produce," the Government has announced rebates varying from 2—4 annas the rupee in only a few talukas of the presidency. The :"concessions" are indeed a mockery of the large majority of the peasants who though hit hard by the current slump have been ruthlessly denied the barest justice. Then the concession of 2-4 annas are most inadequate to cope with the catastrophic fall in prices, often amounting to 50-75 per cent. Lastly, as the secretary of the Dohad-Jhalod Peasants' League has promptly pointed out, the tender mercies of Government are not meant to benefit the worst exploited tenants of the Inamdars, Zamindars and Talukdars. It is to be hoped that peasants and their organisations in Gujrat, Maharashtra and Karnatak will take concerted steps to compel Government to grant uniform justice to all the classes of peasants and tenants in all the talukas of the Presidency.

WEAR KHADI AND HELP VILLAGERS

Mrs. Gandhi's Appeal To Bangalore Women

BANGALORE, (By Mail.)

"The ladies in Bangalore all seem to be too fond of silk sarees. Their next preference would appear to be mill-made sarees. But I exhort them all to wear Khadi."

Mrs. Kasturbai Gandhi said this when she declared open yesterday a village school organised by the Mahila Sevak Samaj, Bangalore city.

The school is located in a village six miles from Bangalore and is housed in a building let for the purpose by M. P. Madhava Ayyangar. The Mahila Seva Samaj will conduct this school for the benefit of the children of the village.

Mrs. Gandhi was received by the officers of the Samaj and the gathering assembled in the vicinity of the school.

Mrs. Rajamma Madhava Ayyangar read the welcome address in Sanskrit.

In the course of her speech Mrs. Gandhi congratulated the Mahila Seva Samaj on its great public spirited endeavour. Continuing Mrs. Gandhi hope that in addition to providing education in the school the Samaj would also teach the village children spinning.

The ladies in Bangalore seemed to be fond of silk and mill-made sarees, but they should wear Khadi if they really wanted to help the villages.—United Press.

HOUSE WIFE of Ist RANK.

For years together, none of her family-members have ever been attacked by cold and bronchitis and such other troubles of respiratory organs which generally develop into Asthma if overlooked.

She knows that a daily dose of

Purohit's
SHWASHARI

can never leave her any cause for repentance.

This wonderful unfailing remedy not only gives relief but also cures Asthma, Bronchitis of long-standing.
Available everywhere in 9, 6 and 12 oz. bottles larger the cheaper.

BLUE PACKING
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A Sure remedy for Asthma Pulmonary, Tuberculosis, many lung diseases accompanied by paraxysms of cough and dyspepsia.

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Specially useful in Bronchial asthma with torpidity of liver and intestines.

Manufactured by:
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(1) The Oriental Medical Stores
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Princess Street.

Agents for South Africa:
The Indo-Africa Trade Agency,
Dundee.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS UP

Scattered Liquidation Absorbed By Trade Buying

GOLD BETTER BUT SILVER QUIET

Wheat Very Steady But Jute Easy

BOMBAY, June 15

On Monday cross rates again moved upward.

NEW YORK COTTON FAIRLY STEADY

New York cotton was fairly steady despite favourable weather conditions in the eastern belt. Scattered liquidation was taken up by trade.

SILVER QUIET

London gold was slightly better but silver was quiet.

WHEAT VERY STEADY

Wheat ruled very steady. Linseed was unchanged. Jute was easy.

SELLING PRESSURE IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange showed better sentiment on improved enquiry. Giltedged securities came under pressure.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, June 15

Previous closing	11.13
To-day's opening	11.14
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	11.18
Difference	+05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, June 15

Previous closing	5.94
To-day's opening	not received
Difference	—
To-day's closing	6.00
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August Rs. 216-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, June 15

Cotton continued to display considerable steadiness despite reports of favourable weather in the eastern belt on fairly good trade calling with pressure generally light. There was scattered liquidation and realising which were readily taken by trade and local buying.

Trading in October commenced at 11.14 i.e. 1 point higher than previous closing. The market was moderately active on steadier Liverpool cables and scattered trade buying coupled with some covering under the influence of which October gradually rose to 11.19 but prices thereafter became hesitant although there was no heavy pressure.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.18 with a rise of 5 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 15

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.69/11.68) 11.70/11.69
October (11.08/11.06) 11.14/11.13
December (11.02/11.00) 11.08/11.07

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 15

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American July (6.28) 6.30
American October (5.94) 5.97
Egyptian July (8.61) 8.63
Egyptian October (8.53) 8.55

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 15

Broach cotton for April May delivery very moved around Rs. 217-8 and New Broach April May around Rs. 210-8 at night. The rates at 10 p.m. respectively were Rs. 217-8 and Rs. 210-8 with New York futures about 5 points up.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, June 15

Jutes ruled steady at decline. Trading was on restricted scale. In coals equitables were a shade easier, while others more or less unchanged. Teas were neglected. Miscellaneous were featureless. Government securities easier. Following are the closing quotations.

Government securities: Three per cent loan 1951/54 103/2; three and half per cent Government paper 98/2; three and half per cent loan 194750 106/15 small lot; four per cent loan 1943 110/12; four per cent loan 1960/70 115/1 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 120/5 small lot; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 107/4 small lot; four per cent Punjab bonds 1948 110/6.

Banks: Central Bank 34/2 small lot; Imperial fully paid 1562; Reserve Bank 130/4.

Railways: Arrah Sasaram Lt Ry 71; Barasat Basirhat 56; Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 76/8; Mayurbhanj 64.

Cotton: New Victoria ordy 1/4.

Coals: Burrakur 12; Equitable 30/3; New Manbhoom 55.

Jutes: Anglo India pref 157; Barnagore 130/8; Howrah 48/2; Lawrence 382; National 21; Orient 168 small lots; Reliance 66.

Miscellaneous: Bareily Elec 13/8; Bengal Telephone ordy 20; Benares elec 15/8; Cuttack elec 8/11; Rawalpindi elec 24; Patna elec 19/4; Shahjahanpur elec 5/4; Shillong Hydro-Electric 11/4; Upper Ganges elec 12/8; Indian Iron and Steel 9/3 small lot; Steel Products 3/4; Hindustan Co-operative Insurance 91; B I Corpn ordy 3/8 small lot; B I Corpn pref 146/4; Indian Wood Products 25/6; Titaghur paper defd 11; Mysore paper 5/3 premium; Bengal Assam Steamship ordy 226/8 small lots; Port Shipping 18/8 small lots; Sugars: Cawnpore pref 160 small odd lot; Balrampore 17/12; Murree Brewery 230; New Doars Tea pref 138; Debenture: Four and half per cent 1936/86 Clive Buildings 102/8.—A. P.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

1. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 15

Previous closing	5.02 27/32
To-day's opening	mutilated 5.02 5/8
To-day's closing	5.02 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 15

Previous closing	5.02 7/8
To-day's opening	not received
To-day's closing	5.02 7/8
Difference	—.0 3/16

FRANC RATE

London, June 15

Previous closing	76.41
To-day's opening	not received.
To-day's closing	76.46
Difference	+05

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 15

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.02 7/16 but soon after eased to 5.01 1/2 on the lack of support but subsequently rallied to 5.02 13/16 on scattered buying.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 5.03 3/8.

Franc opened at 76.10 and remained practically unchanged..

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 76.46.

LONDON SILVER

London, June 15

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 7/ 8d.	19 7/8d.
Forward	19 15/16d.	19 7/8d.

The market was quietly steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 15

Gold per fine ounce (£6-18-7 1/2) £6-18-9

DISCOUNTS

London, June 15

3 months 5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent 15/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, June 15 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.76 7/8) 5.76 1/4
New York on Bombay (38.00) 37.96
Berlin on Bombay (0.94 3/8) 0.94 1/4
London on Milan (63.93) 63.87
London on Shanghai (1-2 13/32) 1-2 13/32
London Kobe (1-2 1/16) 1-2 1/16

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 15

Silver opened steady at Rs. 49/9, 49/10 and 49/11. Prices eased on scattered selling and liquidation due to disappointing foreign cables while lower London cables caused further small sales. Prices closed quiet at Rs. 49/4, 49/5 and 49/7.

Gold opened quiet at Rs. 34/5, 34/5/3 and 34/5/6. The market showed slightly easier tendency following scattered local selling influenced by easiness of foreign cables and closed quiet at Rs 34/4/3, 34/4/6 and 34/4/9.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 15

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 68 3/8 and December 67 3/4. The market displayed better activity on scattered speculative buying and covering as a result of improved outside advices.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 15

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.85 1/4. Prices showed steadier tendency on scattered local buying and covering influenced by better overseas cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, June 15

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows

METALS

Tin (£185 1/2 buyers £185 3/4 sellers. Steady) £181 buyers £181 3/4 sellers. Weak.

Lead (£15 1/8 buyers £15 1/4 sellers. Steady) £15 buyers £15 1/16 sellers. Barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£40 1/4 to £40 5/8) £40 1/8 to £40 5/8

Glasgow Iron (£79) £79

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/16) 7 3/8 paid and value

Forward (7 1/2) 7 1/2 paid and sellers

SILVER CABLES

London, June 15

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Market quiet."

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-8 1/2) 1-8 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-0 1/4) 2-0 1/4

JUTE

New Crop June and July value (£17 1/4) £16 7/8 paid and sellers

Dunlop June (£21 3/4) £21 1/4 sellers.

Lightning June (£20) £19 1/2 sellers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay June July (£12 1/8 sellers) £12 1/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta April May (£12 7/16) £12 5/8 sellers

Linseed La Plata June July (£11 1/16) £11 1/16 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal June (£14) £14 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September 1936 delivery

Bombay, June 15

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 6 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 7 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 7 0
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 7 0
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 7 0
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 7 3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 15

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 6 9
Wheat May 1937	4 10 3
Linseed September	7 7 0
Linseed May 1937	7 3 3

The market was quiet.

Substantial Gains In Stock Exchange

SELECTIVE BUYING IN LEADING INDUSTRIALS

Cotton Well Supported Despite Bearish Weather

WALL STREET FRACTIONALLY FIRMER

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, June 15

Stock Exchange: Selective buying in leading industrials caused several substantial gains. Oils were active firmer but Lobitas reacted from 41/3 to 37/6 on unchanged dividend viz. 7 1/2 per cent.

Among minings Riotintos were depressed by new strike operatives. Cotton was well supported despite bearish weather reports. Other commodities were quiet.

Wall Street was fractionally firmer. Interest centred in utilities.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 15

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £97

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday June 4, £96 7/8
Friday, June 5 £96 3/4
Monday, June 8 £96 3/4
Tuesday, June 9 £96 3/4
Wednesday, June 10 £96 3/4
Thursday, June 11, £97
Friday, June 12, £97 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 15 3-30 p.m.

After early hesitation markets developed better tendency. Industrials in general were firm but business was only moderate. Oil shares were firm with some good features. Giltedged securities however were dull and easier.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/8) £85 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107) £107

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£108 5/8) £108 5/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 3/4) £116 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 5/8) £105 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 3/4) £114 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-3) 21-1 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£4 5/8) £4 5/8

Hydro Electric (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

Musical Industries (25-9) 25-6

Princhin Johnson (47-9) 47-9

Imperial Chemical (39-0) 39-0

Imperial Chemical Ord. (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (130-4 1/2) 130-4 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£88 1/2) £88 1/4

Dunlop Rubber (34-7 1/2) 34-7 1/2

University Ordinary (33-4 1/2) 33-4 1/2

Ford Motors (30-6) 30-6

Cable Wires (£7 1/4) £7

British American Tobacco (117-6) 117-6

Camera A (£9) £9

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (157-6) 157-6

P and O S N Company Defd (21-6) 22-6

Distillers (102-9) 104-0

Bred and Dyers (7-7 1/2) 7-7 1/2

British Celanese (11-3) 11-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (51.9) 51.9

Courtaulds Ordinary (51-0) 51-6

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2

Western Limited Ordinary (25-0) 25-0

Inter Nickels (£47 1/4) £47 1/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (7-9) 8-1 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£101 1/2 Ex Div) £101 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 15 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£102) £102

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97) £97

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£115) £115

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£118 1/2) £118 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1946/53 (£109 3/4) £109 3/4

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£109 7/8) £109 7/8

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-42 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (41-6) 41-6
Empire of India Ceylon (30-6) 31-0

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-9) 26-3
Gula Kelampong (25-0) 25-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 30-3

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandy (57-6) 58-1 1/2
Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£13 1/8) £12 5/8
East Rand Proprietors (66-0) 65-0
Rand Imam (£9 3/8) £9 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/4) £15 1/4
Goddar New (£10 3/4) £11
Moddar New (£50 3/8) £50
Sub Nigel (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (42-6) 43-9
Union Corporation (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-7 1/2) 59-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (79-4 1/2) 81-3
Bur Oil (94-4 1/2) 95
Mexican Eagle (24-1 1/2) 24-9
Shell Transport (98-1 1/2) 98-9
Royal Dutch (£36 7/8) £36 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£47 3/4) £47 3/4
L M Ford (£23 1/2) £23
L N E R Def (£5 1/8) £5 1/8
Southern Dutch (£23 1/4) £23 1/4
London :Paris 5 per cent (£134 1/2) £134 1/2
London Board G Stock (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 15

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 64 1/4) dol 64 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 1/4) dol 34 1/2

U S Steel Common (dol 61 3/4) dol 62 7/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 126 7/8) unquoted.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Anglo Iranian Oil Company's British Admiral of 4232 Reg. Tons Capt. J. H. Stockman arrived from Liverpool via Batsum and Suez with Kerosene oil.

O. S. Kaisha's Japan Line S.S. Karachi Maru of 4259 Reg. Tons. Capt. Murata arrived from Karachi with general cargo.

B.I.S.N. Company's S.S. Gamaria of 3232 Reg. Tons. Capt. W. W. K. Bishop arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon, Colombo and Cochin with rice, timber and general cargo.

Lionel Edward's S.S. Rinda of 3821 Reg. Tons Capt. O. K. Gjertsen arrived from Gothenburg via. Oslo, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam,, Lisbon, Port Said, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

Killick Nixon and Company's S.S. of Hongkong of 6971 Re. Tons Capt. H. L. Walton arrived from Glasgow via Port Said with general cargo.

Killick Nixon and Company's S.S. Harpenden of 2774 Reg. Tons Capt. E. B. Mackness arrived from Durban with cargo of coal.

B.I.S.N. Company's S.S. Vita of 1955 Reg. Tons. Capt. E. H. Brady arrived from Busrah via Khoramshahr, Bushire and Karachi with passengers, specie and general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino's S.S. Hilda of 2974 Reg. Tons Capt. G. Tarabocchia arrived from Trieste via Venice, Brindisi, Port Said, Suez, Massowa, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

DEPARTURE

Anglo Iranian Oil Company's S.S. British Trader of 2314 Reg. Tons. Capt. J. W. Cartler sailed for Abadan with local cargo.

Anglo Iranian Oil Company's S.S. British Viscount of 4073 Reg. Tons, Capt. J. A. Halcrow sailed for Abadan in Water Ballast.

Anglo Iranian Oil Company's S.S. British Emperor of 2155 Reg. Tons. Capt. N. Hopper sailed for Abadan in Water Bakast.

B.I.S.N. Company's S.S. Gogra of 3126 Reg. Tons, Capt. P. Taylor sailed for Calcutta via Tuticorin with local cargo.

B.I.S.N. Company's S.S. Haresfield of 3212 Reg. Tons, Capt. G. H. Johnson sailed for Ponani with same bottom cargo.

The followng steamers entered for Loading on 15-6-36.

S.S. Tokiwa Maru (N.Y.K.) for China, Japan, Ports via Karachi.

S.S. Pasha (T.M. & Co). for Calicut, Cochin, Colombo and Rangoon.

Derailment Near Gaya

BOMBAY, June 15.

Due to the derailment of a wagon of an up goods train at about 7/30 a.m. to-day on the single line over the Phalgu Bridge near Gaya, through running of trains has been suspended.

The 8 Down Express was diverted from Gaya via the Gaya-Patna branch and thence to Asansol via the main line. Number 1 Nawadah-Gaya light train and the 45 Up Monghyr-Gaya Passenger were combined at Manpur and shuttled to Gaya. Number 2 Gaya Nawadah light train was cancelled.—A. P.

Mr. Godbole And Sangli State Assembly

SANGLI, June 15.

Mr. G. K. Godbole, Member, Sangli State Assembly, has tendered his resignation of the Assembly membership to the Assembly President.

He says in his letter of resignation: I am thoroughly convinced that I cannot fulful the trust reposed in me by the electorate unless the rules and regulations are revised. The Assembly continues its session for two days more.—A. P.

Ten Cement Companies To Join Big Combine

Agreement Explains Plan Of Merger And Gives Shares Of Each Concern

With the decision of fthe ten cement companies to join the gigantic combine under the name of the Associated Cement Companies, the possibility of the merger scheme being ushered as early as in the first week of October next, is forestalled in authoritative circles.

Cause Of Delay

It was originally designed that the scheme would come into operation this month, but it is suggested that the demise of the father of the scheme, Mr. F. E. Dinshaw, gave it a temporary set-back.

But in the meanwhile the Directors and the Management are closely scrutinising, it is learnt, the reports submitted by the informal Sub-Committees of the different shareholders whose rights are involved in the Merger Scheme.

It is, also, learnt that the Directors of the several companies have considered it desirable to send out and in some cases have already sent out, circular letters containing the main details of the scheme to the several shareholders, so that the importance of the scheme might be considered and appreciated by them prior to the holding of the General Meetings.

FOR INDUSTRY'S BENEFIT

The Directors and Agents have pointed out in the circulars that the differences of opinion on matters of detail were inevitable in framing a scheme of this magnitude, affecting as it does, so many various interests. The only way to arrive at a successful solution, they have suggested, is to adopt a broad and long-sighted outlook and to place the general interests of the industry, as a whole, above what may appear to some share-holders to be some slight disadvantage to the particular Company in which they may be interested.

8-CRORES CONCERN

The agreement which the ten companies will enter into with the combine gives the proportion of shares which the ten companies will have in the Merger Company. It also describes how the merger will be brought about. The authorised capital of the Associated Companies will be Rs. 8 crores. The concern is expected to pay a dividend of 7 to 8 per cent, (free of tax) after working for one full year.

The function of the Cement Marketing Company will be undertaken by the Combine as also the erection of the new factories in the country. The objects of the Cement Marketing Company which was formed in June, 1930, were to take over the control of the sales and distribution of all the manufacturing companies, with the exception of two companies, of which one subsequently placed its production under the same control and the other came to an agreement which is still in force by which prices were fixed and maintained by mutual consent.

THE COMPANIES.

The names of the Cement Companies which are incorporated with the Associated Cement Companies are:—

(1) The C. P. Cement Coy, Ltd, (2) Bundi Portland Cement Coy, (3) The Shahabad Coy, (4) The Katni Cement and Industrial Coy (5) The Punjab Portland Coy, (6) The Okha Cement Coy, (7) The Coimbatore Cement Coy., (8) The United Cement Company of India (9) The Gwalior Cement Coy and the (10) Indian Cement Coy.

The following are some of the important details contained in the circular letter to the Shareholders of the different Cement Companies:—

The agreement gives the shares which the various companies will have in the joint concern and the method by which the merger will be effected. The ten companies which propose to enter the combine are the C. P., the Bundi, the Shahabad, the Katni, the Punjab, the Okha, the Coimbatore, the United, the Gwalior, and the Indian cement companies.

The considerations for the transfer of the several businesses and undertakings of the cement companies to the Associated Cement Companies, Ltd., is a sum equivalent to Rs. 60 per ton of what is described as the rated capacity of each company subject to certain specific contributions which each company has to pay. The rated capacity of each company for the purposes of the agreement is taken to be the same as the rated capacity of the different companies which formed the basis of the agreement with the Cement Marketing Company of India.

The sale by each company of its undertaking at the price of Rs. 60 per ton of its rated capacity will not include its book debts or cash outstandings, securities funds and investments and stocks of cement, coal, clinker, gypsum, bags and certain other articles. Each company will retain its funds for the benefit of its own shareholders and the cement and other articles which are excluded from the undertaking will be purchased for cash from each company by the Associated Cement Companies at prices as prescribed in the agreement subject to the condition that the latter will not be bound to purchase any such stocks in excess of the average stock of the transferring company during the previous twelve months.

The agreement further provides that in addition to the sale of the undertaking and businesses, each of the companies agrees to subscribe for shares in the Associated Cement Companies of a nominal value equivalent to Rs. 10 per ton of its rated capacity. This provision is put in for the purpose of supplying funds for the purchase from the cement companies of goods and stocks which are to be purchased for cash and for providing working capital for the Associated Cement Companies.

The cement companies also agree to sell to the Associated Cement Companies their respective holdings in the Burma Cement Company at the nominal fully paid price of the shares. As the amalgamating cement companies have subscribed for shares in the Burma Cement Company rateably, the sale of the shares at the nominal fully paid price of the same, notwithstanding that the shares are now at a premium, appears to be a fair and equitable arrangement. It is felt that this substantial interest in the Burma Cement Company will be to the mutual interest of both companies in eliminating any element of competition.

The cement companies also agree to transfer the shares held by them in the Cement Marketing Company of India to the Associated Cement Company without any payment of further liability for the same, but the Shahabad Cement Company and the Coimbatore Cement Company which hold no shares in the Cement Marketing Company of India will pay in cash to the Associated Cement Companies an amount equivalent to the amount called up on the shares which they would have held had they subscribed for the same proportion of shares as the other companies have done. The number of shares in the Cement Marketing Company of India subscribed for by each of the other cement companies was proportionate to their respective rated capacities.

As each transferring company has a proportionate investment held by the Cement Marketing Company of India in the shares of the Asbestos Cement aggregating Rs. 2 lakhs, the agreement provides for the transfer of such investments to the Associated Cement Companies without payment.

The agreement further provides for the purchase of the business and undertaking of the Dewarkhand Cement Company at a price equivalent to the actual cost of the plant, buildings and equipment of the works of the Dewarkhand Cement Company, Ltd., and such price is to be satisfied by the allotment of fully paid shares in the Associated Cement Companies. The works of the Dewarkhand Cement Company are under construction and are nearing completion and all the amalgamating companies have substantial holdings in the share capital of that company. This purchase will be subject to the consent of the Dewarkhand Cement Company.

More Enrolment Centres In Girgaum

The Secretary, Girgaum D. C. C. writes:—

The Girgaum District Congress Committee has opened the following centres for the enrolment of voters for the coming Council Election:

Associated Advertisers' Press, Girgaum Road near Ambevadi Post Office.

Mr. S. V. Sovani's Shop. 239, Girgaum Road.

Bardoli Stores, Shikka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

Gandhi Seva Sena, Motor House, Hughes Road.

Residents of the 'D' Ward are requested to ascertain if their names exist on the Roll, at any of the above centres.

AMRITSAR, June 15.

A number of casualties are reported, following a fierce duststorm here last night, which raged for full two hours.

Talk Of Release Of Loan Cotton

Strong Spot Situation Maintains Market Despite Favourable Weather

HEAVY LONG LIQUIDATION

Trade Best Buyer And Shorts Covering

BOMBAY, June 15.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was weak during the early part of the day on favourable weather and heavy long liquidation but later prices recovered on bear covering and trade buying.

At the moment the market is impressed by strong spot situation and favourable weather over the entire belt is ignored. Speculators are hesitant to follow the rise and we think it will be advisable to secure profits on a portion of holdings with a view to replace on setbacks.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market declined during the early part of the day on long liquidation influenced by favourable weather but later prices improved on bear covering.

The market opened at a decline of 6 to 8 points with October 11.06 which was the lowest level for the day. There was some realising influence by favourable weather but under impressive trade buying and short covering prices improved 7 points from the opening level and October were quoted 11.13 which was the highest level for the day. There was persistent talk of release of loan cotton and speculators were hesitant. The market closed unchanged to 4 points down. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 11.30c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices improved one point at 11.89c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 5 points with October 5.93. There was profit-taking and liquidation on improved weather in the East. Demand was disappointing. There was fair trade calling and the market closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices lost 5 points at 6.77d. per lb.

Egyptian and Indian cotton futures markets were quiet with a limited turnover. Sakel closed at one point up and Upper lost 2 to 3 points.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

The continuation of last week's buying movement absorbed considerable realising on moderate setbacks and sent new crop months above the eleven cent level.

The fact that beneficial moisture in the Eastern Belt only momentarily checked the advance is regarded as reflecting the influence of the improving statistical and general business prospects together with the increasing confidence on the buying side.

Demand was attributed chiefly to trade, but business was more general than for several months.

The Bureau of Entomology reports that Bollweevil is less numerous than usual in most of the cotton Belt with the exception of Texas where there are more early weevils than for three years.

In the event of no further releases of the loan cotton by the Commodity Credit Corporation, many expect an increasing scarcity of contracts before the new crop moves. At the same time, the ease with which the market has absorbed the loan and pool cotton so far offered has favourably impressed sentiment.

CROP PROSPECTS.

"Once more we can state that nothing has happened since our last issue to cause any alteration in our expressed views, state Messrs. E. S. Schwabach and Co.

Demand is likely to prove equal to absorbing all the actual Cotton available together with the Producers' Pools holdings of 317,000 bales of July options in New York without disturbing the present July price level around 11.50 cents, but we continue to hold the view given for the past month that there is not now great scope for profitable dealing in present crop options.

We continue in our view that on the present outlook new crop options are at least worth their present price around 10.50 cents per lb. and it will need a bigger crop and less demand than we anticipate to depress values, while if the coming crop meets with any setback and the yield seems likely to be under 13,000,000 bales we may find prices seeking a much higher level.

We must watch crop news with great care. The crop is late and while nothing has yet happened to prevent a big yield per acre, conditions must be very favourable from now until picking is finished to produce any bumper yield per acre. At the moment a moderate yield seems more probable than a big yield.

Taking the harvested acreage for something like 32,500,000 acres, we find a freak yield of 200 lbs of lint Cotton per acre would produce a crop of 13,000,000 bales of 500 lbs.

We do not think there is any justification at the moment for expecting either a larger harvested acreage or that a yield of 200 lbs. per acre will be obtained.

We rather cling to the idea that a yield of 175 lbs. per acre is more likely and this would mean a yield of 11,375,000 bales of 500 lbs. which, if proving correct, suggest higher values than 10 1/2 cents for new crop in New York."

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October Highest (10-49 a.m.)	11.13—01
N. Y. October Lowest (10 a.m.)	11.06—08
Liverpool October Highest	5.94—04
Liverpool October Lowest	5.92—06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—New York cables, weather continues to improve. Believed urgent mill buying about over. Longs advise to take profits with a view of replacing at cheaper prices.

Liverpool.—Considerable profit taking well absorbed. Limited supply of actual and steadiness trade offtake impressive.

New York.—Consumption continues large. Spots strong. While outlook favourable in West and Central belts, contracts likely to be scarce until new crop begins moving. Now favour long side.

New York.—See-saw market. Favourable trade developments offsetting improved crop prospects.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from their Liverpool agents:—

Statistical position strengthening; long interest very small. Consequently, futures technically sound. Looks like working higher and would buy particularly on setbacks.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, June 15

In full-pressed bales	12-6-36.	Since 1st Sept This year.
Khandesh	10	298,693
Central India	333	264,528
Barsi and Nagar	158	165,077
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	38,804
Berar	...	396,176
Central Provinces	...	89,629
Total Oomras	501	1,192,907
Dholera	4,496	210,309
N W Provnces	...	62,010
Rajputana	739	90,344
Sind-Punjab	544	453,793
Broach	172	381,857
Coompta and Dharwar	131	74,290
Westerns Northerns	216	46,490
Cocoanada	...	45
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	14,700
Persian	...	9
American	1,891	25,390
Egyptian and African	299	201,804
Comilla, Burma and other sorts.	...	462
Total	8,929	2,754,410

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 11th June

In full-pressed bales	12-6-36.	This year.
Europe	866	457,637
Japan and Chin a	2,813	1,170,692
Coast Ports	...	35,918
Up-country by Rail	...	176,603
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	12,792
Total	3,679	1,853,642

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 15

Bengal Superfine	179/181
Bengal Fine	176/178
Bengal F G	174/175
C P 1 Fine	215/217
C P 2 Fine	211/213
Arvi Fine	211/213
Ellichpur Fine	209/211
Berar Fine	207/208
Khamgaon Fine	207/208
Mulkapur Fine	200/203
Khandesh Fine	193/198
Jalna/Sailu Fine	193/198
Burwah Sanavad	207/209
Mathia	183/188
Broach Fine	218/223
Dholkera	216/220
Punjab/American	221/226
Sindh-American	221/226
Cambodia	261/266
Compta	226/231
Westerns	206/216
Miraj	211/216
Jagadia Ankleshwar	249/252
Surat	254/256
Navsari	268/271
Kampala	341/343

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 15.

Following a small decline of one point in New York cotton futures, the local forward market opened today at 10 a.m. The trading was shifted to the new ring. There was active buying which pushed up prices. At the opening Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 208 and advanced to Rs. 209/12 at noon when trading was suspended.

The market again re-opened at 2 p.m. with Broach A/M. Quoted at Rs. 209/12 and under realising prices declined to Rs. 209/8 while Broach J/A. was quoted at Rs. 217.

The Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point as anticipated. In the local market there was some profit taking which checked any improvement in prices. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach J/A	217 4 0
Broach A/M	209 12 0
Oomra July	204 0 0
Oomra D/J	189 4 0
Bengal July	172 4 0
Bengal D/J	152 0 0

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 15.

The local silver and gold markets were quiet to-day with scattered selling which weakened prices. Montreal advices were steady and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 3/8. London advices were quiet but steady. At the moment the market looks like fluctuating but purchases of silver in narrow market seems advisable.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready gold	34 4 6
Ashad delivery	34 4 9
Shrawan delivery	34 4 6
Ready silver	49 6 0
Ashad delivery	49 6 0
Shrawan delivery	49 8 0

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, June 15.

	Re. a. p.
Java ready	13 8 0
June shipment	4 0 6
July September shipment	4 0 0
October Dec shipment	3 15 6
Kesar ready	13 5 0
Saraya ready	13 2 0
Spot Java	F.3.80

BOMBAY METAL

Bombay, June 15.

	Rs. a. p.
Yellow Metal Sheets	32 6 0
Copper Sheets	36 12 0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 13.

July	68d.
October	67 3/4d.
December	67 1/8d.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 11th June	4,655
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	2,745,461
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,261,451
Increase	484,031

OSAKA SAMPIN

Osaka, June 15.

January	197.20—30
August	197.40
September	197.00—20
October	196.70—10

OUTSTANDING TREASURY BILLS.

Dates of Maturity 1936	Amounts. (000's of rupees)
Bills maturing on or before the 31st May, 1936, but not paid upto that date	2,75
13th June	1,00,00
20th ,,	1,00,00
27th ,,	1,00,00
2nd July	1,00,00
9th ,,	1,00,00
17th ,,	1,00,00
24th ,,	2,00,00
1st August	2,00,00
8th ,, ,,	2,00,00
15th ,,	2,00,00
22nd ,,	2,00,00
Total	16,02,75

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 15

Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G				
Bengal U P ...	186	182	177	173
Punjab ...	186	182	177	173
Rajputana ...	...	...	...	...
Oomra No. 3	215	212	209	205 ...
C P No. 1	225	222	219	215 ...
C P No. 2	221	218	215	211 ...
Broach No. 2 ...	223	220	217	213
Punjab-Ame ...	234	231	228	224
Surat ...	259	256	253	249
Rajpipla ...	256	253	250	246
Navsari ...	265	262	259	255

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 15.

	cwts.
Wheat	4,960
Linseed	1,810
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	280
Poppreed	19
Groundnuts	830
Castoreed	1,455
Rice	17,900
Myrabollams	795
Cottonseed	937
Gram	736
Joowar	1,212
Barley	616
Bajree	2,203
Indian Sugar	520
	tons.
Coal	409

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 15.

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D June December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	266 5/8
Banks selling T T	264 5/8
Banks buying T T	262 1/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	573
Banks buying T T	563
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/4
Banks buying T T	77 1/2
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	56
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	55 3/4
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	86 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 1/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 3/8
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	98
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 13th instant	5.02 13/16
Japan/London 15th instant	1/2 3/32
Java/London 15th instant	7.39 1/2
Hongkong/London 15th instant	1/3 9/16
Shanghai/London 15th instant	1/2 3/8
London/Paris 13th instant	76.41
London/Belgium 13th instant	29.72
London/Switzerland 13th instant	15.56 1/2
London/Berlin 13th instant	12.47 1/2
London/Stockholm 13th instant	19.39 1/4
London/New York 13th instant	5.02 7/8
London/Amsterdam 13th instant	7.43 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold 13th instant	86-18-7 1/2
Silver London Ready 13th instant	19 7/8
Silver London Forward 13th instant	19 15/16
Silver New York Ready 13th instant.	45
London Discounts 3 mos 13th instant	15/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos 13th instant	15/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money: Call	3/4 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

Eastern:—Partly cloudy to cloudy, probably thundershowers.

Central:—Partly cloudy to unsettled.

Western:—Fair, little change in temperature.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 13.

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Electric Bond Common	21
Consolidated Gas	36
United Light and Power	7
American Tel. and Tel.	169
Western Union Telg.	83 1/4
Radio Corp.	12
New York Central	36
Baltimore and Ohio R R	18
Great North Pfd.	42
United States Steel	62 1/4
Imp. Jap. Govt. 6 1/2 p.c. 1954	97
Imp. Jap. Govt. 5 1/2 p.c. 1965	82
Kingdom of Den. 6 p.c. 1942	105
Tokyo Elec. Light 6 p.c. 1953	79
Anaconda Copper Mining XD	34 1/4
General Motor	64 1/2
Socony	12 3/4
National Dairy	24
Chase Bank	40 1/2
National City Bank	34 1/2
Amr. Celanese	24
Sun Life of Canada	490
Int. Nickel of Canada	47 1/2
North Amr. Com.	29
Canadian Pacific R. R.	12
Com. Wealth Aust. 4 1/2 p.c. 1956	101
Can. Nat. Rly. 5 p.c. 1969	118
Can. Nat. Rly. 4 1/2 p.c. 1956	116
Kingdom of Nor. 6 p.c. 1944	107

Improving market with Utilities a feature.

Total Business:—3/4 million.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 13.

Broach J/A. Op. 215 3/4; Highest 215 3/4; Lowest 215 1/2; Closing 215 1/2

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 208; Highest 208; Lowest 207 1/2; Closing 207 3/4

Oomra July Op. 203; Highest 203; Lowest 202 1/2; Closing 202 3/4

Oomra D/J. Op. 187 3/4; Highest 188; Lowest 187 3/4; Closing 188

Bengal July Op. 170; Highest 171; Lowest 170; Closing 171.

Bengal D/J. Op. 150; Highest 150; Lowest 150; Closing 150.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 4 3/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-6-36) Rs. 3 3/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May (31-8-37) Rs. 23 3/4.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 13.

July	0.85c.
September	0.86 1/8c.

Professional Unloading In Steel Shares

BOMBAY DYEING STEADY ON BETTER ENQUIRY

Cement Shares Active

BOMBAY, June 15.

The local Share Bazar opened strong to-day on reports of strikes in Belgium. There was active buying and prices were firm but under heavy professional selling prices worked downwards. Towards the close there was slight recovery in Steel Shares on Jobbers covering.

Tata Steel Dfds. X.D. were quoted at Rs. 700 but under selling pressure prices declined to Rs. 685 and ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 178 X.D. but declined to Rs. 175/8 and closed at Rs. 176.

There was improved buying in Bombay Dyeing shares. It is reported that some professional operator was securing profits on Steel shares and was buying Bombay Dyeings.

Cement shares displayed considerable activity. During the early part of the Session there was heavy profit taking but later prices recovered partially on covering and improved demand.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, June 15.

100	Ahm. Advance	276 4
500	Bombay Cotton	10 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	665 0
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	141 14
100	Central India	225 10
100	Colaba	117 8
100	Coorla	85 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	290 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-2-6
100	Finlay	115 10
100	Gokak	161 4
1000	Hindustan	1620 0
100	Indore	57 8
100	Khatau	61 4
100	Kohinoor	205 10
250	Laxmi	585 0
100	Madhavji	4 12
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	705 0
250	Modern	41 0
50	Mysore	85 10
100	New Great	110 10
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	250 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	1905 0
50	Simplex	63 2
100	Swadeshi	160 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, June 15.

Century 140 137 141

Bom. Dyeing 660 652 665 661 665

Kohinoor 203 205 203 207 205

Central India 226 223 227 225

New Great 110

Simplex 62 63/12

Swadeshi 156 155 157 153 160

Bundi 38 37/14 38 37/12 37/14

I. Cement 526 521 523 516 517 510 518 520 517

Punjab 27/2 26/4 26/10

Shahabad 497 500 498 497

Andhra 1627 1625 1627 1622 1625

Tata Hydro 176/14 177/3

Tata Power 1627 1635 1628 1630 1625 1627 1618 1620

Tram. Ord. 159/11 159/6

T. Steel Dfd. XD. 697 700 692 698 687 691 685 686/4

T. Steel Ord. XD. 177/8 176 177/12 175/8 176/8 175/4 176

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. X.D. 155 154/12 155

Bellapur 184 182 181 182/8

B. Steam 293 294

B. Burma 437 432 433 432 431

100	Swan	83 2
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1170 0
1000	Western	760 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	110 0
25-50	Central	33 12
500	Imperial	1571 4
125-100	Im. Conty.	389 6
50-100	India	130 0
100	Reserve Bank	131 4
5	Union	5-7-0

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	37 14
70	Gwalior	121 4
160	Indian	517 8
40	Katni Dfd.	2310 0
100	Katni Ord.	386 4
75	Okha	285 0
10	Punjab	26 10
100	Shahabad	497 8
70	United	142 8

INSURANCE.

15-100	Jupiter	12 14
15-75	New India	41 8
200	Oriental	4970 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 2

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	162 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1625 0
10	Ajmer	13 2
50	Bom. Tram.	150 6
100	Bombay Suburban	176 4
10	Broach	11 8
100	Karachi	245 0
100	Poona	230 0
100	Surat	191 4
100	Tata Hydro	177 3
1000	Tata Power	1617 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahm. Prantij	905 0
100	C. Province	98 0
100	Dhond Baramati	100 0
100	Gujrat	85 8
100	Mandra Bhon	99 8
100	Pachora Jamner	96 0
100	Sara Sirajgunje	99 0
500	Tapty Valley	787 8

MININGS.

10	Shivrajpur	38 12
30	Tata Steel Def. X.D.	686 4
75	Tata Steel Ord. XD	176 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Alcock	238 12
50	Belapur Sugar	182 8
250	Bombay Steam	294 6
125	Bombay Burma	431 4
50	Bombay Burma Con.	146 4
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5-7
50	Bombay Telephone	113 0
100	Indian Bleaching	108 12
100	Indian Radio Defd.	550 0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	522 8
1000	Port Canning	570 0
15	Scindia	18 15
30	Premier Construction	84 0
25	Tata Oil	19 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,453 12
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	302 8
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	86 0
5	p.c. Central India	510 0
7	p.c. Katni 1st.	133 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	153 12
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1560 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	193 2
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	155 0 XD
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	9 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	620 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 15.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 New Loan 100/3

3 per cent 1951/54 103/4

3 per cent 1941 104/8

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98/6

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 106/12

4 per cent 1943 110/12

4 per cent 1960/70 114/13

4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 119/6

5 per cent 1939/44 106/7

5 per cent 1940/43 110/11

5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 107/8

TAX-FREE

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 120/7

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 110/6

5 per cent 1955 Mysore 123

5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 108/2

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 109/4

4 per cent M Deb 1974 108/8

5 per cent M Deb 1959 118/8

6 per cent M Deb 1954 130

6 per cent K P T 1956 130

6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 104/0

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 98/9/6 and advanced to Rs. 98/10/6 but under realising prices dropped to Rs. 98/4.

PRESENT TRADE OUTLOOK

Speculators Hesitant To Follow Rise

Bombay, June 15.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern in their report issued to-day state:—

"The bull combine alternately bought July and sold April/May Broach. Sentiment continues to be optimistic following excellent trade reports and steadiness in the American markets. As we have mentioned before, however, the productive possibilities of outside growths are being ignored. According to Garside, the production of outside growths in 1935/36 was 14,763,000 bales against 13,360,000 bls. in 1934/35. Acreage for this season is estimated at about 46 3/4 million acres against a five year average of 40 1/4 million. Since 1930/33 the production in China, Brazil and India has increased from 21 to 29 lacs bales, 6 to 17 lacs bales and 46 to 57 lacs bales respectively. We do not overlook the fact that this season's crops have yet to be made but feel that with so much enthusiasm over the increased consumption of American cotton the above feature is apt to be overlooked.

Silver.—The market was quiet but steady with a small turnover. China continues to be a seller in London. Central Bank has earmarked 11,960,000 dollars for exchange of gold with silver from China.

Seeds.—Linseed was quiet but steady. Wheat eased slightly owing to local rains and large stocks in Karachi estimated at 5 1/2 lacs bags. Chicago cables state prices recovered owing to dry weather in the North-West.

Cotton.—Despite more favourable weather, prices in New York were steady with trade buying absorbing heavy realising.

The U.S.A. mill consumption for May was 531,000 bales against 577,000 bales in April 1936, and 469,000 bales in May 1935.

There is persistent talk of the C.C.C. releasing more loan cotton in view of the good trade demand. With improved crop conditions, less weevil activity and large sales of fertilisers, speculators are now hesitating to follow the advance.

The following cables are to hand from our Head-Office:—

Cotton.—"Strong spot situation maintaining market in face of favourable weather. Think advance has gone far enough for the moment."

Wheat.—"Weather market. Dry weather causing some anxiety spring wheat but offset by favourable advices winter wheat."

Copper.—"Consumption figures good. Trade demand good. Looks higher and recommend purchases in quiet markets.

Cocoa.—"We have favourable advices [illegible]"

TEMPERATURE GOES UP

Weather Becomes Hotter Owing To Absence Of Rain

BOMBAY, Monday.

Excepting for a few showers late last evening and early this morning there has not been any marked indication of monsoon having set in in Bombay in right earnest. While the atmosphere was cool on Sunday, though the sun was shining bright, it became hotter as the day advanced.

Since early morning to-day, the sky is clouded and dark clouds are moving overhead. The temperature has again jumped up stuffy atmosphere of a hot summer day is prevalent.

The maximum temperature today was 89.3 F., a degree above normal and the minimum was 76 8 F, a degree below the normal.

The following are the rainfall figures:—

Colaba, 24 hours 9 cents; since June 1 6 inches 51 cents.

Fort, 24 hours 8 cents; since June 1 5 inches 71 cents.

Byculla, 24 hours 26 cents; since June 5 inches 51 cents

Matunga 24 hours 6 cents; since June 1 4 inches 9 cents

The following are the rainfall figures for the same date last year:—

Claba 24 hours 32 cents; since June 1 2 inches and 21 cents.

Fort 24 hours 85 cents; since June 1 6 inches and 53 cents.

Byculla 24 hours 99 cents; since June 1 6 inches and 33 cents.

Matunga 24 hours 29 cents; since June 2 inches and 30 cents.

MONSOON STILL ABSENT IN BOMBAY

Bengal And Burma Get Heavy Rain

POONA, June 15.

Yesterday's depression is centred this morning between Sambalpur and Raipur. It caused strong monsoon in Orissa and East Central Provinces where locally heavy rain has fallen.

The monsoon has also been active in Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Bihar. Fairly widespread dust or thunderstorms with a few falls of rain have been reported from Kashmir, Punjab, West United Provinces. Light showers also occurred locally in West Central Provinces, North Madras Coast and the West Coast of the Peninsula.

The chief amounts of rainfall:—Kanker 7 inches; Raipur 4; Sambalpur 3; Amherst, Minbu, Yamethin, Dibrugarh and Pendra 2 each.

FORECAST:—Rainfall will decrease in Orissa and South-West Bengal, continue widespread in East Central Provinces, Upper Burma, increase in Lower Burma, Assam, Konkan, Malabar, and extend in the United Provinces, Central India and rest of the Central Provinces, North Deccan and East Gujarat. Scattered showers are also likely in and around the Punjab Hills.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain will occur in the Central Provinces and Lower Burma in the next 24 hours.—A. P.

COLABA, OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of June 15.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.046 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.3 degrees 1.0 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.8 degrees 1.4 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 75 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WNW.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED JUNE 15.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.90 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.69 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

July 148 Oct. 133 at Cross Rate 5.02 25/32

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach July/Aug. 216—Liverpool July 6.29 Rs. 58 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1937 208—Liverpool May 5.83 Rs. 47 1/4 at Exchange 1/8.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach July/Aug. 216—New York July 11.70 Rs. 48 3/4 at Cross Rate 5.02 25/32

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1937 208—New York May 11.13 Rs. 36 1/4 at Cross Rate [illegible]

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JUNE 16 1936

STUDENTS MARCH ON SENATE HALL

Mass Demonstration AGAINST "MATRIC SLAUGHTER"

Vice-Chancellor Forced To Adjourn Meeting

Following demonstrations for two hours, by about 1,000 students against the appallingly low percentage of passes in the Matriculation Examination results, the Senate of the Bombay University which was to have met on Monday afternoon, adjourned without transacting any business, till Tuesday. (today).

Peaceful Demonstration

The demonstrators who remained peaceful and orderly throughout entered the Senate Hall, and placed their demands before the members of the Senate. These included another examination in July, for the students who had failed in the recent Matriculation examination; the bringing up of the percentage of passes to 44, which is an average for a number of years in the past; free examination without any additional fees; etc.

The Vice-Chancellor suggested that a deputation of 3 or 4 persons from amongst the plucked candidates accompanied by some responsible Fellows of the University should see him and discuss the question with them.

DEMAND FOR INQUIRY

But the students had no faith in such a procedure and asked for an Enquiry Committee to be set up to go into the whole question.

As the students continued their demonstrations, a posse of constables armed with lathis waited outside in the University gardens, while police officers patrolled inside the Senate Hall. The members of the Senate themselves sat quiet and did nothing.

The demonstration of the students was a culmination of the series of vain efforts made by the heads of various schools in the moffusil, whose protests against the poor results, were not heeded by the University authorities. Similar protests by the citizens of Bombay were equally futile.

At about 12 noon the procession of students started from the maidan near the Church Gate Station and carrying placards bearing demands like "Stop the Matric Slaughter and Reduce Fees" "Democratise the University," "No Preference to Foreign Examinations", etc, the students paraded the city streets and shortly before 1 o'clock, arrived at the Senate Hall.

IN SENATE HALL

Failing to get a response to their demonstrations outside, they entered the Senate Hall where the Senate was sitting at the time and the stalemate continued till 2-30 p.m. when the House adjourned till Tuesday (to-day).

Owing to rush and confusion, a few glass panes of some of the windows of the Hall, were broken.

Immediately after the Senate adjourned, a meeting was held, where the action of the Vice-Chancellor in calling the police on the scene was condemned.

TO-DAY'S DEMONSTRATION

It was decided that the students should go to the University gardens at 10 a.m. on Tuesday (to-day) and demonstrate, until the Senate acceded to their demands.

The students Protest Committee has issued an appeal to the students that they should not enter the Senate Hall on Tuesday, as they have already presented their demands to the members of the Senate and that they should avoid conflict with the police.

1,000 PROCESSIONISTS

Shortly before noon, a bunch of students assembled near the Church Gate Station with banners "Democratise the University: No preference to foreign Exams", "Stop this Matric Slaughter and reduce the fees."

Every train after twelve brought a stream of students and when it was 12-15, the time for marching in procession, there were nearly a thousand students.

The procession, led by Mrs. Sharda Mehta, Mrs Urmilla Mehta, Dr. J. L. Desai, Mr. Sorab Batliwala, Mr. Shantilal Shah, started from the Church Gate Station and wended its way along Church Gate Street.

A police officer riding a cycle made his appearance for the first time near the traffic island at Flora Fountain, and stopped the tail end of the group and regulated traffic Mr. Y. J. Meherally and Dr. Meheshri joined the procession at this stage.

The processionists all along the route rent the air with their cries of "Stop this Slaughter", "Down with Hamill".

After passing through Flora Fountain and Hornby Road, the procession entered by the University Gardens Gate and marched to the Senate Hall. They arrived here at 12-45 p.m. the scheduled time.

Students Squat Down.

Mr. Sorab Batliwalla asked the students to squat in front of the entrance passage and then raise their slogans.

Pointing to a group of senators who were watching the demonstrations students: "These people must hear us."

Several slogans, "Foreign Exams. Boycott" "Down with Hamill" were raised.

When it was nearly time for the Senate to begin, the students

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 1)

TOLL OF CINEMA FIRE

Thirteen Women And One Child Killed In Hyderabad Tragedy

HYDERABAD (Dn), June 15.

Authoritative information indicates that only 14 persons—13 women and one child—were killed in last night's fire.

It now transpires that the cinema operator, who, earlier was reported to be among the victims escaped with minor injuries. Sir Akbar Hydari, Mr. T. J. Tasker and other members of the cabinet visited the scene of the fire at noon.

NIZAM'S SYMPATHY FOR FIRE VICTIMS

Special Officer To Inspect Cinema Houses

HYDERABAD, June 15.

H. E. H. the Nizam, through a Firman, issued this evening, expresses deep sympathy with the relatives of the victims in last night's fire and directs that these be conveyed to them. The Nizam adds "The cinema is a place for recreation but nowadays I notice that it has become a craze with the people. They should take heed from last night's tragedy and draw the moral from it for the future, namely keep such enjoyments within reasonable bounds."

INSPECTION OF CINEMAS.

The Nizam also announces his intention to appoint a separate officer for inspecting cinema houses and similar places of amusement. The officer's duty will be to visit these from time to time and advise officials concerned on improvements therein which he deems necessary.

The police have succeeded in establishing the identity of all victims in the Motimahal fire namely twelve women, one twelve-year-old boy and one infant.

Particular poignancy attaches to the fact that three of the women killed are members of the same family being mother, wife and sister of one Shankar Rao, said to be a clerk in the Forest Department.—A. P.

Rajen Babu's Condolence For Abbas Tyabji

PATNA: June 13.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has sent a message of condolence to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at Bangalore on the death of Mr. Abbas Tyabji.

He says: "Abbas Tyabji's death has removed a remarkable personality from public work. Kindly convey condolence to his family."—A.P.

GOVT. HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND, June 15.

Brigadier and Mrs. S. A. H. Hungerford and Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Haslehust lunched at Government House.—A. P.

Mahatma Gandhi, photographed while coming down the Nandi Hills at Bangalore. With Mahatmaji are: Mrs. Brijlal Nehru and Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi.

RUSSEL'S INSPECTION TOUR OF QUETTA

QUETTA, June 15.

Sir Guthrie Russel, Chief Commissioner of Railways who arrived here yesterday visits Chaman to-day returning to Boston tomorrow from where he returns to Simla via Harnai Sibi.

It is understood that the reconstruction of the Railway buildings on earthquake proof basis at Quetta and other stations forms the main item of his inspection tour and which he is discussing with the local Railway officials.—A. P.

Jamiat-ul-Ulema's Appeal For "Palestine Day"

(From Our Correspondent).

DELHI: June 13.

Mufti Mohammad Kifayatullah, President, Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind has issued the following to the Press:—

"Palestine Day" should be observed throughout India on June 19 to protest against the unjustifiable British policy against the Arabs. Monster meetings should be held to congratulate the Arabs on their stand for freedom and prayers should be offered for success of the cause of the Arabs.

Rajen Babu's Appeal For Bengal And Assam Sufferers

PATNA: June 13.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has issued an appeal to the Press for contributions for relief of suffering due to famine conditions prevailing in various parts of Bengal, accentuated by the recent floods in Assam.

Contributions may be sent to Babu Rajendra Prasad or Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha care of Sadaqat Ashram, Patna.—A. P.

GANDHIJI BACK AT WARDHA

WARDHA, June 15.

Mahatma Gandhi arrived here yesterday morning with party.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj arrived on the day previous. With Gandhiji's arrival, Seth Jamnalal's bungalow and Maganwadi are again busy.

Shrimati Rameshwari Devi Nehru and Dr. Ceresol, who was working for the Bihar relief during the last two years, have also arrived.—A. P.

STATES' PEOPLE AND POONA CONGRESS

BARODA, June 15.

The enrolment of Congress volunteers is briskly going on in all parts of Kathiawar. Verawal has enrolled 500 members, and reports from other places show that about 3000 volunteers have been enrolled in all. Though the quota is 7,000, the organisers expect to enrol 10,000 members.

Enrolment is briskly progressing in Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Junaghad, Wadhwan and other places. While the name of the Congress attracts a lot of people to it, there is an intense feeling amongst workers to represent the case of the States people before the Poona session of the Congress to urge it to take more active interest in the problems of the people of Indian States.—United Press.

ALLEGED OPPRESSION IN JHABUA

Dohad Citizens' Protest Meeting

DOHAD, June 15.

A public meeting of Dohad citizens was held under the presidency of Ramanlal Seth to protest against the Jhabua State Council Administration and the oppressive policy the Council is alleged to be adopting.

Among the speakers were Mr. Kanhaiylal Vaidya, Krishnakant Vyas and Hazarilal Jadia.

Resolutions were passed condemning the Jhabua administration.—United Press.

Three-Hour Battle With Raging Flames

Women And Children Trapped In Blazing Theatre

Hyderabad Conflagration Causes Damage Of One Lakh Of Rupees

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

HYDERABAD (Dcn.): June 15.

Enquiries made on the spot regarding the Motimahal Talkie House fire reveal that fire broke out, as already reported at 9-30 p.m. in a cabin.

At the time the fire broke out, the film entitled "College Girl" was being shown and the show was about to close when this conflagration occurred. Immediately the fire broke out, the theatre authorities telephoned to the Police and the Fire Brigade to rush to the scene, who accordingly did.

Traffic Stopped

The Police stopped all the traffic so that they could make room for the audience in the Theatre to get out. The Fire Brigade, which came on the scene, immediately on arrival, played its part. But it was after a long time that it could bring the fire under control. Police officials who were on the spot, when interviewed by me stated that there was no loss of life.

The damage is estimated at about one lakh. Special Police are still on the scene, guarding the place and the Fire Brigade is doing its duty as weather is inclement and winds are slightly blowing.

Pathetic Scenes

Pathetic scenes are being witnessed as the relatives of those who had come to see the film are making anxious enquiries as to their lives. In Sultan Bazar Police Station four children have been detained as it is not known to the Police whose children they are. Later at 1-30 thirteen dead bodies were discovered, including cash and jewellery.

How Fire Broke Out

An Associated Press message from Hyderabad states:

The conflagration raged for hours before it could be brought under control. It is feared that at least 20 persons, mostly women and children were overwhelmed by fire and burnt to death, while several others were injured in the stampede.

Unreliable figures of casualties are forthcoming. Enquiries elicited that the theatre at which Indian talkie was being shown was half full, including the balcony, which was reserved exclusively for the Zenana.

Sudden Sharp Explosion.

Shortly after nine, there was a sudden sharp explosion outside the operator's cabin immediately followed by flames which enveloped the balcony above it. Panic and confusion ensued as the entire audience rushed towards the exits for escape.

Women and children in the balcony, who found their escape was cut off by flames, which rapidly enveloped the stairs, rushed frantically in all directions, many of them leaping for life into auditorium below and escaped through the assistance of the management and others who rushed to their rescue.

Audience Trapped.

Some, however, were trapped as the balcony, which was mainly wooden, rapidly burned and collapsed, burying the victims under the debris. Hitherto no victims' bodies have been recovered. The city fire brigades are still on the scene at the time of wiring, playing the hose.

The entire auditorium of the theatre was burnt down and only charred walls are standing.

Night-Long Search For Bodies

Police men worked indefatigably nightlong searching the debris for bodies of victims. Twelve bodies have hitherto been recovered. Eleven bodies were those of women while one was that of the operator who was one of the first to be burnt fatally, as it now transpires, that the fire broke out in the operator's cabin through a film suddenly flaring up. Some thirty-thousand feet of film were involved in the fire.

The total damage is estimated at one lakh of rupees. Further details of the fire reveal that its rapid spread is mainly attributed to extensive wood-work of the balcony wherein the zenana was accommodated. The result was that rescuers from the public, police and firemen had to work under grave risk to their own lives.

Fate Of One Child

They struggled manfully in auditorium below, which was quickly vacated by that section of the audience, in rescuing safely all but one child, as they leapt from the balcony into the arms of those below. Many women, driven frantic by fear, similarly leapt for their lives and were rescued.

It seemed now as if the gigantic sheets of flames now licking the theatre, would be cheated of their victims, but unfortunately the balcony roof collapsed almost simultaneously amid heartrending screams of doomed women.

Crowd Driven To Madness

The police, who were considerably reinforced, had a very difficult task in keeping back the enormous crowds attracted to the scene, whose anguish at the thought of helpless women reported to be trapped in the almost drove them to ma... The police, however, succeed... restraining the crowd while work inside proceeded unha... ed.

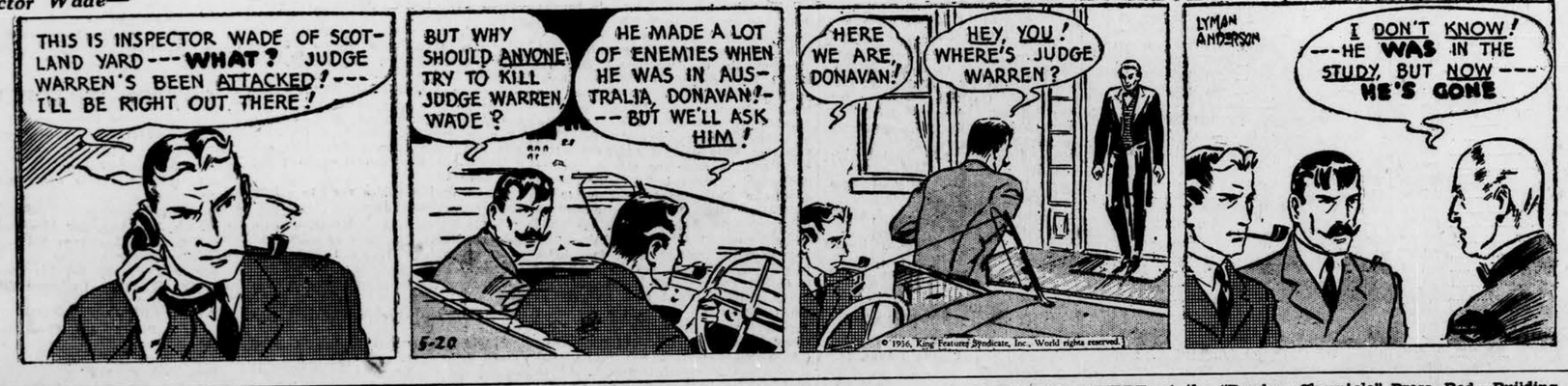
Mr. Naidu, the city Fire... and his men personally con... themselves in rescuing score... people, in the course of ... practically, all of them sus... injuries. It transpires that ... raja Sir Kishenpershad, ... Nizam's Minister, was to ha...

(Continued on Page 2 Col...

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY D AY BY DAY

A King By Night

Inspector Wade—


THIS IS INSPECTOR WADE OF SCOTLAND YARD---WHAT? JUDGE WARREN'S BEEN ATTACKED!---I'LL BE RIGHT OUT THERE!
BUT WHY SHOULD ANYONE TRY TO KILL JUDGE WARREN, WADE?
HE MADE A LOT OF ENEMIES WHEN HE WAS IN AUSTRALIA, DONAVAN!---BUT WE'LL ASK HIM!
HERE WE ARE, DONAVAN!
HEY, YOU! WHERE'S JUDGE WARREN?
LYMAN ANDERSON
I DON'T KNOW!---HE WAS IN THE STUDY, BUT NOW---HE'S GONE
5-20
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